



**Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust
Employee Health Benefit Plan**

SAPPHIRE MEDICAL PLAN

Plan Document and Summary Plan Description
Effective: January 1, 2025

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**ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PLAN: ADOPTION OF THE PLAN DOCUMENT AND
SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION**

THIS PLAN DOCUMENT AND SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION ("Plan Document"), prepared by **Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust** (the "Company" or the "Plan Sponsor") as of January 1, 2025, hereby sets forth the provisions of the Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust Employee Health Benefits Plan (the "Plan"). Any wording which may be contrary to Federal Laws or Statutes is hereby understood to meet the standards set forth in such. Also, any changes in Federal Laws or Statutes which could affect the Plan are also automatically a part of the Plan, if required.

Effective Date

The Plan Document is effective as of the date first set forth above, and each amendment is effective as of the date set forth therein, the "Effective Date".

Adoption of the Plan Document

The Plan Sponsor, as the settlor of the Plan, hereby adopts this Plan Document as the written description of the Plan. This Plan Document represents both the Plan Document and the Summary Plan Description, which is required by sections 402 and 102 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. et seq. ("ERISA"). This Plan Document amends and replaces any prior statement of the health care coverage contained in the Plan or any predecessor to the Plan.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Plan Sponsor has caused this Plan Document to be executed.

Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust

By: *Gerry Singleton*

Name: Gerry Singleton

Date: February 21, 2025

Title: Chair

INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE; GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

Introduction and Purpose

The Plan Sponsor has established the Plan for the benefit of eligible Employees and their eligible Dependents, in accordance with the terms and conditions described herein. Plan benefits are self-funded through a benefit fund or a trust established by the Plan Sponsor with contributions from Participants. Participants in the Plan may be required to contribute toward their benefits. Contributions received from Participants are used to cover Plan costs and are expended immediately.

The Plan Sponsor's purpose in establishing the Plan is to protect eligible Employees and their Dependents against certain health expenses and to help defray the financial effects arising from Injury or Illness. To accomplish this purpose, the Plan Sponsor must be mindful of the need to control and minimize health care costs through innovative and efficient plan design and cost containment provisions, and of abiding by the terms of the Plan Document, to allow the Plan Sponsor to effectively assign the resources available to help Participants in the Plan to the maximum feasible extent.

The Plan Sponsor is required under ERISA to provide to Participants a Plan Document and a Summary Plan Description; a combined Plan Document and Summary Plan Description, such as this document, is an acceptable structure for ERISA compliance. The Plan Sponsor has adopted this Plan Document as the written description of the Plan to set forth the terms and provisions of the Plan that provide for the payment or reimbursement of all or a portion of certain expenses for eligible benefits. The Plan Document is maintained by Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust and may be reviewed at any time during normal working hours by any Participant.

General Plan Information

Name of Plan: Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust Employee Health Benefit Plan

Plan Sponsor: Montana Credit Union League
101 N. Rodney St.
Helena, MT 59601
Phone: 406-442-9081
Fax: 406-442-9085
Website: www.mcun.coop

Plan Administrator: League Services Group
101 N. Rodney St.
Helena, MT 59601
Phone: 406-442-9081
Fax: 406-442-9085
Website: www.mcun.coop

Named Fiduciary: Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust
101 N. Rodney St.
Helena, MT 59601
Phone: 406-442-9081
Fax: 406-442-9085
Website: www.mcun.coop

Plan Sponsor ID No. (EIN): 37-6420195

Source of Funding: Self-Funded

Plan Status: Non-Grandfathered

Applicable Law: ERISA
(This Plan is a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement and may be subject to certain Montana State insurance laws and regulations.)

Plan Year: January 1 through December 31

Plan Number: 501

Plan Type: Medical
Prescription Drug

Third Party Administrator: Boon-Chapman Benefit Administrators, Inc.
P.O. Box 9201
Austin, TX 78766
Phone: 800-252-9653
Fax: 512-459-1592
Website: www.boonchapman.com

Prescription Drug Plan Administrator: SmithRx
1331 W Powell Way, 4th Floor
Lehi, UT 84043
Website: www.smithrx.com

Utilization Review Manager: Prime Dx
PO Box 9201
Austin, TX 78766
Phone: 855-266-2093
Fax: 866-502-0297

Agent for Service of Process: Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust
Mara Rayner or Gerry Singleton
101 N. Rodney
Helena, MT 59601
Phone: 406-442-9081
Fax: 406-442-9085
Website: www.mcun.coop

The Plan shall take effect for each Participating Employer on the Effective Date, unless a different date is set forth in the applicable subscription agreement.

Non-English Language Notice

This Plan Document contains a summary in English of a Participant's plan rights and benefits under the Plan. If a Participant has difficulty understanding any part of this Plan Document, he or she may contact the Plan Administrator at the contact information above.

Legal Entity; Service of Process

The Plan is a legal entity. Legal notice may be filed with, and legal process served upon, the Plan Administrator.

Not a Contract

This Plan Document and any amendments constitute the terms and provisions of coverage under this Plan. The Plan Document is not to be construed as a contract of any type between the Company and any Participant or to be consideration for, or an inducement or condition of, the employment of any Employee. Nothing in this Plan Document shall be deemed to give any Employee the right to be retained in the service of the Company or to interfere with the right of the Company to discharge any Employee at any time;

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provided, however, that the foregoing shall not be deemed to modify the provisions of any collective bargaining agreements which may be entered into by the Company with the bargaining representatives of any Employees.

Non-Discrimination

No eligibility rules or variations in contribution amounts will be imposed based on an eligible Employee's and his or her Dependent's/Dependents' health status, medical condition, claims experience, receipt of health care, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, disability, or any other health status related factor. Coverage under this Plan is provided regardless of an eligible Employee's and his or her Dependent's/Dependents' race, color, national origin, disability, age, sex, gender identity or sexual orientation. Variations in the administration, processes or benefits of this Plan that are based on clinically indicated reasonable medical management practices, or are part of permitted wellness incentives, disincentives and/or other programs do not constitute discrimination.

Applicable Law

This is a self-funded benefit plan coming within the purview of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA") as well as applicable State law. The Plan is funded with Employee and/or Employer contributions. As such, when applicable, Federal law and jurisdiction preempt State law and jurisdiction.

Discretionary Authority

The Plan Administrator shall have sole, full and final discretionary authority to interpret all Plan provisions, including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies and/or omissions in the Plan and related documents; to make determinations in regards to issues relating to eligibility for benefits; to decide disputes that may arise relative to a Participant's rights; and to determine all questions of fact and law arising under the Plan.

Certain Federal laws apply to most group health programs. The following is an overview of the laws and their impact. Should there be any conflict between the law and Plan provisions, the law will prevail.

Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978. Most Employers must provide coverage for Pregnancy expenses in the same manner as coverage is provided for any other Illness. This requirement applies to Pregnancy expenses of an Employee or a covered Dependent Spouse of an Employee.

Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 ("OBRA"). OBRA 1993 requires that an eligible Dependent Child of an Employee will include a child who is adopted by the Employee or placed with him or her for adoption prior to age 18 and a Child for whom the Employee or covered Dependent Spouse is required to provide coverage due to a Medical Child Support Order (MCSO) which is determined by the Plan Sponsor to be a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO). A QMCSO will also include a judgment, decree or order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or through an administrative process established under State law and having the force and effect of law under State law and which satisfies the QMCSO requirements of ERISA (section 609(a)). Plan Participants may obtain a copy of the QMCSO procedures from the Plan Sponsor or Plan Administrator without charge.

Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act of 1996. The Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act of 1996 establishes restrictions on the extent to which group health plans and health insurance issuers may limit the length of stay for mothers and newborn children following delivery, as follows: All applicable benefit provisions still apply, including existing Deductibles, Copayments and/or Coinsurance.

Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 ("MHPAEA"). The Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act requires that, if a group health plan provides coverage for mental health conditions or for Substance Use Disorders, benefits for such conditions must be provided in the same manner as benefits for any Illness. Also, the Plan may not have separate cost-sharing arrangements that apply only to mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits.

The Civilian Reservist Emergency Workforce Act of 2021 (CREW). Beginning September 29, 2022, the CREW Act provides eligible Employees, who are called to service by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to respond to and perform services responding to natural disasters and emergencies, rights under the Uniformed Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA). *See the Employee's on Military Leave provision in the Termination of Coverage subsection of the Eligibility, Funding, Effective Date and Termination section for additional information regarding benefits and coverage during such leave.*

DEFINITIONS

The following words and phrases shall have the following meanings when used in the Plan Document. Some of the terms used in this document begin with a capital letter, even though the term normally would not be capitalized. These terms have special meaning under the Plan. Most terms will be listed in this Definitions section, but some terms are defined within the provision the term is used. Becoming familiar with the terms defined in the Definitions section will help to better understand the provisions of this Plan.

The following definitions are not an indication that charges for particular care, supplies or services are eligible for payment under the Plan. Please refer to the appropriate sections of the Plan Document for that information.

“Accident”

“Accident” shall mean an event which takes place without one’s foresight or expectation, or a deliberate act that results in unforeseen consequences.

“Accidental Bodily Injury” or “Accidental Injury”

“Accidental Bodily Injury” or “Accidental Injury” shall mean an Injury sustained as the result of an Accident, due to an outside traumatic event, or due to exposure to the elements.

“Actively at Work” or “Active Employment”

An Employee is “Actively at Work” or in “Active Employment” on any day the Employee performs in the customary manner all of the regular duties of employment. An Employee will be deemed Actively at Work on each day of a regular paid vacation or on a regular non-working day, provided the covered Employee was Actively at Work on the last preceding regular workday or pursuant to the Plan’s Leave of Absence provisions (including any State-mandated leave). An Employee will not be considered under any circumstances Actively at Work if he or she has effectively terminated employment.

“ADA”

“ADA” shall mean the American Dental Association.

“Adverse Benefit Determination”

“Adverse Benefit Determination” shall mean any of the following:

1. A denial in benefits.
2. A reduction in benefits.
3. A rescission of coverage, even if the rescission does not impact a current claim for benefits.
4. A termination of benefits.
5. A failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit, including any such denial, reduction, termination, or failure to provide or make payment that is based on a determination of a Claimant’s eligibility to participate in the Plan.
6. A denial, reduction, or termination of, or a failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for, a benefit resulting from the application of any utilization review.
7. A failure to cover an item or service for which benefits are otherwise provided because it is determined to be Experimental or Investigational or not Medically Necessary or appropriate.

“Affordable Care Act (ACA)”

The “Affordable Care Act (ACA)” means the health care reform law enacted in March 2010. The law was enacted in two parts: the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act was signed into law on March 23, 2010 and was amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act on March 30, 2010. The name “Affordable Care Act” is commonly used to refer to the final, amended version of the law. In this document, the Plan uses the name Affordable Care Act (ACA) to refer to the health care reform law.

“AHA”

“AHA” shall mean the American Hospital Association.

“Alternate Recipient”

“Alternate Recipient” shall mean any Child of a Participant who is recognized under a Medical Child Support Order as having a right to enrollment under this Plan as the Participant’s eligible Dependent. For purposes of the benefits provided under this Plan, an Alternate Recipient shall be treated as an eligible Dependent, but for purposes of the reporting and disclosure requirements under ERISA, an Alternate Recipient shall have the same status as a Participant.

“AMA”

“AMA” shall mean the American Medical Association.

“Ambulatory Surgical Center”

“Ambulatory Surgical Center” shall mean any permanent public or private State licensed and approved (whenever required by law) establishment that operates exclusively for the purpose of providing Surgical Procedures to patients not requiring hospitalization with an organized medical staff of Physicians, with continuous Physician and nursing care by Registered Nurses (R.N.s). The patient is admitted to and discharged from the facility within the same working day as the facility does not provide service or other accommodations for patients to stay overnight.

“Approved Clinical Trial”

“Approved Clinical Trial” means a phase I, II, III or IV trial that is Federally funded by specified Agencies (National Institutes of Health (NIH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDCP), Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Defense (DOD) or Veterans Affairs (VA), or a non-governmental entity identified by NIH guidelines) or is conducted under an Investigational new drug application reviewed by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) (if such application is required).

The Affordable Care Act requires that if a “qualified individual” is in an “Approved Clinical Trial,” the Plan cannot deny coverage for related services (“routine patient costs”).

A “qualified individual” is someone who is eligible to participate in an “Approved Clinical Trial” and either the individual’s doctor has concluded that participation is appropriate or the Participant provides medical and scientific information establishing that their participation is appropriate.

“Routine patient costs” include all items and services consistent with the coverage provided in the plan that is typically covered for a qualified individual who is not enrolled in a clinical trial. Routine patient costs do not include 1) the Investigational item, device or service itself; 2) items and services that are provided solely to satisfy data collection and analysis needs and that are not used in the direct clinical management of the patient; and 3) a service that is clearly inconsistent with the widely accepted and established standards of care for a particular Diagnosis. Plans are not required to provide benefits for routine patient care services provided outside of the Plan’s Network area unless Out-of-Network benefits are otherwise provided under the Plan.

“Calendar Year”

“Calendar Year” shall mean the 12 month period from January 1 through December 31 of each year.

“Cardiac Care Unit”

“Cardiac Care Unit” shall mean a separate, clearly designated service area which is maintained within a Hospital and which meets all the following requirements:

1. It is solely for the care and treatment of critically ill patients who require special medical attention.
2. It provides within such area special nursing care and observation of a continuous and constant nature not available in the regular rooms and wards of the Hospital.
3. It provides a concentration of special lifesaving equipment immediately available at all times for the treatment of patients confined within such area.
4. It contains at least two beds for the accommodation of critically ill patients.

5. It provides at least one professional Registered Nurse, in continuous and constant attendance of the patient confined in such area on a 24 hour a day basis.

“CDC”

“CDC” shall mean Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

“Center(s) of Excellence”

“Center(s) of Excellence” (also referred to as “Institutes of Excellence” and “Institutes of Quality”) shall mean medical care facilities that have met stringent criteria for quality care in the specialized procedures of organ transplantation. These centers have the greatest experience in performing transplant procedures and the best survival rates. The Plan Administrator shall determine what Network Centers of Excellence are to be used.

Any Participant in need of an organ transplant may contact the Third Party Administrator to initiate the pre-certification process resulting in a referral to a Center of Excellence. The Third Party Administrator acts as the primary liaison with the Center of Excellence, patient and attending Physician for all transplant admissions taking place at a Center of Excellence.

If a Participant chooses not to use a Center of Excellence, the payment for services will be limited to what would have been the cost at the nearest Center of Excellence.

Additional information about this option, as well as a list of Centers of Excellence, will be given to covered Employees and updated as requested.

“Certified IDR Entity”

“Certified IDR Entity” shall mean an entity responsible for conducting determinations under the No Surprises Act and that has been properly certified by the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Labor, and the Department of the Treasury.

“Child/Children”

“Child” and/or “Children” shall mean the Employee’s or Retired Employee’s biological Child, any stepchild, legally adopted Child, or any other Child for whom the Employee or Retired Employee has been named legal guardian or legal parent, or an “eligible foster child,” which is defined as an individual placed with the Employee or Retired Employee by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree or other order of a court of competent jurisdiction who is less than 26 years of age. For purposes of this definition, a legally adopted Child shall include a Child placed in an Employee’s physical custody in anticipation of adoption. “Child” shall also mean a covered Employee’s Child who is an Alternate Recipient under a Qualified Medical Child Support Order, as required by the Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993. A “legal guardian” is a person recognized by a court of law as having the duty of taking care of the person and managing the property and rights of a minor child. **NOTE:** *Coverage of a Dependent Child will continue until the end of the calendar month the Dependent turns 26 years of age.*

“CHIP”

“CHIP” refers to the Children’s Health Insurance Program or any provision or section thereof, which is herein specifically referred to, as such act, provision or section may be amended from time to time.

“CHIPRA”

“CHIPRA” refers to the Children’s Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 or any provision or section thereof, which is herein specifically referred to, as such act.

“Chiropractic Care”

“Chiropractic Care” shall mean the detection and correction, by manual or mechanical means, of the interference with nerve transmissions and expressions resulting from distortion, misalignment or dislocation of the spinal (vertebrae) column.

“Claim Determination Period”

“Claim Determination Period” shall mean each Calendar Year.

“Claimant”

“Claimant” shall mean a Participant of the Plan, or entity acting on his or her behalf, authorized to submit claims to the Plan for processing, and/or appeal an Adverse Benefit Determination.

“Clean Claim”

A “Clean Claim” is one that can be processed in accordance with the terms of this document without obtaining additional information from the service Provider or a third party. It is a claim which has no defect or impropriety. A defect or impropriety shall include a lack of required sustaining documentation as set forth and in accordance with this document, or a particular circumstance requiring special treatment which prevents timely payment as set forth in this document, and only as permitted by this document, from being made. A Clean Claim does not include claims under investigation for fraud and abuse or claims under review for Medical Necessity or other coverage criteria, or fees under review for application of the Maximum Allowable Charge, or any other matter that may prevent the charge(s) from being Covered Expenses in accordance with the terms of this document.

Filing a Clean Claim. A Provider submits a Clean Claim by providing the required data elements on the standard claims forms, along with any attachments and additional elements or revisions to data elements, attachments and additional elements, of which the Provider has knowledge. The Plan Administrator may require attachments or other information in addition to these standard forms (as noted elsewhere in this document and at other times prior to claim submittal) to ensure charges constitute Covered Expenses as defined by and in accordance with the terms of this document. The paper claim form or electronic file record must include all required data elements and must be complete, legible, and accurate. A claim will not be considered to be a Clean Claim if the Participant has failed to submit required forms or additional information to the Plan as well.

“CMS”

“CMS” shall mean Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

“COBRA”

“COBRA” shall mean the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

“Coinsurance”

“Coinsurance” shall mean a cost sharing feature of many plans which requires a Participant to pay out-of-pocket a prescribed portion of the cost of Covered Expenses. The defined Coinsurance that a Participant must pay out-of-pocket is based upon his or her health plan design. Coinsurance is established as a predetermined percentage of the Maximum Allowable Charge for covered services and usually applies after a Deductible is met in a Deductible plan.

“Copayment” or “Copay”

“Copayment” or “Copay” shall mean a dollar amount per visit the Participant pays to the Provider for health care expenses.

“Cosmetic Surgery”

“Cosmetic Surgery” shall mean any expenses Incurred in connection with the care and treatment of, or operations which are performed for plastic, reconstructive, or cosmetic purposes or any other service or supply which are primarily used to improve, alter, or enhance appearance of a physical characteristic which is within the broad spectrum of normal but which may be considered displeasing or unattractive, except when required by an Injury.

“Covered Expense(s)”

“Covered Expense(s)” shall mean a service or supply provided in accordance with the terms of this document, whose applicable charge amount does not exceed the Maximum Allowable Charge for an eligible Medically Necessary service, treatment or supply, meant to improve a condition or Participant’s

health, which is eligible for coverage in accordance with this Plan. When more than one treatment option is available, and one option is no more effective than another, the Covered Expense is the least costly option that is no less effective than any other option.

All treatment is subject to benefit payment maximums shown in the Summary of Benefits and as set forth elsewhere in this document.

“Custodial Care”

“Custodial Care” shall mean care or confinement designated principally for the assistance and maintenance of the Participant, in engaging in the activities of daily living, whether or not totally disabled. This care or confinement could be rendered at home or by persons without professional skills or training. This care may relieve symptoms or pain but is not reasonably expected to improve the underlying medical condition. Custodial Care includes, but is not limited to, assistance in eating, dressing, bathing and using the toilet, preparation of special diets, supervision of medication which can normally be self-administered, assistance in walking or getting in and out of bed, and all domestic activities.

“Deductible”

“Deductible” shall mean an aggregate amount for certain expenses for covered services that is the responsibility of the Participant to pay for him or herself each Calendar Year before the Plan will begin its payments. However, certain covered benefits may be considered Preventive Care and paid first dollar.

“Dentist”

“Dentist” shall mean a properly trained person holding a D.D.S. or D.M.D. degree and practicing within the scope of a license to practice dentistry within their applicable geographic venue.

“Dependent”

“Dependent” shall mean one or more of the following person(s) as defined by the Plan:

1. An Employee’s or Retired Employee’s Spouse.
2. An Employee’s, or Retired Employee’s, or Spouse’s Child.

These persons are excluded as Dependents: Other individuals living in the covered Employee’s or Retired Employee’s home, but who are not eligible as defined, any former Spouse of the Employee or Retired Employee, or any person who is covered under the Plan as an Employee or Retired Employee.

To establish a Dependent relationship, the Plan reserves the right to require documentation satisfactory to the Plan Administrator.

NOTE: Tax treatment for certain dependents. Federal tax law generally does not recognize former Spouses, Legally Separated Spouses, civil union or domestic partners, or the children of these partners, as dependents under the federal tax code unless the Spouse, partner, or child otherwise qualifies as a dependent under the Internal Revenue Code §152. Therefore, the Employer may be required to automatically include the value of the health care coverage provided to any of the aforementioned individuals, who may be covered under this Plan as eligible Dependents, as additional income to the Employee.

“Diagnosis”

“Diagnosis” shall mean the act or process of identifying or determining the nature and cause of an Illness or Injury through evaluation of patient history, examination, and review of laboratory data. Diagnosis shall also mean the findings resulting from such act or process.

“Diagnostic Service”

“Diagnostic Service” shall mean an examination, test, or procedure performed for specified symptoms to obtain information to aid in the assessment of the nature and severity of a medical condition or the identification of an Illness or Injury. The Diagnostic Service must be ordered by a Physician or other professional Provider.

“Dialysis Service”

“Dialysis Service” shall mean any service, supply, equipment or drug utilized in connection with hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

“Drug”

“Drug” shall mean a Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved Drug or medicine that is listed with approval in the *United States Pharmacopeia*, *National Formulary* or *AMA Drug Evaluations* published by the American Medical Association (AMA), that is prescribed for human consumption, and that is required by law to bear the legend: “Caution—Federal Law prohibits dispensing without prescription,” or a State restricted drug (any medicinal substance which may be dispensed only by prescription, according to State law), legally obtained and dispensed by a licensed drug dispenser only, according to a written prescription given by a Physician and/or duly licensed Provider. “Drug” shall also mean insulin for purposes of injection.

“Durable Medical Equipment”

“Durable Medical Equipment” shall mean equipment and/or supplies ordered by a health care Provider for everyday or extended use which meets all of the following requirements:

1. Can withstand repeated use.
2. Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose.
3. Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of an Illness or Injury.
4. Is appropriate for use in the home.

“Emergency”

“Emergency” shall mean a situation or medical condition with symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) that the absence of immediate medical attention and treatment would reasonably be expected to result in: (a) serious jeopardy to the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the woman's unborn child); (b) serious impairment to bodily functions; or (c) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part. An Emergency includes, but is not limited to, severe chest pain, poisoning, unconsciousness, and hemorrhage. Other Emergencies and acute conditions may be considered on receipt of proof, satisfactory to the Plan, per the Plan Administrator's discretion, that an Emergency did exist. The Plan may, at its own discretion, request satisfactory proof that an Emergency or acute condition did exist.

“Emergency Medical Condition”

“Emergency Medical Condition” shall mean a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) so that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd(e)(1)(A)). In that provision of the Social Security Act, clause (i) refers to placing the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; clause (ii) refers to serious impairment to bodily functions; and clause (iii) refers to serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

“Emergency Services”

“Emergency Services” shall mean, with respect to an Emergency Medical Condition, the following:

1. An appropriate medical screening examination (as required under section 1867 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1395dd) that is within the capability of the emergency department of a Hospital or of an Independent Freestanding Emergency Department, as applicable, including ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department to evaluate such Emergency Medical Condition; and
2. Within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the Hospital or the Independent Freestanding Emergency Department, as applicable, such further medical examination and treatment as are required under section 1867 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd), or as would be required under such section if such section applied to an Independent Freestanding Emergency Department, to stabilize the patient (regardless of the department of the Hospital in which such further examination or treatment is furnished).

When furnished with respect to an Emergency Medical Condition, Emergency Services shall also include an item or service provided by a Non-Network Provider or Non-Participating Health Care Facility (regardless of the department of the Hospital in which items or services are furnished) after the Participant is stabilized and as part of Outpatient observation or an Inpatient or Outpatient stay with respect to the visit in which the Emergency Services are furnished, until such time as the Provider determines that the Participant is able to travel using non-medical transportation or non-emergency medical transportation, and the Participant is in a condition to, and in fact does, give informed consent to the Provider to be treated as a Non-Network Provider.

“Employee”

“Employee” shall mean a person who is an Active, regular Employee of the Employer, regularly scheduled to work for the Participating Employer in an Employer-Employee relationship.

“Employer”

“Employer” is any credit union that i) has been approved by the Plan Administrator to participate in the MCUL Group Benefits Trust and ii) has executed a subscription agreement.

“ERISA”

“ERISA” shall mean the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

“Essential Health Benefits”

“Essential Health Benefits” shall mean, under section 1302(b) of the Affordable Care Act, those health benefits to include at least the following general categories and the items and services covered within the categories: ambulatory patient services; Emergency Services; hospitalization; maternity and newborn care; mental health and Substance Use Disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; prescription Drugs; rehabilitative and Habilitative Services and devices; laboratory services; preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and pediatric services, including oral and vision care.

The determination of which benefits provided under the plan are Essential Health Benefits shall be made in accordance with the benchmark plan of the State of Utah as permitted by the Departments of Labor, Treasury, and Health and Human Services.

“Exclusion”

“Exclusion” shall mean conditions or services that this Plan does not cover.

“Experimental” and/or “Investigational”

“Experimental” and/or “Investigational” (“Experimental”) shall mean services or treatments that are not widely used or accepted by most practitioners or lack credible evidence to support positive short or long-term outcomes from those services or treatments, and that are not the subject of, or in some manner related to, the conduct of an Approved Clinical Trial, as such term is defined herein; these services are not included under or as Medicare reimbursable procedures, and include services, supplies, care, procedures, treatments or courses of treatment which meet either of the following requirements:

1. Do not constitute accepted medical practice under the standards of the case and by the standards of a reasonable segment of the medical community or government oversight agencies at the time rendered.
2. Are rendered on a research basis as determined by the United States Food and Drug Administration and the AMA’s Council on Medical Specialty Societies.

A drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure is Experimental if one of the following requirements is met:

1. If the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished.

2. If reliable evidence shows that the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure is the subject of ongoing Phase I, II, or III clinical trials or under study to determine all of the following:
 - a. Maximum tolerated dose.
 - b. Toxicity.
 - c. Safety.
 - d. Efficacy.
 - e. Efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or Diagnosis.

3. If reliable evidence shows that the consensus among experts regarding the drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine all of the following:
 - a. Maximum tolerated dose.
 - b. Toxicity.
 - c. Safety.
 - d. Efficacy.
 - e. Efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or Diagnosis.

Reliable evidence shall mean one or more of the following:

1. Only published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature.
2. The written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure.
3. The written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure.

Subject to a medical opinion, if no other Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved treatment is feasible and as a result the Plan Participant faces a life-or-death medical condition, the Plan Administrator retains discretionary authority to cover the services or treatment.

The Plan Administrator retains maximum legal authority and discretion to determine what is Experimental.

“Explanation of Benefits (EOB)”

“Explanation of Benefits” shall mean a statement a health plan sends to a Participant which shows charges, payments and any balances owed. It will be sent by mail. An Explanation of Benefits may serve as an Adverse Benefit Determination.

“Family Unit”

“Family Unit” shall mean the Employee and his or her Dependents covered under the Plan.

“FDA”

“FDA” shall mean Food and Drug Administration.

“Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination”

“Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination” shall mean an Adverse Benefit Determination that has been upheld by the Plan at the conclusion of the internal claims and appeals process, or an Adverse Benefit Determination with respect to which the internal claims and appeals process has been deemed exhausted.

“FMLA”

“FMLA” shall mean the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended.

“FMLA Leave”

“FMLA Leave” shall mean an unpaid, job protected Leave of Absence for certain specified family and medical reasons, which an Employer may be required to extend to an eligible Employee under the provisions of the FMLA.

“Gene”

“Gene” shall mean a unit of heredity which is transferred from a parent to Child containing the information for making specific proteins and which determines features of the Child.

“GCIT”

“GCIT” shall mean any services that are:

- Gene-Based
- Cellular and innovative therapeutics

“GINA”

“GINA” shall mean the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (Public Law No. 110-233), which prohibits group health plans, issuers of individual health care policies, and employers from discriminating on the basis of genetic information.

“Habilitation/Habilitative Services”

“Habilitation/Habilitative Services” shall mean health care services that help a person keep, learn, or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Examples include therapy for a child who is not walking or talking at the expected age. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology and other services for people with disabilities in a variety of Inpatient and/or Outpatient settings.

“HIPAA”

“HIPAA” shall mean the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.

“Home Health Care”

“Home Health Care” shall mean the continual care and treatment of an individual if all of the following requirements are met:

1. The institutionalization of the individual would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care was not provided.
2. The Home Health Care is the result of an Illness or Injury.

“Home Health Care Agency”

“Home Health Care Agency” shall mean an agency or organization which provides a program of Home Health Care and which meets one of the following requirements:

1. Is a Federally certified Home Health Care Agency and approved as such under Medicare.
2. Meets the established standards and is operated pursuant to applicable laws in the jurisdiction in which it is located and, is licensed and approved by the regulatory authority having the responsibility for licensing, where licensing is required.
3. Meets all of the following requirements:
 - a. It is an agency which holds itself forth to the public as having the primary purpose of providing a Home Health Care delivery system bringing supportive services to the home.
 - b. It has a full-time administrator.
 - c. It maintains written records of services provided to the patient.
 - d. Its staff includes at least one Registered Nurse (R.N.) or it has nursing care by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) available.
 - e. Its employees are bonded and it provides malpractice insurance.

“Hospital”

“Hospital” shall mean an Institution, accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals (sponsored by the AMA and the AHA), under the supervision of a staff of Physicians that maintains diagnostic and therapeutic facilities on premises, for the provision of medical (including Surgical facilities for all Institutions other than those specializing in the care and treatment of mentally ill patients, provided such Institution is accredited as such a facility by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals

sponsored by the AMA and the AHA), diagnosis, treatment, and care to Injured or sick persons, on an Inpatient basis, with 24 hour a day nursing service by Registered Nurses.

To be deemed a "Hospital," the facility must be duly licensed if it is not a State tax supported Institution, and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution; or an Institution which is supported in whole or in part by a Federal government fund.

Institutions and/or facilities not deemed to be a "Hospital" in accordance with Medicare, shall not be deemed to be Hospitals for this Plan's purposes.

"Hospital" shall also have the same meaning, where appropriate in context, set forth in the definition of "Ambulatory Surgical Center."

"HRSA"

"HRSA" shall mean Health Resources and Services Administration.

"Illness"

"Illness" shall mean any disorder which does not arise out of, which is not caused or contributed to by, and which is not a consequence of, any employment or occupation for compensation or profit; however, if evidence satisfactory to the Plan is furnished showing that the individual concerned is covered as an Employee under any workers' compensation law, occupational disease law or any other legislation of similar purpose, or under the maritime doctrine of maintenance, wages, and cure, but that the disorder involved is one not covered under the applicable law or doctrine, then such disorder shall, for the purposes of the Plan, be regarded as an Illness.

"Impregnation and Infertility Treatment"

"Impregnation and Infertility Treatment" shall mean any services, supplies or Drugs related to the Diagnosis or treatment of infertility.

"Incurred"

A Covered Expense is "Incurred" on the date the service is rendered or the supply is obtained. With respect to a course of treatment or procedure which includes several steps or phases of treatment, Covered Expenses are Incurred for the various steps or phases as the services related to each step are rendered and not when services relating to the initial step or phase are rendered. More specifically, Covered Expenses for the entire procedure or course of treatment are not Incurred upon commencement of the first stage of the procedure or course of treatment.

"Independent Freestanding Emergency Department"

"Independent Freestanding Emergency Department" means a health care facility that is geographically separate and distinct, and licensed separately, from a Hospital under applicable state law, and which provides any Emergency Services.

"Injury"

"Injury" shall mean an Accidental Bodily Injury, which does not arise out of, which is not caused or contributed to by, and which is not a consequence of, any employment or occupation for compensation or profit.

"Inpatient"

"Inpatient" shall mean a Participant who receives care as a registered and assigned bed patient while confined in a Hospital, other than in its outpatient department, where a room and board is charged by the Hospital.

"Institution"

"Institution" shall mean a facility created and/or maintained for the purpose of practicing medicine and providing organized health care and treatment to individuals, operating within the scope of its license, such as a Hospital, Ambulatory Surgical Center, Psychiatric Hospital, community mental health center,

Residential Treatment facility, psychiatric treatment facility, Substance Use Disorder Treatment Center, alternative birthing center, or any other such facility that the Plan approves.

“Intensive Care Unit”

“Intensive Care Unit” shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of “Cardiac Care Unit.”

“Intensive Outpatient Services”

“Intensive Outpatient Services” shall mean programs that have the capacity for planned, structured, service provision of at least two hours per day and three days per week. The range of services offered could include group, individual, family or multi-family group psychotherapy, psychoeducational services, and medical monitoring. These services would include multiple or extended treatment/rehabilitation/counseling visits or professional supervision and support. Program models include structured “crisis intervention programs,” “psychiatric or psychosocial rehabilitation,” and some “day treatment.”

“Leave of Absence”

“Leave of Absence” shall mean a period of time during which the Employee must be away from his or her primary job with the Employer, while maintaining the status of Employee during said time away from work, generally requested by an Employee and having been approved by his or her Participating Employer, and as provided for in the Participating Employer’s rules, policies, procedures and practices where applicable.

“Legal Separation” and/or “Legally Separated”

“Legal Separation” and/or “Legally Separated” shall mean an arrangement under the applicable state laws to remain married but maintain separate lives, pursuant to a valid court order.

“Mastectomy”

“Mastectomy” shall mean the Surgery to remove all or part of breast tissue as a way to treat or prevent breast cancer.

“Maximum Allowable Charge”

The “Maximum Allowable Charge” shall mean the amount payable for a specific covered item under this Plan. The Maximum Allowable Charge will be:

1. A negotiated rate, if one exists;
2. If no negotiated rate exists, the Maximum Allowable Charge will be determined by the Plan to be the Medicare reimbursement rates published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (“CMS”) either multiplied by 140%, or multiplied by a percentage that the particular Provider and/or others in the area customarily accept from all payers. If no Medicare reimbursement rate is available for a given item of service or supply, Medicare reimbursement rates will be approximated in good faith based on either Medicare equivalencies (prices established utilizing standard Medicare Payment methods and/or based upon supplemental Medicare or Medicaid pricing data for items Medicare doesn’t cover based on data from CMS), Medicare approximation tools (prices established utilizing standard Medicare payment methods and/or based upon prevailing Medicare rates in the community for non-Medicare facilities for similar services and/or supplies provided by similarly skilled and trained providers of care), or Medicare crosswalks (prices established utilizing standard Medicare payment methods for items in alternate settings based on Medicare rates provided for similar services and/or supplies paid to similarly skilled and trained providers of care in traditional settings); or
3. If 1 or 2 above do not exist, the Maximum Allowable Charge will be an amount that the Plan is required to pay pursuant to applicable law, applicable all-payer model agreement, court of competent jurisdiction, or Certified IDR Entity.

The Plan does not use a preferred Provider organization (PPO) for Outpatient Dialysis Services. The Maximum Allowable Charge for Outpatient Dialysis Services is the lesser of:

- The Provider’s normal charge for the same or a similar service or supply, OR
- 140% of what Medicare would allow.

If and only if none of the factors above are applicable, the Plan Administrator will exercise its discretion to determine the Maximum Allowable Charge based on any of the following: Medicare cost data, established health care pricing databases, amounts actually collected by Providers in the area for similar services, or average wholesale price (AWP) or manufacturer's retail pricing (MRP). These ancillary factors will take into account generally-accepted billing standards and practices.

When more than one treatment option is available, and one option is no more effective than another, the least costly option that is no less effective than any other option will be considered within the Maximum Allowable Charge. The Maximum Allowable Charge will be limited to an amount which, in the Plan Administrator's discretion, is charged for services or supplies that are not unreasonably caused by the treating Provider, including errors in medical care that are clearly identifiable, preventable, and serious in their consequence for patients. A finding of Provider negligence or malpractice is not required for services or fees to be considered ineligible pursuant to this provision.

The Plan Administrator retains maximum legal authority and discretion to determine what the Maximum Allowable Charge will be.

“Medical Child Support Order”

“Medical Child Support Order” shall mean any judgment, decree or order (including approval of a domestic relations settlement agreement) issued by a court of competent jurisdiction that meets one of the following requirements:

1. Provides for child support with respect to a Participant's Child or directs the Participant to provide coverage under a health benefits plan pursuant to a State domestic relations law (including a community property law).
2. Is made pursuant to a law relating to medical child support described in §1908 of the Social Security Act (as added by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822) with respect to a group health plan.

“Medical Record Review”

“Medical Record Review” is the process by which the Plan, based upon a Medical Record Review and audit, determines that a different treatment or different quantity of a Drug or supply was provided which is not supported in the billing, then the Plan Administrator may determine the Maximum Allowable Charge according to the Medical Record Review and audit results.

“Medically Necessary”

“Medically Necessary”, “Medical Necessity” and similar language refers to health care services ordered by a Physician exercising prudent clinical judgment provided to a Participant for the purposes of evaluation, Diagnosis or treatment of that Participant's Illness or Injury. Such services, to be considered Medically Necessary, must be clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration for the Diagnosis or treatment of the Participant's Illness or Injury. The Medically Necessary setting and level of service is that setting and level of service which, considering the Participant's medical symptoms and conditions, cannot be provided in a less intensive medical setting. Such services, to be considered Medically Necessary must be no more costly than alternative interventions, including no intervention and are at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the Diagnosis or treatment of the Participant's Illness or Injury without adversely affecting the Participant's medical condition. The service must meet all of the following requirements:

1. Its purpose must be to restore health.
2. It must not be primarily custodial in nature.
3. It is ordered by a Physician for the Diagnosis or treatment of an Illness or Injury.
4. The Plan reserves the right to incorporate CMS guidelines in effect on the date of treatment as additional criteria for determination of Medical Necessity and/or a Covered Expense.

For Hospital stays, this means that acute care as an Inpatient is necessary due to the kind of services the Participant is receiving or the severity of the Participant's condition and that safe and adequate care cannot be received as an Outpatient or in a less intensified medical setting. The mere fact that the service is furnished, prescribed or approved by a Physician does not necessarily mean that it is "Medically Necessary." In addition, the fact that certain services are specifically excluded from coverage under this Plan because they are not "Medically Necessary" does not mean that all other services are "Medically Necessary."

To be Medically Necessary, all of the above criteria must be met. The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide whether care or treatment is Medically Necessary based on recommendations of the Plan Administrator's own medical advisors, the findings of the American Medical Association or similar organization, or any other sources that the Plan Administrator deems appropriate.

Off-label Drug use is considered Medically Necessary when all of the following conditions are met:

1. The Drug is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
2. The prescribed Drug use is supported by one of the following standard reference sources:
 - a. Micromedex® DRUGDEX®.
 - b. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information.
 - c. Medicare approved compendia.
 - d. Scientific evidence is supported in well-designed clinical trials published in peer-reviewed medical journals, which demonstrate that the Drug is safe and effective for the specific condition.
3. The Drug is otherwise Medically Necessary to treat the specific condition, including life threatening conditions or chronic and seriously debilitating conditions.

"Medicare"

"Medicare" shall mean the Federal program by which health care is provided to individuals who are 65 or older, certain younger individuals with disabilities, and individuals with End-Stage Renal Disease, administered in accordance with parameters set forth by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, as amended, by whose terms it was established.

"Mental Health Parity Act of 1996 (MHPA) and Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA), Collectively, the Mental Health Parity Provisions in Part 7 of ERISA"

"The Mental Health Parity Provisions" shall mean in the case of a group health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan) that provides both medical and surgical benefits and mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, such plan or coverage shall ensure that all of the following requirements are met:

1. The financial requirements applicable to such mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the Plan (or coverage).
2. There are no separate cost sharing requirements that are applicable only with respect to mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, if these benefits are covered by the group health plan (or health insurance coverage is offered in connection with such a plan).
3. The treatment limitations applicable to such mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the Plan (or coverage).
4. There are no separate treatment limitations that are applicable only with respect to mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, if these benefits are covered by the group health plan (or health insurance coverage is offered in connection with such a plan).

"Mental Disorder," "Behavioral Disorder," or "Neurodevelopmental Disorder"

"Mental Disorder," "Behavioral Disorder," or "Neurodevelopmental Disorder" shall mean any illness or condition, regardless of whether the cause is organic, that is classified as a Mental Disorder, Behavioral Disorder, or Neurodevelopmental Disorder in the current edition of International Classification of Diseases,

published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, or is listed in the current edition of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association or other relevant State guideline or applicable sources.

“National Medical Support Notice” or “NMSN”

“National Medical Support Notice” or “NMSN” shall mean a notice that contains all of the following information:

1. The name of an issuing State child support enforcement agency.
2. The name and mailing address (if any) of the Employee who is a Participant under the Plan or eligible for enrollment.
3. The name and mailing address of each of the Alternate Recipients (i.e., the Child or Children of the Participant) or the name and address of a State or local official may be substituted for the mailing address of the Alternate Recipients(s).
4. Identity of an underlying child support order.

“Network” or “In-Network”

“Network” or “In-Network” shall mean the facilities, Providers and suppliers who have by contract via a medical Provider Network agreed to allow the Plan access to discounted fees for service(s) provided to Participants, and by whose terms the Network’s Providers have agreed to accept assignment of benefits and the discounted fees thereby paid to them by the Plan as payment in full for Covered Expenses. The applicable Provider Network will be identified on the Participant’s identification card.

“Non-Network” or “Out-of-Network”

“Non-Network” or “Out-of-Network” shall mean the facilities, Providers and suppliers that do not have an agreement with a designated Network to provide care to Participants.

“Nurse”

“Nurse” shall mean an individual who has received specialized nursing training and is authorized to use the designation Registered Nurse (R.N.), Licensed Vocational Nurse (L.V.N.) or Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.), and who is duly licensed by the State or regulatory agency responsible for such license in the State in which the individual performs the nursing services.

“Open Enrollment Period”

“Open Enrollment Period” shall mean the time frame specified by the Plan Administrator.

“Other Plan”

“Other Plan” shall mean any group health plan or health insurance coverage as defined in 42 U.S. Code § 300gg-91 from which a Participant is entitled to benefits.

“Out-of-Area”

“Out-of-Area” shall mean services received by a Participant outside of the normal geographic area supported by the Plan’s Network, as determined by the Plan Administrator, at the time each Participant becomes eligible for coverage under this Plan.

“Out-of-Pocket Maximum” or “Maximum Out-of-Pocket” shall mean the maximum dollar amount a Participant will pay for Covered Expenses including the Calendar Year Deductible, Copayments, and Coinsurance. A separate prescription drug Maximum Out-of-Pocket applies to prescription drug Copayments and expenses.

“Outpatient”

“Outpatient” shall mean treatment including services, supplies, and medicines provided and used at a Hospital under the direction of a Physician to a person not admitted as a registered bed patient; or services rendered in a Physician’s office, laboratory, or x-ray facility, an Ambulatory Surgical Center, or the patient’s home.

“Partial Hospitalization”

“Partial Hospitalization” shall mean medically directed intensive, or intermediate short-term mental health and Substance Use Disorder treatment, for a period of less than twenty-four (24) hours but more than four (4) hours in a day in a licensed or certified facility or program.

“Participant” or “Plan Participant”

“Participant” shall mean any Employee, Retired Employee, Dependent, or individual that is covered under the Plan through COBRA continuation.

“Participating Health Care Facility”

“Participating Health Care Facility” shall mean a Hospital or Hospital Outpatient department, critical access Hospital, Ambulatory Surgical Center, or other Provider as required by law, which has a direct or indirect contractual relationship with the Plan with respect to the furnishing of a healthcare item or service. A single direct contract or case agreement between a health care facility and a plan constitutes a contractual relationship for purposes of this definition with respect to the parties to the agreement and particular individual(s) involved.

“Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA)”

The “Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA)” means the health care reform law enacted in March 2010, Public Law 111-148; PPACA, together with the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act, is commonly referred to as Affordable Care Act (ACA). (See “Affordable Care Act”).

“Physician”

“Physician” shall mean a Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.), Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.), Psychologist (Ph.D.), Audiologist, Certified Nurse Anesthetist, Licensed Professional Counselor, Licensed Professional Physical Therapist, Master of Social Work (M.S.W.), Occupational Therapist, Physiotherapist, Speech Language Pathologist, psychiatrist, midwife, and any other practitioner of the healing arts who is licensed and regulated by a State or Federal agency, acting within the scope of that license.

“Plan Year”

“Plan Year” shall mean a period commencing on the Effective Date or any anniversary of the adoption of this Plan and continuing until the next succeeding anniversary.

“Pre-Admission Tests”

“Pre-Admission Tests” shall mean those medical tests and Diagnostic Services completed prior to a scheduled procedure, including Surgery, or scheduled admissions to the Hospital or Inpatient health care facility provided that all of the following requirements are met:

1. The Participant obtains a written order from the Physician.
2. The tests are approved by both the Hospital and the Physician.
3. The tests are performed on an Outpatient basis prior to Hospital admission.
4. The tests are performed at the Hospital into which confinement is scheduled, or at a qualified facility designated by the Physician who will perform the procedure or Surgery.

“Pregnancy”

“Pregnancy” shall mean a physical state whereby a woman presently bears a child or children in the womb, prior to but likely to result in childbirth, miscarriage and/or non-elective abortion. Pregnancy is considered an Illness for the purpose of determining benefits under this Plan.

“Preventive Care”

“Preventive Care” shall mean certain Preventive Care services.

To comply with the ACA, and in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines, plans shall provide In-Network coverage for all of the following:

1. Evidence-based items or services rated A or B in the United States Preventive Services Task Force recommendations.
2. Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices adopted by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
3. Comprehensive guidelines for infants, children, and adolescents supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).
4. Comprehensive guidelines for women supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Copies of the recommendations and guidelines may be found at the following websites:

<https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/>;
<https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspstf/recommendation-topics>;
<https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/index.html>;
<https://www.aap.org/periodicityschedule>;
<https://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/>.

For more information, Participants may contact the Plan Administrator / Employer.

“Primary Care Physician (PCP)”

“Primary Care Physician (PCP)” shall mean family practitioners, general practitioners, internists, OB/GYNs, pediatricians, office-based nurse practitioners, physician’s assistants, licensed professional counselors, licensed certified professional counselors, certified chemical dependency counselors, or licensed clinical social workers. All other Physicians are considered specialists.

“Prior Plan”

“Prior Plan” shall mean the coverage provided on a group or group type basis by the group insurance policy, benefit plan or service plan that was terminated on the day before the Effective Date of the Plan and replaced by the Plan.

“Prior to Effective Date” or “After Termination Date”

“Prior to Effective Date” or “After Termination Date” are dates occurring before a Participant gains eligibility from the Plan, or dates occurring after a Participant loses eligibility from the Plan (unless continuation of benefits applies).

“Privacy Standards”

“Privacy Standards” shall mean the applicable standards for the privacy of individually identifiable health information, pursuant to HIPAA.

“Provider”

“Provider” shall mean an entity whose primary responsibility is related to the supply of medical care. Each Provider must be licensed, registered, or certified by the appropriate State agency where the medical care is performed, as required by that State’s law where applicable. Where there is no applicable State agency, licensure, or regulation, the Provider must be registered or certified by the appropriate professional body.

The Plan Administrator may determine that an entity is not a “Provider” as defined herein if that entity is not deemed to be a “Provider” by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for purposes arising from payment and/or enrollment with Medicare; however, the Plan Administrator is not so bound by CMS’ determination of an entity’s status as a Provider. All facilities must meet the standards as set forth within the applicable definitions of the Plan as it relates to the relevant provider type.

“Psychiatric Hospital”

“Psychiatric Hospital” shall mean an Institution, appropriately licensed as a Psychiatric Hospital, established for the primary purpose of providing diagnostic and therapeutic psychiatric services for the treatment of mentally ill persons either by, or under the supervision of, a Physician. As such, to be deemed a “Psychiatric Hospital,” the Institution must ensure every patient is under the care of a Physician and their staffing pattern must ensure the availability of a Registered Nurse 24 hours each day. Should the Institution fail to maintain

clinical medical records on all patients permitting the determination of the degree and intensity of treatment to be provided, that Institution will not be deemed to be a “Psychiatric Hospital.”

To be deemed a “Psychiatric Hospital,” the Institution must be duly licensed and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution.

“Qualified Medical Child Support Order” or “QMCSO”

“Qualified Medical Child Support Order” or “QMCSO” shall mean a Medical Child Support Order, in accordance with applicable law, and which creates or recognizes the existence of an Alternate Recipient’s right to, or assigns to an Alternate Recipient the right to, receive benefits for which a Participant or eligible Dependent is entitled under this Plan.

“Qualifying Payment Amount”

“Qualifying Payment Amount” means the median of the contracted rates recognized by the Plan, or recognized by all plans serviced by the Plan’s Third Party Administrator (if calculated by the Third Party Administrator), for the same or a similar item or service provided by a Provider in the same or similar specialty in the same geographic region. If there are insufficient (meaning fewer than three) contracted rates available to determine a Qualifying Payment Amount, said amount will be determined by referencing a state all-payer claims database or, if unavailable, any eligible third-party database in accordance with applicable law.

“Recognized Amount”

“Recognized Amount” shall mean, except for Non-Network air ambulance services, an amount determined under an applicable all-payer model agreement, or if unavailable, an amount determined by applicable state law. If no such amounts are available or applicable and for Non-Network air ambulance services generally, the Recognized Amount shall mean the lesser of a Provider’s billed charge or the Qualifying Payment Amount.

“Rehabilitation”

“Rehabilitation” shall mean treatment(s) designed to facilitate the process of recovery from Injury or Illness to as normal a condition as possible.

“Rehabilitation Hospital”

“Rehabilitation Hospital” shall mean an appropriately licensed Institution, which is established in accordance with all relevant Federal, State and other applicable laws, to provide therapeutic and restorative services to individuals seeking to maintain, reestablish, or improve motor-skills and other functioning deemed Medically Necessary for daily living, that have been lost or impaired due to Illness and/or Injury. To be deemed a “Rehabilitation Hospital,” the Institution must be legally constituted, operated, and accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities, as well as approved for its stated purpose by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for Medicare purposes.

To be deemed a “Rehabilitation Hospital,” the Institution must be duly licensed and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution.

“Residential Treatment Facility”

“Residential Treatment Facility” shall mean a facility licensed or certified as such by the jurisdiction in which it is located to operate a program for the treatment and care of Participants diagnosed with alcohol, drug or Substance Use Disorders or mental illness.

“Room and Board”

“Room and Board” shall mean a Hospital’s charge for any of the following:

1. Room and complete linen service.
2. Dietary service including all meals, special diets, therapeutic diets, required nourishment’s, dietary supplements and dietary consultation.

3. All general nursing services including but not limited to coordinating the delivery of care, supervising the performance of other staff members who have delegated member care and member education.
4. Other conditions of occupancy which are Medically Necessary.

“Security Standards”

“Security Standards” shall mean the final rule implementing HIPAA’s Security Standards for the Protection of Electronic Protected Health Information (PHI), as amended.

“Service Waiting Period”

“Service Waiting Period” shall mean an interval of time that must pass before an Employee is eligible to enroll under the terms of the Plan. The Employee must be a continuously Active Employee of the Employer during this interval of time, however for purposes of satisfying a Service Waiting Period, an Employee shall be considered an Active Employee for the duration of any absence from work due to a health factor as defined by HIPAA.

“Skilled Nursing Facility”

“Skilled Nursing Facility” shall mean a facility that fully meets all of the following requirements:

1. It is licensed to provide professional nursing services on an Inpatient basis to persons convalescing from Injury or Illness. The service must be rendered by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) or by a Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.) under the direction of a Registered Nurse. Services to help restore patients to self-care in essential daily living activities must be provided.
2. Its services are provided for compensation and under the full-time supervision of a Physician.
3. It provides 24 hour per day nursing services by licensed nurses, under the direction of a full-time Registered Nurse.
4. It maintains a complete medical record on each patient.
5. It has an effective utilization review plan.
6. It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, the aged, Custodial Care, or educational care.
7. It is approved and licensed by Medicare.

“Specialty Drug(s)”

“Specialty Drug(s)” shall mean high-cost prescription medications used to treat complex, chronic conditions including, but not limited to, cancer, rheumatoid arthritis and multiple sclerosis. Specialty Drugs often require special handling (like refrigeration during shipping) and administration (such as injection or infusion). Please contact the Prescription Drug Plan Administrator to determine specific drug coverage.

“Spouse”

“Spouse” shall mean an Employee’s or Retired Employee’s present Spouse, thereby possessing a valid marriage license, not annulled or voided in any way. A Dependent Spouse shall therefore not be one who is divorced or Legally Separated from the Employee or Retired Employee.

“Substance Use Disorder”

“Substance Use Disorder” shall mean any disease or condition that is classified as a Substance Use Disorder as listed in the current edition of the International Classification of Diseases, published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, as listed in the current edition of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association, or other relevant State guideline or applicable sources.

“Substance Use Disorder Treatment Center”

“Substance Use Disorder Treatment Center” shall mean an Institution whose facility is licensed, certified or approved as a Substance Use Disorder Treatment Center by a Federal, State, or other agency having legal authority to so license. Where applicable, the “Substance Use Disorder Treatment Center” must also be appropriately accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.

“Surgery”

“Surgery” shall in the Plan Administrator’s discretion mean the treatment of Injuries or disorders of the body by incision or manipulation, especially with instruments designed specifically for that purpose, and the performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, performed within the scope of the Provider’s license.

“Surgical Procedure”

“Surgical Procedure” shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of “Surgery.”

“Third Party Administrator”

“Third Party Administrator” shall mean the claims administrator which provides customer service and claims payment services only and does not assume any financial risk or obligation with respect to those claims. The Third Party Administrator is not an insurer of health benefits under this Plan, is not a fiduciary of the Plan, and does not exercise any of the discretionary authority and responsibility granted to the Plan Administrator. The Third Party Administrator is not responsible for Plan financing and does not guarantee the availability of benefits under this Plan.

“Uniformed Services”

“Uniformed Services” shall mean the Armed Forces, the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard, when engaged in active duty for training, inactive duty training, or full-time National Guard duty, the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service, and any other category of persons designated by the President of the United States in time of war or Emergency.

“USERRA”

“USERRA” shall mean the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (“USERRA”).

“Utilization Review Manager”

“Utilization Review Manager” shall mean a team of medical care professionals selected to conduct pre-certification review, emergency admission review, continued stay review, discharge planning, patient consultation, and case management. For more information, see the Utilization Management section of this document.

All other defined terms in this Plan Document shall have the meanings specified in the Plan Document where they appear.

ELIGIBILITY FOR COVERAGE

Eligibility for Individual Coverage

Eligible Class of Employees.

- All Active Employees of the Employer;
- All Retired Employees of the Employer.

1. Eligibility Requirements for Active Employee Coverage. A person will become eligible for coverage under this Plan with respect to himself or herself on the first day he or she:
 - a. Is a full-time, active Employee of the Employer. The Employee shall be considered “full-time” if he or she normally works at least the minimum number of hours per week as designated by the Employer, but no less than 20 hours per week, and is on the regular payroll of the Employer for that work.

For Employees of a Large Employer:

An Applicable Large Employer is an Employer with 50 full-time equivalents or more (combination of full-time and part-time Employees) in the prior Calendar Year.

An Applicable Large Employer may use a look-back measurement method or a monthly measurement method to determine the Full-Time status. For more information on the measurement method elected by the Employer, contact the Employer's Human Resources staff; and

- b. Completes the applicable employment Waiting Period imposed by the Employer. A “Waiting Period” is the time between the first day of employment as an otherwise eligible Employee and the first day of coverage under the Plan. A Waiting Period may be waived only if required by applicable law or regulation. For Employees that have a status change from part time to full time, Employees will be credited for time previously satisfied toward the employment Waiting Period.

For more information on minimum number of hours required, benefit measurement periods, or the Employer's applicable Waiting Period, contact the Employer's Human Resources Department.

2. Eligibility Requirements for Retired Employee (Retiree) Coverage. An individual is eligible for Retired Employee Coverages if the Retired Employee meets all of the following:
 - a. Has worked 10 continuous years as an Active Employee for the participating Employer;
 - b. Has been a covered Employee under the Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust Employee Health Benefits Plan for three consecutive years prior to retirement;
 - c. Is younger than the limiting age of 65 years; and
 - d. Is at least age 60 and has not yet reached age 65.

When the Retired Employee reaches the limiting age of 65, coverage will end on the first day of the Retired Employee's birthday month. A Retired Employee's coverage will end prior to reaching the limiting age of 65 if he or she becomes eligible for Medicare prior to that time as set forth below. Any Dependents covered under the Retired Employee's coverage at that time will have an additional 18 months of coverage before their coverage terminates as long as they continue to satisfy the eligibility requirements for said coverage.

For Credit Unions joining the Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust as a participating Employer, those eligible Employees must meet the same requirements as set forth above, and to satisfy item (b) as set forth above they must be covered under their prior plan for three consecutive years to be eligible. If there was no prior plan or the Employee was not on the prior plan for the three consecutive previous years, the Employee will not be eligible for Retired Employee coverage until they satisfy the eligibility requirements set forth herein.

Upon Retirement: For Employers that are subject to COBRA Continuation Coverage, a Retired Employee can choose between COBRA Continuation Coverage or continuing coverage under the terms of the Plan as a Retired Employee, if the Retired Employee satisfies the criteria as set forth above. If the Employee is eligible and chooses to continue coverage under the terms of the Plan as a Retired Employee, they will forfeit their right to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage at a later date. If the Employee elects COBRA Continuation Coverage, they will forfeit their right to elect continuing coverage under the terms of the Plan as a Retired Employee.

Dependents: If a Retired Employee and his or her Spouse and/or Dependent Child(ren) satisfy the criteria as set forth herein, his or her Spouse and/or Dependent Child(ren) will be eligible for coverage if the Retired Employee elects Retired Employee coverage. Any Spouse and/or Dependent Child(ren) otherwise eligible must have also been covered under the Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust Employee Health Benefit Plan for the three consecutive years prior to being eligible for the Retired Employee coverage.

Spouses and Dependent Child(ren) will not be eligible for Retired Employee coverage under this Plan if they have access to employer sponsored health care elsewhere, regardless if they are enrolled in the other employer sponsored coverage. The Spouse and/or Dependent Child(ren) must notify the Plan when he or she becomes eligible for employer sponsored coverage when enrolled under the Retired Employee's coverage.

Retired Employees and their Spouse and/or Dependent Child(ren) who become eligible for Medicare for any reason will no longer be eligible for the Retired Employee coverage regardless if they are enrolled in Medicare.

Eligible Classes of Dependents.

- The Spouse of the covered Employee or Retired Employee
- A Child(ren) of the covered Employee or Retired Employee

A Dependent of an Employee or Retired Employee will become eligible for Dependent coverage on the first day that the Employee is eligible for coverage and the family member satisfies the requirement for Dependent coverage.

At any time, the Plan may require proof that a Spouse or Child(ren) qualifies or continues to qualify as a Dependent as defined by the Plan.

Reinstatement of Coverage

If a covered Employee's employment is terminated and the Employee returns to Active Employment within 13 weeks from the date of termination and the service Waiting Period was not complete at termination, he or she will be credited with time met toward the employment Waiting Period as of the date of termination. Coverage will begin the first day of the first calendar month following the date of rehire or the first day of the first calendar month following completion of the Waiting Period.

Otherwise, a terminated Employee who is rehired will be treated as a new hire and be required to satisfy all Eligibility and Enrollment requirements.

However, if the Employee is returning to work directly from COBRA Continuation Coverage, the Employee will be credited with time met toward the employment Waiting Period as of the date of the Employee elected COBRA Continuation Coverage.

Effective Dates of Coverage; Conditions

Effective Date of Employee Coverage. An Employee will be covered under this Plan as of the first day of the month following the applicable waiting period or as approved by the Plan Administrator, and under no circumstances to exceed the 91st day following the date that the Employee satisfies all of the following:

Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust
Employee Health Benefit Plan-SAPPHIRE
Plan Document and Summary Plan Description

1. The Eligibility requirement.
2. The Active Employee requirement.
3. The Enrollment requirement of the Plan.

Active Employee Requirement. An Employee must be an Active Employee (as defined by the Plan) for this coverage to take effect.

Effective Date of Dependent Coverage. A Dependent's coverage will take effective on the day that the Eligibility Requirements are met, the Employee is covered under the Plan, and all of the enrollment requirements are met.

The coverage for which an individual is eligible under this Plan will become effective on the date specified below, subject to the conditions of this section.

1. Enrollment Application (paper or electronic as applicable). Employee(s) may seek to obtain coverage for themselves and/or Dependents via a form (either paper or electronic as applicable) furnished by the Plan Administrator, in a manner that is satisfactory to the Plan Administrator, and within 31 days following the applicable date of eligibility. If coverage is available and appropriate, coverage will become effective after review of the form, and upon the date such Employee or Dependents became eligible.
2. Coverage as Both Employee and Dependent. An eligible Participant may enroll in this Plan either as an Employee or as a Dependent, but not both.
3. Birth of Dependent Child. Except as provided in "Newly Acquired Dependents," below, a newborn Child of a covered Employee will be considered eligible and will be covered from the moment of birth **only if written application to add the Child is received by the Plan Administrator within 60 days following the Child's date of birth.** If such written application to add a newborn Child is received by the Plan Administrator AFTER the 60-day period immediately following the Child's date of birth, the Child is considered a late enrollee and not eligible for the Plan until the next Open Enrollment Period. A newborn Child of a Dependent Child is not eligible for this Plan unless the newborn Child meets the definition of an eligible Dependent.
4. Newly Acquired Dependents. If while an Employee is enrolled for coverage, and that Employee acquires a Dependent, coverage for the newly acquired Dependent shall be effective on the date the Dependent becomes eligible only if the existing coverage extends to Dependents and written application is made within 31 days. If coverage for Dependents has not already been secured by the Employee, a written application must be made to the Plan within 31 days of the date of the newly acquired Dependent's initial eligibility, and any required contributions must be made if enrollment is otherwise approved by the Plan Administrator.
5. Requirement for Employee Coverage. Coverage for Dependents shall only be available to Dependents of Employees eligible for coverage for themselves.
6. Dependents of Multiple Employees. If a Dependent may be deemed to be a Dependent of more than one Covered Employee, such Dependent shall be deemed to be a Dependent of one such Employee only.
7. Medicaid Coverage. An individual's eligibility for any State Medicaid benefits will not be taken into account by the Plan in determining that individual's eligibility under the Plan.
8. FMLA Leave. Regardless of any requirements set forth in the Plan, the Plan shall at all times comply with FMLA.

NOTE: *It is the responsibility of the enrolled Employee to notify his or her Employer of any changes in the Dependent's status.*

Special and Open Enrollment

Federal law requires and the Plan provides so-called "Special Enrollment Periods," during which Employees may enroll in the Plan, even if they declined to enroll during an initial or subsequent eligibility period. To request Special Enrollment or obtain more detailed information about these provisions, contact the Plan Administrator.

Loss of Other Coverage

This Plan will permit an eligible Employee or Dependent (including his or her Spouse) who is eligible, but not enrolled, to enroll for coverage under the terms of the Plan if certain conditions are met as set forth below. (NOTE: A Retired Employee who declines coverage at retirement and later loses other coverage will not be entitled to Special Enrollment, nor will the Retired Employee's eligible Dependents.):

1. The eligible Employee or Dependent was covered under another group health plan or had other health insurance coverage at the time coverage under this Plan was offered.
2. If required by the administrator, the eligible Employee stated in writing at the time this Plan was offered, that the reason for declining enrollment was due to the eligible Employee having coverage under another group health plan or due to the Employee having other health insurance coverage.
3. The coverage of the Employee or Dependent who had lost the coverage was under COBRA and the COBRA coverage was exhausted, or was not under COBRA and either the coverage was terminated as a result of loss of eligibility for the coverage or because employer contributions towards the coverage were terminated.
4. The Employee or Dependent requests enrollment in this Plan not later than 31 days after the date of exhaustion of COBRA coverage or the termination of non-COBRA coverage due to loss of eligibility or termination of employer contributions, described above. Coverage will begin no later than the first day of the first calendar month following the date the completed enrollment form is received. For purposes of these rules, a loss of eligibility occurs if one of the following occurs:
 - a. The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility due to the plan no longer offering any benefits to a class of similarly situated individuals (e.g.: part-time employees)
 - b. The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility as a result of legal separation, divorce, cessation of dependent status (such as attaining the maximum age to be eligible as a dependent child under the plan), death, termination of employment, or reduction in the number of hours of employment or contributions towards the coverage were terminated.
 - c. The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility when coverage is offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the individual market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live, or work in a service area, (whether or not within the choice of the individual).
 - d. The Employee or Dependent has a loss of eligibility when coverage is offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the group market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live, or work in a service area, (whether or not within the choice of the individual), and no other benefit package is available to the individual.

If certain conditions are met as set forth above, coverage will begin no later than the first day of the first calendar month following the date of loss of coverage.

If the Employee is not enrolled at the time of the event, the Employee must enroll under this Special Enrollment Period in order for eligible Dependents to enroll. *If the Retired Employee is not enrolled at the time of the event, this Special Enrollment Right will not be applicable.*

If an Employee is currently enrolled in a benefit package, the Employee may elect to enroll in another benefit package under the Plan if the following requirements are met:

1. Multiple benefit packages are available.
2. A Dependent of the enrolled Employee has a Special Enrollment right in the Plan because the Dependent has lost eligibility for other coverage.

Special Enrollment rights will not be available to an Employee or Dependent if the Employee or Dependent lost the other coverage as a result of the individual's failure to pay premiums or required contributions or for cause (such as making a fraudulent claim or an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in connection with the Other Plan).

New Dependent

When an Employee or Employee's Spouse who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, has a person become a Dependent of the Employee through marriage, legal guardianship, a foster child being placed with the Employee or Spouse, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, the Employee and eligible Dependents may be eligible to enroll during a Special Enrollment Period. To be eligible for this Special Enrollment, the Employee must apply in writing or electronically, as applicable, no later than 60 days from the date of a birth, and 31 days from the date he or she acquires the new Dependent through marriage or from the date of legal guardianship, a foster child being placed with the Employee, or Spouse, adoption, or placement for adoption. By way of example, for a birth, if the Employee or Employee's Spouse gives birth to a baby on June 22, he or she must notify the Plan Administrator and apply for coverage by close of business on August 21. By way of example, for a Dependent acquired through marriage, legal guardianship, foster child placement, adoption, or placement for adoption, if the date of Special Enrollment Right is on June 22, he or she must notify the Plan Administrator and apply for coverage by close of business on July 23rd.

The following conditions apply to any eligible Employee and Dependents:

If the conditions for Special Enrollment are satisfied, the coverage of the Dependent and/or Employee enrolled during the Special Enrollment Period will be effective at 12:01 A.M. for the following events:

1. In the case of marriage, on the date of the marriage, or
2. In the case of a Dependent's birth, as of the date of birth.
3. In the case of a Dependent's adoption, placement for adoption, legal guardianship placement, or Foster Child placement, the date of the adoption, legal guardianship placement, or placement for adoption.

Additional Special Enrollment Rights

Employees and Dependents who are eligible but not enrolled are entitled to enroll under one of the following circumstances:

1. The Employee's or Dependent's Medicaid or State Child Health Insurance Plan (i.e. CHIP) coverage has terminated as a result of loss of eligibility and the Employee requests coverage under the Plan within 60 days after the termination.
2. The Employee or Dependent become eligible for a contribution / premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or a State Child Health Insurance Plan (i.e. CHIP), and the Employee requests coverage under the Plan within 60 days after eligibility is determined.

If the conditions for Special Enrollment are satisfied, coverage for the Employee and/or his or her Dependent(s) will be effective at 12:01 A.M. on the first day of the first calendar month following the date of loss of coverage or gain in eligibility.

Open Enrollment

Prior to the start of a Plan Year, this Plan has an Open Enrollment Period. Eligible Employees who are not covered under this Plan may enroll for coverage during Open Enrollment Periods. Employees who are enrolled will be given an opportunity to change their coverage effective the first day of the upcoming Plan Year. Coverage for Employees enrolling during an Open Enrollment Period will become effective on the first day of the Plan Year, as long as all other eligibility requirements have been met. If the other eligibility requirements have not been met, coverage for Participants enrolling during an Open Enrollment Period will become effective as stated in the provision, "Eligibility for Individual Coverage".

The terms of the Open Enrollment Period, including duration of the election period, shall be determined by the Plan Administrator and communicated prior to the start of an Open Enrollment Period.

“Open Enrollment Period” shall mean the time frame specified by the Plan Administrator.

Relation to Section 125 Cafeteria Plan

This Plan may also allow additional changes to enrollment due to change in status events under the Employer’s Section 125 Cafeteria Plan. Refer to the Employer’s Section 125 Cafeteria Plan for more information.

Qualified Medical Child Support Orders

This Plan will provide for immediate enrollment and benefits to the Child or Children of a Participant, not including an ex-stepchild or ex-stepchildren, who are the subject of a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO), regardless of whether the Child or Children reside with the Participant, provided the Child or Children are not already enrolled as an eligible Dependent as described in this Plan. If a QMCSO is issued, then the Child or Children shall become Alternate Recipient(s) of the benefits under this Plan, subject to the same limitations, restrictions, provisions and procedures as any other Participant. The Plan Administrator will determine if the order properly meets the standards described herein. A properly completed National Medical Support Notice (NMSN) will be treated as a QMCSO and will have the same force and effect.

To be considered a Qualified Medical Child Support Order, the Medical Child Support Order must contain the following information:

1. The name and last known mailing address (if any) of the Participant and the name and mailing address of each such Alternate Recipient covered by the order.
2. A reasonable description of the type of coverage to be provided by this Plan to each Alternate Recipient, or the manner in which such type of coverage is to be determined.
3. The period of coverage to which the order applies.
4. The name of this Plan.

A National Medical Support Notice shall be deemed a QMCSO if all of the following requirements are met:

1. It contains the information set forth in the Definitions section in the definition of “National Medical Support Notice.”
2. It identifies either the specific type of coverage or all available group health coverage. If the Employer receives a NMSN that does not designate either specific type(s) of coverage or all available coverage, the Employer and the Plan Administrator will assume that all are designated.
3. It informs the Plan Administrator that, if a group health plan has multiple options and the Participant is not enrolled, the issuing agency will make a selection after the NMSN is qualified, and, if the agency does not respond within 20 days, the Child will be enrolled under the Plan’s default option (if any).
4. It specifies that the period of coverage may end for the Alternate Recipient(s) only when similarly situated dependents are no longer eligible for coverage under the terms of the Plan, or upon the occurrence of certain specified events.

A NMSN need not be recognized as a QMCSO if it requires the Plan to provide any type or form of benefit, or any option, not otherwise provided to the Participants and eligible Participants without regard to the provisions herein, except to the extent necessary to meet the requirements of a State law relating to Medical Child Support Orders, as described in Social Security Act §1908 (as added by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822).

In the instance of any Medical Child Support Order received by this Plan, the Plan Administrator shall, as soon as administratively possible, perform the following:

1. In writing, notify the Participant and each Alternate Recipient covered by such Order (at the address included in the Order) of the receipt of such Order and the Plan’s procedures for determining whether the Order qualifies as a QMCSO.

2. Make an administrative determination if the order is a QMCSO and notify the Participant and each affected Alternate Recipient of such determination.

In the instance of any National Medical Support Notice received by this Plan, the Plan Administrator shall perform the following:

1. Notify the State agency issuing the notice with respect to the Child whether coverage of the Child is available under the terms of the Plan and, if so:
 - a. Whether the Child is covered under the Plan.
 - b. Either the effective date of the coverage or, if necessary, any steps to be taken by the custodial parent or by the official of a State or political subdivision to effectuate the coverage.
2. Provide to the custodial parent (or any State official serving in a substitute capacity) a description of the coverage available and any forms or documents necessary to effectuate such coverage.

As required by Federal law, the Plan Administrator shall perform the following:

1. Establish reasonable procedures to determine whether Medical Child Support Order or National Medical Support Notice are Qualified Medical Child Support Orders.
2. Administer the provision of benefits under such qualified orders. Such procedures shall:
 - a. Be in writing.
 - b. Provide for the notification of each person specified in a Medical Child Support Order as eligible to receive benefits under the plan (at the address included in the Medical Child Support Order) of such procedures promptly upon receipt by the plan of the Medical Child Support Order.
 - c. Permit an Alternate Recipient to designate a representative for receipt of copies of notices that are sent to the Alternate Recipient with respect to a Medical Child Support Order.

A Participant of this Plan may obtain, without charge, a copy of the procedures governing QMCSO determinations from the Plan Administrator.

Acquired Companies

Eligible Employees of an acquired company who are Actively at Work and were covered under the Prior Plan of the acquired company will be eligible for the benefits under this Plan on the date of acquisition. Any waiting period previously satisfied under the prior health plan will be applied toward satisfaction of the Service Waiting Period of this Plan. In the event that an acquired company did not have a health plan, all eligible Employees will be eligible on the date of the acquisition.

Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (“GINA”)

“GINA” prohibits group health plans, issuers of individual health care policies, and employers from discriminating on the basis of genetic information.

The term “genetic information” means, with respect to any individual, information about any of the following:

1. Such individual’s genetic tests.
2. The genetic tests of family members of such individual.
3. The manifestation of a disease or disorder in family members of such individual.

The term “genetic information” includes participating in clinical research involving genetic services. Genetic tests would include analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins, or metabolites that detect genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes. Genetic information is a form of Protected Health Information (PHI) as defined by and in accordance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), and is subject to applicable Privacy and Security Standards.

Family members as it relates to GINA include dependents, plus all relatives to the fourth degree, without regard to whether they are related by blood, marriage, or adoption. Underwriting as it relates to GINA includes any rules for determining eligibility, computing premiums or contributions, and applying pre-

existing condition limitations. Offering reduced premiums or other rewards for providing genetic information would be impermissible underwriting.

GINA will not prohibit a health care Provider who is treating an individual from requesting that the patient undergo genetic testing. The rules permit the Plan to obtain genetic test results and use them to make claims payment determinations when it is necessary to do so to determine whether the treatment provided to the patient was medically advisable and/or necessary.

The Plan may request, but not require, genetic testing in certain very limited circumstances involving research, so long as the results are not used for underwriting, and then only with written notice to the individual that participation is voluntary and will not affect eligibility for benefits, premiums or contributions. In addition, the Plan will notify and describe its activity to the Health and Human Services secretary of its activities falling within this exception.

While the Plan may collect genetic information after initial enrollment, it may not do so in connection with any annual renewal process where the collection of information affects subsequent enrollment. The Plan will not adjust premiums or increase group contributions based upon genetic information, request or require genetic testing or collect genetic information either prior to or in connection with enrollment or for underwriting purposes.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE

Termination Dates of Individual Coverage

The coverage of any Employee for himself or herself under this Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. The date upon which the Plan is terminated.
2. The date upon which he or she requests that such coverage be terminated, on the condition that such request is made on or before such date, unless prohibited by law (i.e., when election changes cannot be made due to Internal Revenue Code Section 125 “change in status” guidelines).”
3. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the Employee has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for himself or herself.
4. The date upon which the Employee’s eligible class is eliminated.
5. The last day of the calendar month in which the covered Employee ceases to be in one of the eligible classes, or if the Employer is a large employer (more than 50 full-time employees), the last day of the benefit stability period for which the covered Employee met the required minimum hours of service established by the Employer. This includes death or termination of Active Employment of the covered Employee. (See the section entitled COBRA Continuation Coverage.) It also includes an Employee on disability, Leave of Absence, or other Leave of Absence, unless the Plan specifically provides for continuation during these periods.
6. Immediately upon submission of a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan (including enrollment information), by and/or on behalf of an Employee or his or her Dependent, or upon the Employee or his or her Dependent gaining knowledge of the submission, as determined by the Plan Administrator in its discretion, consistent with applicable laws and/or rules regarding such rescission.
7. As otherwise specified in the Eligibility section of the Plan.

NOTE: Except in certain circumstances, a covered Employee may be eligible for COBRA Continuation Coverage. For a complete explanation of when COBRA Continuation Coverage is available, what conditions apply and how to select it, see the section entitled “COBRA Continuation Coverage.”

Termination Dates of Retiree Coverage

The coverage of any Retired Employee who is covered under the Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. The date of termination of the Plan;
2. The date the covered Retired Employee’s eligible class is eliminated;
3. The date of death of the covered Retiree;
4. The first day of the calendar month in which the Retired Employee reaches age 65 or becomes eligible for Medicare for any reason;
5. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the retiree has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for himself or herself;
6. Immediately upon submission of a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan (including enrollment information), by and/or on behalf of a Retired Employee or his or her Dependent, or upon the Employee or his or her Dependent gaining knowledge of the submission, as determined by the Plan Administrator in its discretion, consistent with applicable laws and/or rules regarding such rescission, or
7. As otherwise specified in the Eligibility section of this Plan

Termination Dates of Dependent Coverage

The coverage for any Dependents of any Plan Participant who are covered under the Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. The date upon which the Plan is terminated.

2. Upon the discontinuance of coverage for Dependents under the Plan.
3. The date of termination of the Employee's coverage for himself or herself under the Plan for any reason, including death. (See COBRA Continuation Coverage for additional information).
4. The last day of the calendar month a covered Spouse loses coverage due to loss of eligibility status. (See the section entitled COBRA Continuation Coverage).
5. The first day of the calendar month in which the Spouse of a Retired Employee reaches age 65.
6. The last day of the calendar month in which the Dependent of a Retired Employee becomes eligible for Medicare for any reason or becomes eligible for other employer-sponsored coverage.
7. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the Employee has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for Dependents
8. The day immediately preceding the date such person is no longer a Dependent, except for Dependent Children, as defined herein, except as may be provided for in other areas of this section.
9. The last day of the month in which such person ceases to be a Dependent Child, as defined herein, except as may be provided for in other areas of this section or within this document.
10. For a Dependent Child whose coverage is required pursuant to a QMCSO, the last day of the calendar month as of which coverage is no longer required under the terms of the order or this Plan.
11. Immediately upon submission of a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan (including enrollment information), by and/or on behalf of an Employee, Retired Employee, or his or her Dependent, or upon the Employee or his or her Dependent gaining knowledge of the submission, as determined by the Plan Administrator in its discretion, consistent with applicable laws and/or rules regarding such rescission, or
12. As otherwise specified in the Eligibility section of this Plan.

NOTE: *The Employer offers these benefits in conjunction with a cafeteria plan under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code and a voluntary termination must comply with the requirements of the Code and the cafeteria plan.*

CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE

Note: Not all Employers are subject to COBRA. If your Employer is not subject to COBRA, you will not be eligible for COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE. You must check with your Employer to determine whether COBRA Continuation Coverage is available to you and your Dependents

Employer Continuation Coverage

A person may remain eligible for a limited time if Active, full-time work ceases due to disability, Leave of Absence, or layoff in accordance with the Employer's policies and procedures. This continuance will end as follows:

1. For disability leave only: the date the Employer ends the continuance, or 90 days from the first day of approved disability leave, whichever comes first. This 90-day period may be extended if required by law.
2. For Leave of Absence or layoff only: the date the Employer ends the continuance or 90 days from the first day of the approved Leave of Absence or layoff, whichever comes first. This 90-day period may be extended if required by applicable law.

When continued, coverage will be that which was in force on the last day worked as an Active Employee. However, if benefits reduce for others in the class, they will also reduce for the continued person.

The above noted leave(s) may run concurrently with FMLA, USERRA or any State-mandated family or medical leave, and/or any other applicable leaves of absence, as applicable and subject to applicable law. At the end of the period(s) listed above, the Participant's coverage will be deemed to have terminated for purposes of Continuation of Coverage under COBRA.

Continuation During Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) Leave

Note: Not all Employers are subject to FMLA. To the extent your Employer is subject to FMLA, regardless of the established leave policies mentioned above, the Plan shall at all times comply with FMLA.

It is the intention of the Plan Administrator to provide these benefits only to the extent required by applicable law and not to grant greater rights than those so required. During a FMLA Leave, coverage will be maintained in accordance with the same Plan conditions as coverage would otherwise be provided if the covered Employee had been a continuously active employee during the entire leave period. If Plan coverage lapses during the FMLA Leave, coverage will be reinstated for the person(s) who had coverage under the Plan when the FMLA Leave began, upon the Employee's return to work at the conclusion of the FMLA Leave.

To the extent this Plan is required to comply with a State family and medical leave law that is more generous than the FMLA, continuation of coverage under this Plan will be provided in accordance with such State family and medical leave law, as well as under FMLA.

Continuation During USERRA

Participants who are absent from employment because they are in the Uniformed Services, and who are on active military duty, must be offered the right to continue health care benefits. These rights apply only to Employees and their Dependents covered under the Plan immediately before leaving for military service.

The maximum period of coverage of a person and the person's Dependents under such an election shall be the lesser of:

- The 24 month period beginning on the date on which the person's absence begins; or

- The day after the date on which the person was required to apply for or return to a position of employment and fails to do so.

A person who elects to continue health plan coverage may pay up to 102% of the full contribution under the Plan, except a person on active duty for 30 days or less cannot be required to pay more than the Employee's share, if any, for the coverage.

An exclusion or Waiting Period may not be imposed in connection with the reinstatement of coverage upon reemployment if one would not have been imposed had coverage not been terminated because of service. However, an exclusion or Waiting Period may be imposed for coverage of any Illness or Injury determined by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to have been incurred in, or aggravated during, the performance of uniformed service.

The Employee may also have continuation rights under USERRA. In general, the Employee must meet the same requirements for electing USERRA coverage as are required under COBRA Continuation Coverage requirements. Coverage elected under these circumstances is concurrent, not cumulative. The Employee may elect USERRA Continuation Coverage for the Employee and their Dependents. Only the Employee has election rights. Dependents do not have any independent right to elect USERRA health plan continuation.

To continue coverage, Participants must comply with the terms of the Plan, including election during the Plan's annual enrollment period if an active enrollment is required, and pay their contributions, if any. In addition, USERRA also requires that, regardless of whether a Participant elected to continue his or her coverage under the Plan, his or her coverage and his or her Dependents' coverage be reinstated immediately upon his or her return to employment, so long as he or she meets certain requirements contained in USERRA. Participants should contact their participating Employer for information concerning their eligibility for USERRA and any requirements of the Plan.

Continuation During MMSERA

Montana National Guard Members. Participants performing State active duty as a Montana National Guard member may elect to continue Plan coverage subject to the terms of the Montana Military Service Employment Rights Act (MMSERA) under the following circumstances:

- 1) The period of coverage of a person under such an election shall be the period of time beginning on the date on which the person's absence for State active duty begins, and ending:
 - a. The next regularly scheduled day of employment following travel time plus 8 hours, if State active duty is 30 days or less; or
 - b. The next regularly scheduled day of employment following 14 days after termination of State active duty, if State active duty is not more than 180 days; or
 - c. The next regularly scheduled day of employment following 90 days after termination of State active duty, if State active duty is more than 180 days.
- 2) A person who elects to continue health plan coverage may be required to pay up to 102% of the full contribution under the Plan, except that a person on State active duty for less than 180 days may not be required to pay more than the regular Participant's share, if any, for the coverage.
- 3) An exclusion or Waiting Period may not be imposed in connection with the reinstatement of coverage upon reemployment if one would not have been imposed had coverage not been terminated because of service. However, an exclusion or Waiting Period may be imposed for coverage of any Illness or Injury determined by the Montana Department of Military Affairs to have been caused by or aggravated during, performance of State active duty.

Continuation During COBRA – Introduction

The right to this form of continued coverage was created by a Federal law, under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended ("COBRA"). COBRA Continuation Coverage can become available to Participants when they otherwise would lose their group health coverage. It also can become available to other members of the Participant's family who are covered under the Plan when they otherwise

would lose their group health coverage. Under the Plan, certain Participants and their eligible family members (called Qualified Beneficiaries) that elect COBRA Continuation Coverage must pay the entire cost of the coverage, including a reasonable administration fee. There are several ways coverage will terminate, including the failure of the Participant or their covered Dependents to make timely payment of contributions or premiums. For additional information, Participants should contact the Participating Employer to determine if COBRA applies to him or her and/or his or her covered Dependents.

Participants may have other options available when group health coverage is lost. For example, a Participant may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, the Participant may qualify for lower costs on his or her monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Participants can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov. Additionally, the Participant may qualify for a 30-day Special Enrollment Period for another group health plan for which the Participant is eligible (such as a Spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

COBRA Continuation Coverage

"COBRA Continuation Coverage" is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage would otherwise end because of a life event known as a "Qualifying Event." COBRA (and the description of COBRA Continuation Coverage contained in this Plan) does not apply to the following benefits (if available as part of the Employer's plan): life insurance, accidental death and dismemberment benefits, and weekly income or long term disability benefits. The aforementioned benefits are not considered for continuation under COBRA. The Plan provides no greater COBRA rights than what COBRA requires – nothing in this Plan is intended to expand the Participant's rights beyond COBRA's requirements.

Qualifying Events

A qualifying event is any of those listed below if the Plan provided that the Participant would lose coverage (i.e., cease to be covered under the same terms and conditions as in effect immediately before the qualifying event) in the absence of COBRA continuation coverage. After a Qualifying Event, COBRA Continuation Coverage must be offered to each Participant who is a "Qualified Beneficiary." A Qualified Beneficiary is someone who is or was covered by the Plan, and has lost or will lose coverage under the Plan due to the occurrence of a Qualifying Event. The Employee and/or Employee's Dependents could therefore become Qualified Beneficiaries if applicable coverage under the Plan is lost because of the Qualifying Event.

An Employee, who is properly enrolled in this Plan and is a covered Employee, will become a Qualified Beneficiary if he or she loses his or her coverage under the Plan because either one of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The hours of employment are reduced.
2. The employment ends for any reason other than gross misconduct.

The Spouse of a covered Employee will become a Qualified Beneficiary if he or she loses his or her coverage under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The Employee dies.
2. The Employee's hours of employment are reduced.
3. The Employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct.
4. The Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).
5. The Employee becomes divorced or Legally Separated from his or her Spouse.

Note: Medicare entitlement means that you are eligible for and enrolled in Medicare.

Dependent Children will become Qualified Beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The parent-covered Employee dies.
2. The parent-covered Employee's hours of employment are reduced.

3. The parent-covered Employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct.
4. The parent-covered Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both).
5. The parents become divorced or Legally Separated.
6. The Child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a Dependent Child.

Filing a proceeding in bankruptcy under title 11 of the United States Code may be a Qualifying Event. If a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to Employer, and that bankruptcy results in the loss of coverage for any retired Employee covered under the Plan, the retired Employee will become a Qualified Beneficiary, with the bankruptcy being deemed to be the Qualifying Event. The retired Employee's Dependent(s) (if applicable) will also become Qualified Beneficiaries if the bankruptcy (Qualifying Event) results in a loss of their coverage under the Plan.

Employer Notice of Qualifying Events

When the Qualifying Event is the end of employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct), reduction of hours of employment, death of the covered Employee, commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the Employer, or the covered Employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), the Employer must notify the COBRA Administrator of the Qualifying Event.

Employee Notice of Qualifying Events

In certain circumstances, the covered Employee or Qualified Beneficiary, in order to protect his or her rights under COBRA, is required to provide notification to the COBRA Administrator in writing, either by U.S. First Class Mail or hand delivery. These circumstances are any of the following:

1. **Notice of Divorce or Separation:** Notice of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event that is a divorce or Legal Separation of a covered Employee (or former Employee) from his or her Spouse.
2. **Notice of Child's Loss of Dependent Status:** Notice of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event that is an individual's ceasing to be eligible as a Dependent Child under the terms of the Plan.
3. **Notice of a Second Qualifying Event:** Notice of the occurrence of a second Qualifying Event after a Qualified Beneficiary has become entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage with a maximum duration of 18 (or 29) months.
4. **Notice Regarding Disability:** Notice that a Qualified Beneficiary entitled to receive COBRA Continuation Coverage with a maximum duration of 18 months has been determined by the Social Security Administration ("SSA") to be disabled at any time during the first 60 days of COBRA Continuation Coverage.
5. **Notice Regarding End of Disability:** Notice that a Qualified Beneficiary, with respect to whom a notice described above in #4 has been provided, has subsequently been determined by the SSA to no longer be disabled.

As indicated above, Notification of a Qualifying Event must be made in writing. Notice must be made by submitting the "Notice of Qualifying Event" form and mailing it by U.S. First Class Mail or hand delivery to the COBRA Administrator. This form is available, without charge, from the COBRA Administrator.

Notification must include an adequate description of the Qualifying Event or disability determination. Please see the remainder of this section for additional information.

Contents of Employee Notice of Qualifying Events

When applicable, the Employee or Qualified Beneficiary must provide to the COBRA Administrator the following substantiating documentation relative to a Qualifying Event:

1. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is divorce or Legal Separation, name(s) and address(es) of Spouse and Dependent Child or Children covered under the Plan, date of divorce or Legal Separation, and a copy of the decree of divorce or Legal Separation.
2. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is Medicare entitlement of the covered Employee or former Employee, date of entitlement, and name(s) and address(es) of Spouse and Dependent Child or Children covered under the Plan.

3. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is a Dependent Child's cessation of Dependent status under the Plan, name and address of the Child, reason the Child ceased to be an eligible Dependent (for example, attained limiting age).
4. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is the death of the covered Employee or former Employee, the date of death, and name(s) and address(es) of Spouse and Dependent Child or Children covered under the Plan.
5. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is disability of a Qualified Beneficiary, name and address of the disabled Qualified Beneficiary, name(s) and address(es) of other family members covered under the Plan, the date the disability began, the date of the SSA's determination, and a copy of the SSA's determination.
6. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is loss of disability status, name and address of the Qualified Beneficiary who is no longer disabled, name(s) and address(es) of other family members covered under the Plan, the date the disability ended and the date of the SSA's determination.

If a copy of the decree of divorce or Legal Separation or the SSA's determination cannot be provided by the deadline for providing the notice, complete and provide the notice, as instructed, by the deadline and submit the copy of the decree of divorce or Legal Separation or the SSA's determination within 30 days after the deadline. The notice will be timely if done so. However, no COBRA Continuation Coverage, or extension of such Coverage, will be available until the copy of the decree of divorce or Legal Separation or the SSA's determination is provided.

If the notice does not contain all of the required information, the COBRA Administrator may request additional information. If the individual fails to provide such information within the time period specified by the COBRA Administrator in the request, the COBRA Administrator may reject the notice if it does not contain enough information for the COBRA Administrator to identify the plan, the covered Employee (or former Employee), the Qualified Beneficiaries, the Qualifying Event or disability, and the date on which the Qualifying Event, if any, occurred.

Notification must be provided to the COBRA Administrator, who is:

League Services Group
101 N. Rodney St.
Helena, MT 59601-4226
(406) 442-9081
(406) 324-7455
Email: mara@mcun.coop

A form of notice is available, free of charge, from the COBRA Administrator and must be used when providing the notice.

Deadline for providing the notice

For Qualifying Events described above, notice must be furnished within 60 days of the latest occurring event set forth below:

1. The date upon which the Qualifying Event occurs.
2. The date upon which the Qualified Beneficiary loses (or would lose) Plan coverage due to a Qualifying Event.
3. The date upon which the Qualified Beneficiary is notified via the Plan's SPD or general notice, and/or becomes aware of their status as a Qualified Beneficiary and/or the occurrence of a Qualifying Event; as well as their subsequent responsibility to comply with the Plan's procedure(s) for providing notice to the COBRA Administrator regarding said status.

As described above, if an Employee or Qualified Beneficiary is determined to be disabled under the Social Security Act, the notice must be delivered no more than 60 days after the latest of:

1. The date of the disability determination by the SSA.

2. The date on which a Qualifying Event occurs.
3. The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage under the Plan as a result of the Qualifying Event.
4. The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan's SPD or the general notice, of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan's procedures for providing such notice to the COBRA Administrator.

In any event, this notice must be provided within the first 18 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage.

For a change in disability status described above, the notice must be furnished by the date that is 30 days after the later of:

1. The date of the final determination by the SSA that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled.
2. The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan's SPD or the general notice, of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan's procedures for providing such notice to the COBRA Administrator.

The notice must be postmarked (if mailed), or received by the COBRA Administrator (if hand delivered), by the deadline set forth above. If the notice is late, the opportunity to elect or extend COBRA Continuation Coverage is lost, and if the person is electing COBRA Continuation Coverage, his or her coverage under the Plan will terminate on the last date for which he or she is eligible under the terms of the Plan, or if the person is extending COBRA Continuation Coverage, such Coverage will end on the last day of the initial 18 month COBRA coverage period.

Who Can Provide the Notice

Any individual who is the covered Employee (or former Employee) with respect to a Qualifying Event, or any representative acting on behalf of the covered Employee (or former Employee) or Qualified Beneficiary, may provide the notice. Notice by one individual shall satisfy any responsibility to provide notice on behalf of all related Qualified Beneficiaries with respect to the Qualifying Event.

Required Contents of the Notice

After receiving a notice of a Qualifying Event, the Plan must provide the Qualified Beneficiary with an election notice, which describes their rights to COBRA Continuation Coverage and how to make such an election. The notice must contain the following information:

1. Name and address of the covered Employee or former Employee.
2. Name of the Plan and the name, address, and telephone number of the Plan's COBRA administrator.
3. Identification of the Qualifying Event and its date (the initial Qualifying Event and its date if the Qualifying Participant is already receiving COBRA Continuation Coverage and wishes to extend the maximum coverage period).
4. A description of the Qualifying Event (for example, divorce, Legal Separation, cessation of Dependent status, entitlement to Medicare by the covered Employee or former Employee, death of the covered Employee or former Employee, disability of a Qualified Beneficiary or loss of disability status).
5. Identification of the Qualified Beneficiaries (by name or by status).
6. An explanation of the Qualified Beneficiaries' right to elect continuation coverage.
7. The date coverage will terminate (or has terminated) if continuation coverage is not elected.
8. How to elect continuation coverage.
9. What will happen if continuation coverage isn't elected or is waived.
10. What continuation coverage is available, for how long, and (if it is for less than 36 months), how it can be extended for disability or second qualifying events.
11. How continuation coverage might terminate early.
12. Premium payment requirements, including due dates and grace periods.
13. A statement of the importance of keeping the Plan Administrator informed of the addresses of Qualified Beneficiaries.

14. A statement that the election notice does not fully describe COBRA or the plan and that more information is available from the Plan Administrator and in the SPD.
15. A certification that the information is true and correct, a signature and date.

Electing COBRA Continuation Coverage

Complete instructions on how to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage will be provided by the COBRA Administrator within 14 days of receiving the notice of the Qualifying Event. The individual then has 60 days in which to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage. The 60 day period is measured from the later of the date coverage terminates or the date of the notice containing the instructions. If COBRA Continuation Coverage is not elected in that 60 day period, then the right to elect it ceases.

Each Qualified Beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage. Covered Employees may elect COBRA Continuation Coverage on behalf of all other Qualified Beneficiaries, including their Spouses, and parents or a legal guardian may elect COBRA Continuation Coverage on behalf of their Children.

In the event that the COBRA Administrator determines that the individual is not entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage, the COBRA Administrator will provide to the individual an explanation as to why he or she is not entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage.

Waiver Before the End of the Election Period

If, during the election period, a Qualified Beneficiary waives COBRA continuation coverage, the waiver can be revoked at any time before the end of the election period. Revocation of the waiver is an election of COBRA continuation coverage. However, if a waiver is later revoked, coverage need not be provided retroactively (that is, from the date of the loss of coverage until the waiver is revoked). Waivers and revocations of waivers are considered made on the date they are sent to the Plan Administrator or its designee, as applicable.

Duration of COBRA Continuation Coverage

The maximum time period shown below shall dictate for how long COBRA Continuation Coverage will be available. The maximum time period for coverage is based on the type of the Qualifying Event and the status of the Qualified Beneficiary. Multiple Qualifying Events that may be combined under COBRA will not ordinarily continue coverage for more than 36 months beyond the date of the original Qualifying Event. When the Qualifying Event is "entitlement to Medicare," the 36 month continuation period is measured from the date of the original Qualifying Event. For all other Qualifying Events, the continuation period is measured from the date of the Qualifying Event, not the date of loss of coverage.

In the case of a bankruptcy Qualifying Event, the maximum coverage period for a Qualified Beneficiary who is the covered retiree ends on the date of the retiree's death. The maximum coverage period for a Qualified Beneficiary who is the covered Dependent of the retiree ends on the earlier of the Qualified Beneficiary's death or 36 months after the death of the retiree.

When the Qualifying Event is the death of the covered Employee (or former Employee), the covered Employee's (or former Employee's) becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), a divorce or Legal Separation, or a Dependent Child's losing eligibility as a Dependent Child, COBRA Continuation Coverage lasts for up to a total of 36 months.

When the Qualifying Event is the end of employment or reduction of the covered Employee's hours of employment, and the covered Employee became entitled to Medicare benefits less than 18 months before the Qualifying Event, COBRA Continuation Coverage for Qualified Beneficiaries other than the covered Employee lasts until 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement. For example, if a covered Employee becomes entitled to Medicare eight months before the date on which his or her employment terminates, COBRA Continuation Coverage for his or her Spouse and Children can last up to thirty-six months after the date of Medicare entitlement, which is equal to twenty-eight months after the date of the Qualifying Event (thirty-six months minus eight months).

Otherwise, when the Qualifying Event is the end of employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct) or reduction of the covered Employee's hours of employment, COBRA Continuation Coverage generally lasts for only up to a total of 18 months. There are two ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage can be extended.

Disability Extension of COBRA Continuation Coverage

Disability can extend the 18 month period of continuation coverage for a Qualifying Event that is a termination of employment or reduction of hours, if an Employee or anyone in an Employee's family covered under the Plan is determined by the Social Security Administration ("SSA") to be disabled, and the Employee notifies the COBRA Administrator. The Employee and his or her Dependents may thereby be entitled to an additional 11 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, for a total of 29 months, if the disability started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA Continuation Coverage and lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage. The Plan can charge 150% of the premium cost for the extended period of coverage.

Second Qualifying Event Extension of COBRA Continuation Coverage

If an Employee's family experiences another Qualifying Event while receiving 18 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, Dependents may receive up to 18 additional months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if notice of the second Qualifying Event is provided to the Plan Administrator or COBRA Administrator in accordance with the procedures set forth herein. This extension may be applicable to the Employee's death, Medicare Parts A and/or B eligibility, divorce or Legal Separation, or a loss of Dependent status under the terms of the Plan if the event would have also caused the Spouse or Dependent Child to lose coverage under the Plan regardless of whether the first Qualifying Event had occurred.

Shorter Duration of COBRA Continuation Coverage

COBRA establishes required periods of coverage for continuation health benefits. A plan, however, may provide longer periods of coverage beyond those required by COBRA. COBRA Qualified Beneficiaries generally are eligible for group coverage during a maximum of 18 months after Qualifying Events arising due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain Qualifying Events, or a second Qualifying Events during the initial period of coverage, may permit a Qualified Beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

It is not necessary that COBRA Continuation Coverage be in effect for the maximum period of time, as set forth herein. COBRA Continuation Coverage will terminate immediately, unless otherwise noted, upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- Contributions are not paid in full on a timely basis,
- The Plan Sponsor ceases to maintain any group health plan,
- The Qualified Beneficiary begins coverage under another group health plan after electing continuation coverage,
- The Qualified Beneficiary enrolls in Medicare Part A or B after electing continuation coverage (except as stated under COBRA's special bankruptcy rules),
- The Qualified Beneficiary engages in fraud or other conduct that would justify termination of coverage of a similarly situated participant or beneficiary not receiving continuation coverage, or
- If covered under an 11-month disability extension, there is a final determination that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled for Social Security Purposes (coverage shall terminate on the first day of the month at least 30 days after the determination is made that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled).

If COBRA Continuation Coverage is terminated early, the Plan will provide the Qualified Beneficiary with an early termination notice.

Employee Notice of Other Enrollment

If the Qualified Beneficiary becomes enrolled in Medicare or under another group health plan after electing COBRA Continuation Coverage, the Qualified Beneficiary must notify the COBRA Administrator in writing immediately.

Contribution and/or Premium Requirements

The cost of the elected COBRA Continuation Coverage must be paid within 45 days of its election. Payments will then be subsequently due on the first day of each month. COBRA Continuation Coverage will be canceled and will not be reinstated if any payment is made late; however, the Plan Administrator must allow for a 30 day grace period during which a late payment may still be made without the loss of COBRA Continuation Coverage.

Additional Information

Please contact the COBRA Administrator with any questions about the Plan and COBRA Continuation Coverage at the following:

League Services Group
101 N. Rodney St.
Helena, MT 59601-4226
(406) 442-9081
(406) 324-7455
Email: mara@mcun.coop

Questions concerning the Plan or COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact identified above. For more information about a Participant's rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, HIPAA, the Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) or visit <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa>. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

Current Addresses

Important information may be distributed by mail. In order to protect the rights of the Employee's family, the Employee should keep the COBRA Administrator (who has been previously identified in this Continuation of Coverage section) informed of any changes in the addresses of family members.

GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

Some health care services are not covered by the Plan. Coverage is not available from the Plan for charges arising from care, supplies, treatment, and/or services:

Administrative Costs. That are solely for and/or applicable to administrative costs of completing claim forms or reports or for providing records wherever allowed by applicable law and/or regulation.

After the Termination Date. That are Incurred by the Participant on or after the date coverage terminates, even if payments have been predetermined for a course of treatment submitted before the termination date, unless otherwise deemed to be covered in accordance with the terms of the Plan or applicable law and/or regulation.

Alcohol or Drugs. This Plan also excludes charges for services, supplies, care or treatment to a Participant for an Injury or Illness which occurred as a result of that Participant operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs or a combination thereof or operating a motor vehicle with a blood or breath alcohol content (BAC) above the legal limit. The arresting officer's determination of inebriation will be sufficient for this exclusion. Such charges will be excluded regardless of whether such motor vehicle operation rises to the level of a serious illegal act. Expenses will be covered for injured Participants other than the person operating the vehicle while under the influence or a BAC above the legal limit, and expenses may be covered for chemical dependency treatment as specified in this Plan.

This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from being the victim of an act of domestic violence or from a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition whether or not diagnosed before the incident.

Broken Appointments. That are charged solely due to the Participant's having failed to honor an appointment.

Coding Guidelines. Charges for inappropriate coding in accordance to the industry standard guidelines in effect at the time services were received.

Complications of Non-Covered Services. That are required as a result of complications from a service not covered under the Plan, unless expressly stated otherwise.

Computerized Items. Charges for computerized items including, but not limited to, Durable Medical Equipment, prosthetic limbs, and communication devices. Payable for deluxe prosthetics and computerized limbs will be payable based on the Allowable Charge for a standard prosthesis.

Confined/Incarcerated Persons. That are for services, supplies, and/or treatment arising from confinement in a prison, jail or other penal institution.

Cosmetic Surgery. That are Incurred in connection with the care and/or treatment of Surgical Procedures which are performed for plastic, reconstructive or cosmetic purposes or any other service or supply which are primarily used to improve, alter or enhance appearance, whether or not for psychological or emotional reasons, except to the extent where it is needed: (a) for repair or alleviation of damage resulting from an Accident; (b) because of infection or Illness; (c) because of congenital disease, developmental condition or anomaly of a covered Dependent Child which has resulted in a functional defect. A treatment will be considered cosmetic for either of the following reasons: (a) its primary purpose is to beautify or (b) there is no documentation of a clinically significant impairment, meaning decrease in function or change in physiology due to Injury, Illness or congenital abnormality. The term "cosmetic services" includes those services which are described in IRS Code Section 213(d)(9).

Counseling. Care and treatment for marital or pre-marital counseling; education, social, behavioral or recreational therapy except as specifically stated as a benefit under this Plan; sex or interpersonal relationship counseling or counseling with a participant's friend, employer, school counselor, or school

teacher. This exclusion does not apply to Medically Necessary treatment of a Mental Disorder or Substance Use Disorder.

Custodial Care. That do not restore health or are provided mainly as a rest cure or for maintenance care, unless specifically mentioned otherwise.

Excess. That exceed Plan limits, set forth herein and including (but not limited to) the Maximum Allowable Charge in the Plan Administrator's discretion and as determined by the Plan Administrator, in accordance with the Plan terms as set forth by and within this document.

Exercise programs. Exercise programs for treatment of any condition, except for Physician-supervised cardiac rehabilitation, occupational or physical therapy if covered by this Plan.

Experimental. That are Experimental or Investigational.

Family Member. That are performed by a person who is related to the Participant as a Spouse, parent, Child, brother or sister, whether the relationship exists by virtue of "blood" or "in law".

Foreign Travel. That are received outside of the United States if travel is for the purpose of obtaining medical services, unless otherwise approved by the Plan Administrator.

Government. That the Participant obtains, but which is paid, may be paid, is provided or could be provided at no cost to the Participant through any program or agency, in accordance with the laws or regulations of any government, or where care is provided at government expense, unless there is a legal obligation for the Participant to pay for such treatment or service in the absence of coverage. This Exclusion does not apply when otherwise prohibited by law, including laws applicable to Medicaid and Medicare.

Government-Operated Facilities. That meet the following requirements:

1. That are furnished to the Participant in any veteran's Hospital, military Hospital, Institution or facility operated by the United States government or by any State government or any agency or instrumentality of such governments.
2. That can be paid for by any government agency, even if the patient waives his rights to those services or supplies.

NOTE: *This Exclusion does not apply to treatment of non-service related disabilities or for Inpatient care provided in a military or other Federal government Hospital to Dependents of active duty armed service personnel or armed service retirees and their Dependents. This Exclusion does not apply where otherwise prohibited by law.*

Hair Loss. Care and treatment for hair loss including wigs, hair transplants or any drug that promises hair growth, whether or not prescribed by a Physician, except for wigs after chemotherapy or radiation therapy.

Hazardous Pursuit, Hobby or Activity. That are of an Injury or Illness that results from engaging in a hazardous pursuit, hobby or activity. A pursuit, hobby or activity is hazardous if it involves or exposes an individual to risk of a degree or nature not customarily undertaken in the course of the Participant's customary occupation or if it involves activities commonly considered as involving unusual or exceptional risks, characterized by a constant threat of danger or risk of bodily harm **including but not limited to:** reckless operation of machinery, travel to countries with advisory warnings, use of weapons and explosives, and other activities deemed hazardous by the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion.

Hospital Employees. Professional services billed by a Physician or nurse who is an employee of a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility and paid by the Hospital or facility for the service.

Illegal Acts. Charges for services received as a result of an Illness or Injury occurring directly, or indirectly as a result of a serious criminal act, or a riot or public disturbance, or regardless of causation, if such Illness or Injury occurs in connection with, or while engaged in, or attempting to engage in, a serious criminal act,

or a riot or public disturbance. For the purposes of this exclusion, the term "serious criminal act" shall mean any act or series of acts by the Plan Participant, or by the Plan Participant in concert with another or others, for which, if prosecuted as a criminal offense, a sentence to a term of imprisonment in excess of one year could be imposed. For this exclusion to apply, it is not necessary that criminal charges be filed, or if filed, that a conviction result, or that a sentence of imprisonment for a term in excess of one year be imposed.

This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from being the victim of an act of domestic violence or from a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition whether or not diagnosed before the incident.

Incurred by Other Persons. That are expenses actually Incurred by other persons.

Infertility. Care, supplies, services, and treatment for infertility, artificial insemination, or in vitro fertilization.

Intraoperative Neuromonitoring. Charges associated with intraoperative neuromonitoring, intraoperative electromyographic monitoring, and/or intraoperative neurophysiology monitoring.

Long-Term Care. That are related to long-term care.

Mailing or sales tax. Charges for mailing, shipping, handling, postage, conveyance, and/or sales tax.

Medical Necessity. That are not Medically Necessary and/or arise from services and/or supplies that are not Medically Necessary.

Military Service. That are related to conditions determined by the Veteran's Administration to be connected to active service in the military of the United States, except to the extent prohibited or modified by law.

Negligence. That are for Injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any caregiver, Institution, or Provider, as determined by the Plan Administrator, in its discretion, in light of applicable laws and evidence available to the Plan Administrator.

No Coverage. That are Incurred at a time when no coverage is in force for the applicable Participant and/or Dependent.

No Legal Obligation. That are for services provided to a Participant for which the Provider of a service does not and/or would not customarily render a direct charge, or charges Incurred for which the Participant or Plan has no legal obligation to pay, or for which no charges would be made in the absence of this coverage, including but not limited to charges for services not actually rendered, fees, care, supplies, or services for which a person, company or any other entity except the Participant or the Plan, may be liable for necessitating the fees, care, supplies, or services.

No Physician recommendation. Care, treatment, services or supplies not recommended and approved by a Physician; or treatment, services or supplies when the Plan Participant is not under the regular care of a Physician. Regular care means ongoing medical supervision or treatment which is appropriate care for the Injury or Illness.

Non-emergency Hospital admissions. Care and treatment billed by a Hospital for non-medical emergency admissions on a Friday or a Saturday. This does not apply if surgery is performed within 24 hours of admission.

Non-Prescription Drugs. That are for drugs for use outside of a Hospital or other Inpatient facility that can be purchased over-the-counter and without a Physician's written prescription. Drugs for which there is a non-prescription equivalent available. This does not apply to the extent the non-prescription drug must be covered under Preventive Care, subject to the Affordable Care Act, as amended.

Not Acceptable. That are not accepted as standard practice by the American Medical Association (AMA), American Dental Association (ADA), or the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

Not Covered Provider. That are performed by Providers that do not satisfy all the requirements per the Provider definition as defined within this Plan.

Not Specified As Covered. That are not specified as covered under any provision of this Plan.

Occupational. Care and treatment of an Injury or Illness that is occupational – that is, arises from work for wage or profit including self-employment. This exclusion applies regardless of the availability of or coverage by Workers' Compensation or occupational disease benefits, even if the Plan Participant:

- a. Has waived his/her rights to Workers' Compensation benefits;
- b. Was eligible for Workers' Compensation benefits and failed to properly file a claim for such benefits;
- c. Is permitted to elect not to be covered under Workers' Compensation but has failed to properly file for such election; or
- d. Executed a disputed liability settlement with Worker's Compensation.

Other than Attending Physician. That are other than those certified by a Physician who is attending the Participant as being required for the treatment of Injury or Illness, and performed by an appropriate Provider.

Personal Injury Insurance. That are in connection with an automobile accident for which benefits payable hereunder are, or would be otherwise covered by, mandatory no-fault automobile insurance or any other similar type of personal injury insurance required by state or federal law, without regard to whether the Participant actually had such mandatory coverage. Benefits will be excluded to the amount of first party medical coverage required under the applicable state law, regardless of a Participant's election of lesser coverage. This Exclusion does not apply if the Injured person is a passenger in a non-family owned vehicle or a pedestrian.

Postage, Shipping, Handling Charges, Etc. That are for any postage, shipping or handling charges which may occur in the transmittal of information to the Third Party Administrator; including interest or financing charges.

Prior to Coverage. That are rendered or received prior to or after any period of coverage hereunder, except as specifically provided herein.

Professional (and Semi-Professional) Athletics (Injury/Illness). That are in connection with any Injury or Illness arising out of or in the course of any employment for wage or profit; or related to professional or semi-professional athletics, including practice.

Prohibited by Law. That are themselves prohibited by applicable law, in general or within the context of the course of treatment, or to the extent that payment under this Plan is prohibited by applicable law.

Provider Error. That are required as a result of unreasonable Provider error.

Subrogation, Reimbursement, and/or Third Party Recovery. That are for an Illness or Injury not payable by virtue of the Plan's subrogation, reimbursement, and/or third party recovery provisions.

Unreasonable. That are required to treat Illness or Injuries arising from and due to error(s) caused at the time of treatment by the treating Provider, including, but not limited to, a Physician or Hospital, wherein such Illness, Injury, infection or complication is not reasonably expected to occur. This Exclusion will apply to expenses directly or indirectly resulting from circumstances that, in the opinion of the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion, gave rise to the expense, which was caused directly or indirectly by the treating Provider, and are not generally foreseeable or expected amongst professionals practicing the same or similar type(s) of medicine as the treating Provider whose error caused the loss(es).

War/Riot. That are Incurred as a result of war or any act of war, whether declared or undeclared, or any act of aggression by any country, including rebellion or riot, when the Participant is a member of the armed forces of any country, or during service by a Participant in the armed forces of any country, or voluntary participation in a riot. This Exclusion does not apply to any Participant who is not a member of the armed forces, and does not apply to victims of any act of war or aggression.

With respect to any Illness or Injury which is otherwise covered by the Plan, the Plan will not deny benefits otherwise provided for treatment of the Illness or Injury if the Illness or Injury results from being the victim of an act of domestic violence or a documented medical condition, even if the condition is not diagnosed before the Illness or Injury. To the extent consistent with applicable law, this exception will not require this Plan to provide particular benefits other than those provided under the terms of the Plan.

PLAN ADMINISTRATION

The Plan Administrator has been granted the authority to administer the Plan. The Plan Administrator has retained the services of the Third Party Administrator to provide certain claims processing and other technical services. The claims processing and other technical services delegated to the Third Party Administrator notwithstanding, the Plan Administrator reserves the unilateral right and power to administer and to interpret, construe and construct the terms and provisions of the Plan, including without limitation, correcting any error or defect, supplying any omission, reconciling any inconsistency and making factual determinations.

Plan Administrator

The Plan is administered by the Plan Administrator within the purview of ERISA, and in accordance with these provisions. An individual, committee, or entity may be appointed by the Plan Sponsor to be Plan Administrator and serve at the convenience of the Plan Sponsor. If the appointed Plan Administrator or a committee member resigns, dies, is otherwise unable to perform, is dissolved, or is removed from the position, the Plan Sponsor shall appoint a new Plan Administrator as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan Administrator may delegate to one or more individuals or entities part or all of its discretionary authority under the Plan, provided that any such delegation must be made in writing.

The Plan shall be administered by the Plan Administrator, in accordance with its terms. Policies, interpretations, practices, and procedures are established and maintained by the Plan Administrator. It is the express intent of this Plan that the Plan Administrator shall have maximum legal discretionary authority to construe and interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan, to make all interpretive and factual determinations as to whether any individual is eligible and entitled to receive any benefit under the terms of this Plan, to decide disputes which may arise with respect to a Participant's rights, and to decide questions of Plan interpretation and those of fact relating to the Plan. The decisions of the Plan Administrator will be final and binding on all interested parties. Benefits will be paid under this Plan only if the Plan Administrator, in its discretion, determines that the Participant is entitled to them.

If due to errors in drafting, any Plan provision does not accurately reflect its intended meaning, as demonstrated by prior interpretations or other evidence of intent, or as determined by the Plan Administrator in its sole and exclusive judgment, the provision shall be considered ambiguous and shall be interpreted by the Plan Administrator in a fashion consistent with its intent, as determined by the Plan Administrator. The Plan may be amended retroactively to cure any such ambiguity, notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary.

The foregoing provisions of this Plan may not be invoked by any person to require the Plan to be interpreted in a manner which is inconsistent with its interpretations by the Plan Administrator. All actions taken and all determinations by the Plan Administrator shall be final and binding upon all persons claiming any interest under the Plan subject only to the claims appeal procedures of the Plan.

Duties of the Plan Administrator

The duties of the Plan Administrator include the following:

1. To administer the Plan in accordance with its terms.
2. To determine all questions of eligibility, status and coverage under the Plan.
3. To interpret the Plan, including the authority to construe possible ambiguities, inconsistencies, omissions and disputed terms.
4. To make factual findings.
5. To decide disputes which may arise relative to a Participant's rights and/or availability of benefits.
6. To prescribe procedures for filing a claim for benefits, to review claim denials and appeals relating to them and to uphold or reverse such denials.
7. To keep and maintain the Plan documents and all other records pertaining to the Plan.
8. To appoint and supervise a Third Party Administrator to pay claims.

9. To perform all necessary reporting as required by ERISA.
10. To establish and communicate procedures to determine whether a Medical Child Support Order or National Medical Support Notice is a QMCSO.
11. To delegate to any person or entity such powers, duties and responsibilities as it deems appropriate.
12. To approve, in its sole discretion, payment of, or reimbursement for, Covered Expenses rendered by a Provider which has agreed to a charge for its services that are less than, or equal to, the charges that would otherwise be paid by the Plan; provided, reimbursement to a Participant for a Provider that accepts only cash payments from the Participant, shall be subject to the applicable Deductibles, Copayments or out-of-pocket requirements of the Plan.
13. To negotiate or approve contracts with specific Providers as the Plan Administrator deems is in the best interest of the Plan; including payment of a different amount payable under the Plan, taking into consideration specific circumstances.
14. To adjust, settle, contest, compromise and arbitrate any claims, debts or damages due and owing to or from the Plan, and to sue, commence or defend any legal proceedings in reference thereto. If the Plan Administrator considers it in the best interest of the Plan, they may abstain from enforcing any right, obligation or claim, or abandon any property held by the Plan.
15. To impose limitations of benefits and/or Providers as the Plan Administrator deems necessary or appropriate to ensure the fiscal viability of the Plan; provided, such limitations shall be applied in a uniform and consistent manner to all persons in similar circumstances; and
16. To perform each and every function necessary for or related to the Plan's administration.

Amending and Terminating the Plan

This Plan was established for the exclusive benefit of the Employees with the intention it will continue indefinitely; however, as the settlor of the Plan, the Plan Sponsor, through its directors and officers, may, in its sole discretion, at any time, amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. This includes amending the benefits under the Plan or the trust agreement (if any). All amendments to this Plan shall become effective as of a date established by the Plan Sponsor.

Any amendment to the Plan that is not made effective at the beginning of a normal Plan Year by integration into a full Plan Document restatement, including suspension and/or termination, shall follow the amendment procedure outlined in this section. The amendment procedure is accomplished by a separate, written amendment decided upon and/or enacted by resolution of the Plan Sponsor's directors or officers (in compliance with its articles of incorporation or bylaws and if these provisions are deemed applicable), or by the sole proprietor in his or her own discretion if the Plan Sponsor is a sole proprietorship, but always in accordance with applicable Federal and State law, including – where applicable – notification rules provided for and as required by ERISA.

If the Plan is terminated, the rights of the Participants are limited to expenses Incurred before termination. In connection with the termination, the Plan Sponsor may establish a deadline by which all claims must be submitted for consideration. Benefits will be paid only for Covered Expenses Incurred prior to the termination date and submitted in accordance with the rules established by the Plan Sponsor. Upon termination, any Plan assets will be used to pay outstanding claims and all expenses of Plan termination. As it relates to distribution of assets upon termination of the Plan, any contributions paid by Participants will be used for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits and defraying reasonable expenses related to Plan administration, and will not inure to the benefit of the Employer.

Summary of Material Modification (SMM)

A Summary of Material Modifications reports changes in the information provided within the Summary Plan Description. Examples include a change to Deductibles, eligibility or the addition or deletion of coverage.

The Plan Administrator shall notify all covered Employees of any plan amendment considered a Material Modification by the Plan as soon as administratively feasible after its adoption, but no later than within 210 days after the close of the Plan Year in which the changes became effective. If said Material Modification is affected by amendment as described above, distribution of a copy of said written amendment, within all

applicable time limits, shall be deemed sufficient notification to satisfy the Plan's Summary of Material Modifications requirements.

NOTE: *The Affordable Care Act (ACA) requires that if a Plan's Material Modifications are not reflected in the Plan's most recent Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) then the Plan must provide written notice to Participants at least 60 days before the effective date of the Material Modification.*

Summary of Material Reduction (SMR)

A Summary of Material Reduction (SMR) is a type of SMM. A Material Reduction generally means any modification that would be considered by the average Participant to be an important reduction in covered services or benefits. Examples include reductions in benefits or increases in Deductibles or Copayments.

The Plan Administrator shall notify all eligible Employees of any plan amendment considered a Material Reduction in covered services or benefits provided by the Plan as soon as administratively feasible after its adoption, but no later than 60 days after the date of adoption of the reduction. Eligible Employees and beneficiaries must be furnished a summary of such reductions, and any changes so made shall be binding on each Participant. The 60 day period for furnishing a summary of Material Reduction does not apply to any Employee covered by the Plan who would reasonably expect to receive a summary through other means within the next 90 days.

If said Material Reduction is affected by amendment as described above, distribution of a copy of said written amendment, within all applicable time limits, shall be deemed sufficient notification to satisfy the Plan's Summary of Material Reduction requirements.

Material Reduction disclosure provisions are subject to the requirements of ERISA and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) and any related amendments.

Misuse of Identification Card

If an Employee or covered Dependent permits any person who is not a covered Participant of the Family Unit to use any identification card issued, the Plan Sponsor may give Employee written notice that his (and his family's) coverage will be terminated in accordance with the Plan's provisions.

CLAIM PROCEDURES; PAYMENT OF CLAIMS

Introduction

In accordance with applicable law, the Plan will allow an authorized representative to act on a Claimant's behalf in pursuing or appealing a benefit claim.

The availability of health benefit payments is dependent upon Claimants complying with the following:

Health Claims

Full and final authority to adjudicate claims and make determinations as to their payability by and under the Plan belongs to and resides solely with the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator shall make claims adjudication determinations after full and fair review and in accordance with the terms of this Plan and with ERISA. To receive due consideration, claims for benefits and questions regarding said claims should be directed to the Third Party Administrator. The Plan Administrator may delegate to the Third Party Administrator responsibility to process claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Plan Administrator's directive(s). The Third Party Administrator is not a fiduciary of the Plan and does not have discretionary authority to make claims payment decisions or interpret the meaning of the Plan terms.

Written proof that expenses eligible for Plan reimbursement and/or payment were Incurred, as well as proof of their eligibility for payment by the Plan, must be provided to the Plan Administrator via the Third Party Administrator. Although a Provider of medical services and/or supplies may submit such claims directly to the Plan by virtue of an assignment of benefits, ultimate responsibility for supplying such written proof remains with the Claimant. The Plan Administrator may determine the time and fashion by which such proof must be submitted. No benefits shall be payable under the Plan if the Plan Administrator determines that the claims are not eligible for Plan payment, or, if inadequate proof is provided by the Claimant or entities submitting claims to the Plan on the Claimant's behalf.

A call from a Provider who wants to know if an individual is covered under the Plan, or if a certain procedure is covered by the Plan, prior to providing treatment is not a "claim," since an actual claim for benefits is not being filed with the Plan. These are simply requests for information, and any response is not a guarantee of benefits, since payment of benefits is subject to all Plan provisions, limitations and Exclusions. Once treatment is rendered, a Clean Claim must be filed with the Plan (which will be a "Post-service Claim"). At that time, a determination will be made as to what benefits are payable under the Plan.

A Claimant has the right to request a review of an Adverse Benefit Determination. If the claim is denied at the end of the appeal process, as described below, the Plan's final decision is known as a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination. If the Claimant receives notice of a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, or if the Plan does not follow the claims procedures properly, the Claimant then has the right to request an independent external review. The external review procedures are described below.

The claims procedures are intended to provide a full and fair review. This means, among other things, that claims and appeals will be decided in a manner designed to ensure the independence and impartiality of the persons involved in making these decisions.

Benefits will be payable to a Claimant, or to a Provider that has accepted an assignment of benefits as consideration in full for services rendered.

According to Federal regulations which apply to the Plan, there are four types of claims: Pre-service (Urgent and Non-urgent), Concurrent Care and Post-service.

1. **Pre-service Claims.** A "Pre-service Claim" occurs when issuance of payment by the Plan is dependent upon determination of payability prior to the receipt of the applicable medical care; however, if the Plan does not require the Claimant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment, then there is no "Pre-service Claim."

Urgent care or Emergency medical services or admissions will not require notice to the Plan prior to the receipt of care. Furthermore, if in the opinion of a Physician with knowledge of the Claimant's medical condition, pre-determination of payability by the Plan prior to the receipt of medical care (a Pre-service Claim) would result in a delay adequate to jeopardize the life or health of the Claimant, hinder the Claimant's ability to regain maximum function (compared to treatment without delay), or subject the Claimant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment that is the subject of the claim, said claim may be deemed to be a "Pre-service Urgent Care Claim." In such circumstances, the Claimant is urged to obtain the applicable care without delay, and communicate with the Plan regarding their claim(s) as soon as reasonably possible.

If, due to Emergency or urgency as defined above, a Pre-service claim is not possible, the Claimant must comply with the Plan's requirements with respect to notice required after receipt of treatment, and must file the claim as a Post-service Claim, as herein described.

Pre-admission certification of a non-Emergency Hospital admission is a "claim" only to the extent of the determination made – that the type of procedure or condition warrants Inpatient confinement for a certain number of days. The rules regarding Pre-service Claims will apply to that determination only. Once a Claimant has the treatment in question, the claim for benefits relating to that treatment will be treated as a Post-service Claim.

2. **Concurrent Claims.** If a Claimant requires an on-going course of treatment over a period of time or via a number of treatments, the Plan may approve of a "Concurrent Claim." In such circumstances, the Claimant must notify the Plan of such necessary ongoing or routine medical care, and the Plan will assess the Concurrent Claim as well as determine whether the course of treatment should be reduced or terminated. The Claimant, in turn, may request an extension of the course of treatment beyond that which the Plan has approved. If the Plan does not require the Claimant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment, then there is no need to contact the Plan Administrator to request an extension of a course of treatment, and the Claimant must simply comply with the Plan's requirements with respect to notice required after receipt of treatment, as herein described.
3. **Post-service Claims.** A "Post-service Claim" is a claim for benefits from the Plan after the medical services and/or supplies have already been provided.

When Claims Must Be Filed

Post-service health claims (which must be Clean Claims) must be filed with the Third Party Administrator within 365 days of the date charges for the service(s) and/or supplies were Incurred. Claims filed later than that date shall be denied. Benefits are based upon the Plan's provisions at the time the charges were Incurred.

A Pre-service Claim (including a Concurrent claim that also is a Pre-service claim) is considered to be filed when the request for approval of treatment or services is received by the Third Party Administrator in accordance with the Plan's procedures.

A Post-service Claim is considered to be filed when the following information is received by the Third Party Administrator, together with the industry standard claim form:

1. The date of service.
2. The name, address, telephone number and tax identification number of the Provider of the services or supplies.
3. The place where the services were rendered.
4. The Diagnosis and procedure codes.
5. Any applicable pre-negotiated rate.
6. The name of the Plan.
7. The name of the covered Employee.
8. The name of the patient.

Upon receipt of this information, the claim will be deemed to be initiated with the Plan.

The Third Party Administrator will determine if enough information has been submitted to enable proper consideration of the claim (a Clean Claim). If not, more information may be requested as provided herein. This additional information must be received by the Third Party Administrator within 45 days (48 hours in the case of Pre-service urgent care claims) from receipt by the Claimant of the request for additional information. **Failure to do so may result in claims being declined or reduced.**

Timing of Claim Decisions

The Plan Administrator shall notify the Claimant, in accordance with the provisions set forth below, of any Adverse Benefit Determination (and, in the case of Pre-service claims and Concurrent claims, of decisions that a claim is payable in full) within the following timeframes:

1. Pre-service Urgent Care Claims:
 - a. If the Claimant has provided all of the necessary information, as soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the claim.
 - b. If the Claimant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim, then the Claimant will be notified as to what specific information is needed as soon as possible, but not later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim.
 - c. The Claimant will be notified of a determination of benefits as soon as possible, but not later than 48 hours, taking into account the medical exigencies, after the earliest of:
 - i. The Plan's receipt of the specified information.
 - ii. The end of the period afforded the Claimant to provide the information.
 - d. If there is an Adverse Benefit Determination, a request for an expedited appeal may be submitted orally or in writing by the Claimant. All necessary information, including the Plan's benefit determination on review, may be transmitted between the Plan and the Claimant by telephone, facsimile, or other similarly expeditious method. Alternatively, the Claimant may request an expedited review under the external review process.
2. Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims:
 - a. If the Claimant has provided all of the information needed to process the claim, in a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, but not later than 15 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15 day extension period.
 - b. If the Claimant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim, then the Claimant will be notified as to what specific information is needed as soon as possible. The Claimant will be notified of a determination of benefits in a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, either prior to the end of the extension period (if additional information was requested during the initial processing period), or by the date agreed to by the Plan Administrator and the Claimant (if additional information was requested during the extension period).
3. Concurrent Claims:
 - a. Plan Notice of Reduction or Termination. If the Plan Administrator is notifying the Claimant of a reduction or termination of a course of treatment (other than by Plan amendment or termination), notification will occur before the end of such period of time or number of treatments. The Claimant will be notified sufficiently in advance of the reduction or termination to allow the Claimant to appeal and obtain a determination on review of that Adverse Benefit Determination before the benefit is reduced or terminated. This rule does not apply if benefits are reduced or eliminated due to plan amendment or termination. A similar process applies for claims based on a rescission of coverage for fraud or misrepresentation.
 - b. Request by Claimant Involving Urgent Care. If the Plan Administrator receives a request from a Claimant to extend the course of treatment beyond the period of time or number of treatments involving urgent care, notification will occur as soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim, as long as the Claimant makes the request at least 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments. If the Claimant submits the request with

less than 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments, the request will be treated as a claim involving urgent care and decided within the urgent care timeframe.

- c. Request by Claimant Involving Non-urgent Care. If the Plan Administrator receives a request from the Claimant for a claim not involving urgent care, the request will be treated as a new benefit claim and decided within the timeframe appropriate to the type of claim (either as a Pre-service Non-urgent claim or a Post-service claim).
 - d. Request by Claimant Involving Rescission. With respect to rescissions, the following timetable applies:
 - i. Notification to Claimant 30 days
 - ii. Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on appeal 30 days
4. Post-service Claims:
- a. If the Claimant has provided all of the information needed to process the claim, in a reasonable period of time, but not later than 30 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15 day extension period.
 - b. If such an extension is necessary due to a failure of the Claimant to submit the information necessary to decide the claim, the notice of extension shall specifically describe the required information, and the Claimant shall be afforded at least 45 days from receipt of the notice within which to provide the specified information.
 - c. If the Claimant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim and additional information is requested during the initial processing period, then the Claimant will be notified of a determination of benefits prior to the end of the extension period, unless additional information is requested during the extension period, then the Claimant will be notified of the determination by a date agreed to by the Plan Administrator and the Claimant.
5. Extensions:
- a. Pre-service Urgent Care Claims. No extensions are available in connection with Pre-service urgent care claims.
 - b. Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims. This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the Claimant, prior to the expiration of the initial 15 day processing period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision.
 - c. Post service Claims. This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the Claimant, prior to the expiration of the initial 30 day processing period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision.
6. Calculating Time Periods. The period of time within which a benefit determination is required to be made shall begin at the time a claim is deemed to be filed in accordance with the procedures of the Plan.

Notification of an Adverse Benefit Determination

The Plan Administrator shall provide a Claimant with a notice, either in writing or electronically (or, in the case of urgent care claims, by telephone, facsimile or similar method, with written or electronic notice following within three days), containing the following information:

- 1. Information sufficient to allow the Claimant to identify the claim involved (including date of service, the health care Provider, the claim amount, if applicable, and a statement describing the availability, upon request, of the Diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).
- 2. A reference to the specific portion(s) of the Plan Document upon which a denial is based.
- 3. Specific reason(s) for a denial, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the claim.
- 4. A description of any additional information necessary for the Claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such information is necessary.

5. A description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures, including a statement of the Claimant's right to bring a civil action under Section 502(a) of ERISA following an Adverse Benefit Determination on final review.
6. A statement that the Claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the Claimant's claim for benefits.
7. Upon request, the identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice (or a statement that the identity of the expert will be provided, upon request).
8. Any rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion that was relied upon in making the determination (or a statement that it was relied upon and that a copy will be provided to the Claimant, free of charge, upon request).
9. In the case of denials based upon a medical judgment (such as whether the treatment is Medically Necessary or Experimental), either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Claimant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided to the Claimant, free of charge, upon request.
10. In a claim involving urgent care, a description of the Plan's expedited review process.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

Full and Fair Review of All Claims

In cases where a claim for benefits is denied, in whole or in part, and the Claimant believes the claim has been denied wrongly, the Claimant may appeal the denial and review pertinent documents. The claims procedures of this Plan provide a Claimant with a reasonable opportunity for a full and fair review of a claim and Adverse Benefit Determination. More specifically, the Plan provides:

1. A 180 day timeframe following receipt of a notification of an initial Adverse Benefit Determination within which to appeal the determination. The Plan will not accept appeals filed after a 180 day timeframe.
2. The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim for benefits.
3. The opportunity to review the Claim file and to present evidence and testimony as part of the internal claims and appeals process.
4. A review that does not afford deference to the previous Adverse Benefit Determination and that is conducted by an appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan, who shall be neither the individual who made the Adverse Benefit Determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual.
5. A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the Claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the prior benefit determination.
6. That, in deciding an appeal of any Adverse Benefit Determination that is based in whole or in part upon a medical judgment, the Plan fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment, who is neither an individual who was consulted in connection with the Adverse Benefit Determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of any such individual.
7. Upon request, the identity of medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice.
8. If applicable, a discussion of the basis for disagreeing with the disability determination made by either (a) the Social Security Administration; or (b) an independent medical expert that has conducted a full medical review of the Claimant if presented by the Claimant in support of the claim.
9. That a Claimant will be provided, free of charge: (a) reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claimant's claim in possession of the Plan Administrator or Third Party Administrator; (b) information regarding any voluntary appeals procedures offered by the Plan; (c) information regarding the Claimant's right to an external review process; (d) any internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion relied upon, considered or generated in making the adverse determination; and (e) an explanation of the scientific or clinical

judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Claimant's medical circumstances.

10. That a Claimant will be provided, free of charge, and sufficiently in advance of the date that the notice of Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination is required, with new or additional evidence considered, relied upon, or generated by the Plan in connection with the Claim, as well as any new or additional rationale for a denial at the internal appeals stage, and a reasonable opportunity for the Claimant to respond to such new evidence or rationale.

Requirements for First Level Appeal

The Claimant must file an appeal regarding a Post-service claim and applicable Adverse Benefit Determination, in writing within 180 days following receipt of the notice of an Adverse Benefit Determination.

For Pre-service Claims. All Pre-service claims must be sent to the Utilization Review Manager. Oral appeals should be submitted in writing as soon as possible after it has been initiated. To file any appeal in writing, the Claimant's appeal must be addressed as follows:

Boon-Chapman Benefit Administrators, Inc.
P.O. Box 9201
Austin, TX 78766
Phone: 800-252-9653
Fax: 512-459-1592
Website: www.boonchapman.com

For Post-service Claims. To file any appeal in writing, the Claimant's appeal must be addressed as follows:

Boon-Chapman Benefit Administrators, Inc.
P.O. Box 9201
Austin, TX 78766
Phone: 800-252-9653
Fax: 512-459-1592
Website: www.boonchapmen.com

It shall be the responsibility of the Claimant or authorized representative to submit an appeal under the provisions of the Plan. Any appeal must include:

1. The name of the Employee/Claimant.
2. The Employee/Claimant's social security number.
3. The group name or identification number.
4. All facts and theories supporting the claim for benefits.
5. A statement in clear and concise terms of the reason or reasons for disagreement with the handling of the claim.
6. Any material or information that the Claimant has which indicates that the Claimant is entitled to benefits under the Plan.

Timing of Notification of Benefit Determination on Review

The Plan Administrator shall notify the Claimant of the Plan's benefit determination on review within the following timeframes:

1. Pre-service Urgent Care Claims: As soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the appeal.
2. Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims: Within a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, but not later than 15 days after receipt of the appeal.
3. Concurrent Claims: The response will be made in the appropriate time period based upon the type of claim: Pre-service Urgent, Pre-service Non-urgent or Post-service.
4. Post-service Claims: Within a reasonable period of time, but not later than 30 days per internal appeal.

Calculating Time Periods. The period of time within which the Plan's determination is required to be made shall begin at the time an appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of this Plan, without regard to whether all information necessary to make the determination accompanies the filing.

Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review

The Plan Administrator shall provide a Claimant with notification, with respect to Pre-service urgent care claims, by telephone, facsimile or similar method, and with respect to all other types of claims, in writing or electronically, of a Plan's Adverse Benefit Determination on review, setting forth:

1. Information sufficient to allow the Claimant to identify the claim involved (including date of service, the health care Provider, the claim amount, if applicable, and a statement describing the availability, upon request, of the Diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).
2. Specific reason(s) for a denial, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the claim, and a discussion of the decision.
3. A reference to the specific portion(s) of the plan provisions upon which a denial is based.
4. The identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice (or a statement that the identity of the expert will be provided, upon request).
5. A statement that the Claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claimant's claim for benefits.
6. Any rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion that was relied upon, considered, or generated in making the determination will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the determination and a copy will be provided to the Claimant, free of charge, upon request.
7. A description of any additional information necessary for the Claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such information is necessary.
8. A description of available internal appeals and external review processes, including information regarding how to initiate an appeal.
9. A description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures. This description will include information on how to initiate the appeal and a statement of the Claimant's right to bring a civil action under section 502(a) of ERISA following an Adverse Benefit Determination on final review.
10. In the case of denials based upon a medical judgment (such as whether the treatment is Medically Necessary or Experimental), either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Claimant's medical circumstances, will be provided. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such explanation will be provided to the Claimant, free of charge, upon request.
11. Information about the availability of, and contact information for, an applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under applicable federal law to assist Participants with the internal claims and appeals and external review processes.
12. The following statement: "You and your Plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State insurance regulatory agency."

Furnishing Documents in the Event of an Adverse Determination

In the case of an Adverse Benefit Determination on review, the Plan Administrator shall provide such access to, and copies of, documents, records, and other information described in the provision relating to "Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review" as appropriate.

Decision on Review

The decision by the Plan Administrator or other appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan on review will be final, binding and conclusive and will be afforded the maximum deference permitted by law. All claim review procedures provided for in the Plan must be exhausted before any legal action is brought.

Requirements for Second Level Appeal

The Claimant must file an appeal regarding a Pre-service or Post-service claim and applicable Adverse Benefit Determination in writing within 60 days following receipt of the notice of the first level Adverse Benefit Determination. The second level of appeal will be reviewed by the Plan Administrator.

Two Levels of Appeal

This Plan requires two levels of appeal (Pre-service or Post-service) by a Claimant before the Plan's internal appeals are exhausted. For each level of appeal, the Claimant and the Plan are subject to the same procedures, rights, and responsibilities as stated within this Plan. Each level of appeal is subject to the above-outlined submission and response guidelines.

Once a Claimant receives an Adverse Benefit Determination in response to an initial claim for benefits, the Claimant may appeal that Adverse Benefit Determination, which will constitute the initial appeal. If the Claimant receives an Adverse Benefit Determination in response to that initial appeal, the Claimant may appeal that Adverse Benefit Determination as well, which will constitute the final internal appeal. If the Claimant receives an Adverse Benefit Determination in response to the Claimant's second appeal, such Adverse Benefit Determination will constitute Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, and the Plan's internal appeals procedures will have been exhausted.

Exception to the Deemed Exhaustion Rule

A Claimant will not be required to exhaust the internal claims and appeals procedures described above if the Plan fails to adhere to the claims procedures requirements. In such an instance, a Claimant may proceed immediately to the external review program or make a claim in court. However, the internal claim and appeals procedures will not be deemed exhausted (meaning the Claimant must adhere to them before participating in the external review program or bringing a claim in court) in the event of a de minimis violation that does not cause, and is not likely to cause, prejudice or harm to the Claimant as long as the Plan Administrator demonstrates that the violation was for good cause or due to matters beyond the control of the Plan, the violation occurred in the context of an ongoing, good faith exchange of information between the Plan and the Claimant, and the violation is not reflective of a pattern or practice of non-compliance.

If a Claimant believes the Plan Administrator has engaged in a violation of the claims procedures and would like to pursue an immediate review, the Claimant may request that the Plan provide a written explanation of the violation, including a description of the Plan's basis for asserting that the violation should not result in a "deemed exhaustion" of the claims procedures. The Plan will respond to this request within ten days. If the external reviewer or a court rejects a request for immediate review because the Plan has met the requirements for the "de minimis" exception described above, the Plan will provide the Claimant with notice of an opportunity to resubmit and pursue an internal appeal of the claim.

External Review Process

The Federal external review process does not apply to a denial, reduction, termination, or a failure to provide payment for a benefit based on a determination that a Claimant or beneficiary fails to meet the requirements for eligibility under the terms of a group health plan.

The Federal external review process, in accordance with the current Affordable Care Act regulations and other applicable law, applies only to:

1. Any eligible Adverse Benefit Determination (including a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination) by a plan or issuer that involves medical judgment (including, but not limited to, those based on the plan's or issuer's requirements for Medical Necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care, or effectiveness of a covered benefit; its determination that a treatment is Experimental or Investigational; its determination whether a Claimant or beneficiary is entitled to a reasonable alternative standard for a reward under a wellness program; its determination whether a plan or issuer is complying with the nonquantitative treatment limitation provisions of Code section 9812 and § 54.9812-1, which generally require, among other things, parity in the application of medical management techniques), as determined by the external reviewer.

2. An Adverse Benefit Determination that involves consideration of whether the Plan is complying with the surprise billing and cost-sharing protections set forth in the No Surprises Act.
3. A rescission of coverage (whether or not the rescission has any effect on any particular benefit at that time).

Standard external review

Standard external review is an external review that is not considered expedited (as described in the “expedited external review” paragraph in this section).

1. Request for external review. The Plan will allow a Claimant to file a request for an external review with the Plan if the request is filed within four months after the date of receipt of a notice of a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination. If there is no corresponding date four months after the date of receipt of such a notice, then the request must be filed by the first day of the fifth month following the receipt of the notice. For example, if the date of receipt of the notice is October 30, because there is no February 30, the request must be filed by March 1. If the last filing date would fall on a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday, the last filing date is extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday.
2. Preliminary review. Within five business days following the date of receipt of the external review request, the Plan will complete a preliminary review of the request to determine whether:
 - a. The Claimant is or was covered under the Plan at the time the health care item or service was requested or, in the case of a retrospective review, was covered under the Plan at the time the health care item or service was provided.
 - b. The Adverse Benefit Determination or the Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination does not relate to the Claimant’s failure to meet the requirements for eligibility under the terms of the Plan (e.g., worker classification or similar determination).
 - c. The Claimant has exhausted the Plan’s internal appeal process (unless the Claimant is not required to exhaust the internal appeals process under the final regulations) and rendered the appeal available for standard external review.
 - d. The Claimant has provided all the information and forms required to process an external review. Within one business day after completion of the preliminary review, the Plan will issue a notification in writing to the Claimant. If the request is complete but not eligible for external review, such notification will include the reasons for its ineligibility and contact information for the Employee Benefits Security Administration (toll-free number 866-444-EBSA (3272)). If the request is not complete, such notification will describe the information or materials needed to make the request complete and the Plan will allow a Claimant to perfect the request for external review within the four-month filing period or within the 48 hour period following the receipt of the notification, whichever is later.
3. Referral to Independent Review Organization. The Plan will assign an independent review organization (IRO) that is accredited by URAC or by a similar nationally-recognized accrediting organization to conduct the external review. Moreover, the Plan will take action against bias and to ensure independence. Accordingly, the Plan will contract with (or direct the Third Party Administrator to contract with, on its behalf) at least three IROs for assignments under the Plan and rotate claims assignments among them (or incorporate other independent unbiased methods for selection of IROs, such as random selection). In addition, the IRO may not be eligible for any financial incentives based on the likelihood that the IRO will support the denial of benefits. In reaching a decision, the assigned IRO will review the claim de novo and is not bound by any decisions or conclusions reached during the Plan’s internal claims and appeals process.
4. Reversal of Plan’s decision. Upon receipt of a notice of a final external review decision reversing the Adverse Benefit Determination or Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, the Plan will provide coverage or payment for the claim without delay, regardless of whether the plan intends to seek judicial review of the external review decision and unless or until there is a judicial decision otherwise.

Expedited external review

1. Request for expedited external review. The Plan will allow a Claimant to make a request for an expedited external review with the Plan at the time the Claimant receives:
 - a. An Adverse Benefit Determination if the Adverse Benefit Determination involves a medical condition of the Claimant for which the timeframe for completion of a standard internal appeal under the final regulations would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the Claimant or would jeopardize the Claimant's ability to regain maximum function and the Claimant has filed a request for an expedited internal appeal.
 - b. A Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, if the Claimant has a medical condition where the timeframe for completion of a standard external review would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the Claimant or would jeopardize the Claimant's ability to regain maximum function, or if the Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination concerns an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or health care item or service for which the Claimant received Emergency Services, but has not been discharged from a facility.
2. Preliminary review. Immediately upon receipt of the request for expedited external review, the Plan will determine whether the request meets the reviewability requirements set forth above for standard external review. The Plan will immediately send a notice that meets the requirements set forth above for standard external review to the Claimant of its eligibility determination.
3. Referral to Independent Review Organization. Upon a determination that a request is eligible for external review following the preliminary review, the Plan will assign an IRO pursuant to the requirements set forth above for standard review. The Plan will provide or transmit all necessary documents and information considered in making the Adverse Benefit Determination or Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination to the assigned IRO electronically or by telephone or facsimile or any other available expeditious method. The assigned IRO, to the extent the information or documents are available and the IRO considers them appropriate, will consider the information or documents described above under the procedures for standard review.
4. Notice of final external review decision. The Plan's (or Third Party Administrator's) contract with the assigned IRO will require the IRO to provide notice of the final external review decision, in accordance with the requirements set forth above, as expeditiously as the Claimant's medical condition or circumstances require, but in no event more than 72 hours after the IRO receives the request for an expedited external review. If the notice is not in writing, within 48 hours after the date of providing that notice, the assigned IRO will provide written confirmation of the decision to the Claimant and the Plan.

Appointment of Authorized Representative

A Claimant may designate another individual to be an authorized representative and act on his or her behalf and communicate with the Plan with respect to a specific benefit claim or appeal of a denial. This authorization must be in writing, signed and dated by the Claimant, and include all the information required in the authorized representative form. The appropriate form can be obtained from the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrator.

The Plan will permit, in a medically urgent situation, such as a claim involving Urgent Care, a Claimant's treating health care practitioner to act as the Claimant's authorized representative without completion of the authorized representative form.

Should a Claimant designate an authorized representative, all future communications from the Plan will be conducted with the authorized representative instead of the Claimant, unless the Plan Administrator is otherwise notified in writing by the Claimant. A Claimant can revoke the authorized representative at any time. A Claimant may authorize only one person as an authorized representative at a time.

Recognition as an authorized representative is completely separate from a Provider accepting an assignment of benefits, requiring a release of information, or requesting completion a similar form. An

assignment of benefits by a Claimant shall not be recognized as a designation of the Provider as an authorized representative. Assignment and its limitations under this Plan are described below.

Autopsy

Upon receipt of a claim for a deceased Claimant for any condition, illness, or injury that is the basis of such claim, the Plan maintains the right to request an autopsy be performed upon said Claimant. The request for an autopsy may be exercised only where not prohibited by any applicable law.

Payment of Benefits

Where benefit payments are allowable in accordance with the terms of this Plan, payment shall be made in U.S. Dollars (unless otherwise agreed upon by the Plan Administrator). Payment shall be made, in the Plan Administrator's discretion, to an assignee of an assignment of benefits, but in any instance may alternatively be made to the Claimant, on whose behalf payment is made and who is the recipient of the services for which payment is being made. Should the Claimant be deceased, payment shall be made to the Claimant's heir, assign, agent or estate (in accordance with written instructions), or, if there is no such arrangement and in the Plan Administrator's discretion, the institute and/or Provider who provided the care and/or supplies for which payment is to be made – regardless of whether an assignment of benefits occurred.

Assignments

For this purpose, the term "Assignment of Benefits" (or "AOB") is defined as an arrangement whereby a Participant of the Plan, at the discretion of the Plan Administrator, assigns its right to seek and receive payment of eligible Plan benefits, less Deductible, Copayments and Coinsurance amounts, to a medical Provider. If a Provider accepts said arrangement, the Provider's rights to receive Plan benefits are equal to those of the Participant, and are limited by the terms of this Plan Document. A Provider that accepts this arrangement indicates acceptance of an AOB and Deductibles, Copayments, and Coinsurance amounts, as consideration in full for treatment rendered.

The Plan Administrator may revoke an AOB at its discretion and treat the Participant of the Plan as the sole beneficiary. Benefits for medical expenses covered under this Plan may be assigned by a Participant to the Provider as consideration in full for services rendered; however, if those benefits are paid directly to the Participant, the Plan will be deemed to have fulfilled its obligations with respect to such benefits. The Plan will not be responsible for determining whether any such assignment is valid. Payment of benefits which have been assigned may be made directly to the assignee unless a written request not to honor the assignment, signed by the Participant, has been received before the proof of loss is submitted, or the Plan Administrator – at its discretion – revokes the assignment.

No Participant shall at any time, either during the time in which he or she is a Participant in the Plan, or following his or her termination as a Participant, in any manner, have any right to assign his or her right to sue to recover benefits under the Plan, to enforce rights due under the Plan or to any other causes of action which he or she may have against the Plan or its fiduciaries. A medical Provider which accepts an AOB does as consideration in full for services rendered and is bound by the rules and provisions set forth within the terms of this document.

Non U.S. Providers

A Provider of medical care, supplies, or services, whose primary facility, principal place of business or address for payment is located outside the United States shall be deemed to be a "Non U.S. Provider." Claims for medical care, supplies, or services provided by a Non U.S. Provider and/or that are rendered outside the United States of America, may be deemed to be payable under the Plan by the Plan Administrator, subject to all Plan Exclusions, limitations, maximums and other provisions. Assignment of benefits to a Non U.S. Provider is prohibited absent an explicit written waiver executed by the Plan Administrator. Pre-certification in regard to a Non-U.S. Provider shall be deemed sufficient for said waiver. If assignment of benefits is not authorized, the Claimant is responsible for making all payments to Non U.S. Providers, and is solely responsible for subsequent submission of proof of payment to the Plan. Only upon receipt of such proof of payment, and any other documentation needed by the Plan Administrator to process the claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan, shall reimbursement by the Plan to the Claimant be

made. If payment was made by the Claimant in U.S. currency (American dollars), the maximum reimbursable amount by the Plan to the Claimant shall be that amount. If payment was made by the Claimant using any currency other than U.S. currency (American dollars), the Plan shall utilize an exchange rate in effect on the Incurred date as established by a recognized and licensed entity authorized to so establish said exchange rates. The Non U.S. Provider must satisfy all applicable credentialing and licensing requirements; and claims for benefits must be submitted to the Plan in English.

Recovery of Payments

Occasionally, benefits are paid more than once, are paid based upon improper billing or a misstatement in a proof of loss or enrollment information, are not paid according to the Plan's terms, conditions, limitations or Exclusions, or should otherwise not have been paid by the Plan. As such, this Plan may pay benefits that are later found to be greater than the Maximum Allowable Charge. In this case, this Plan may recover the amount of the overpayment from the source to which it was paid, primary payers, or from the party on whose behalf the charge(s) were paid. As such, whenever the Plan pays benefits exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan, the Plan Administrator has the right to recover any such erroneous payment directly from the person or entity who received such payment and/or from other payers and/or the Claimant or Dependent on whose behalf such payment was made.

A Claimant, Dependent, Provider, another benefit plan, insurer, or any other person or entity who receives a payment exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan or on whose behalf such payment was made, shall return or refund the amount of such erroneous payment to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand. The Plan Administrator shall have no obligation to secure payment for the expense for which the erroneous payment was made or to which it was applied.

The person or entity receiving an erroneous payment may not apply such payment to another expense. The Plan Administrator shall have the sole discretion to choose who will repay the Plan for an erroneous payment and whether such payment shall be reimbursed in a lump sum. When a Claimant or other entity does not comply with the provisions of this section, the Plan Administrator shall have the authority, in its sole discretion, to deny payment of any claims for benefits by the Claimant and to deny or reduce future benefits payable (including payment of future benefits for other Injuries or Illnesses) under the Plan by the amount due as reimbursement to the Plan. The Plan Administrator may also, in its sole discretion, deny or reduce future benefits (including future benefits for other Injuries or Illnesses) under any other group benefits plan maintained by the Plan Sponsor. The reductions will equal the amount of the required reimbursement.

Providers and any other person or entity accepting payment from the Plan or to whom a right to benefits has been assigned, in consideration of services rendered, payments and/or rights, agrees to be bound by the terms of this Plan and agree to submit claims for reimbursement in strict accordance with their State's health care practice acts, ICD or CPT standards, Medicare guidelines, HCPCS standards, or other standards approved by the Plan Administrator or insurer. Any payments made on claims for reimbursement not in accordance with the above provisions shall be repaid to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand or incur prejudgment interest of 1.5% per month. If the Plan must bring an action against a Claimant, Provider or other person or entity to enforce the provisions of this section, then that Claimant, Provider or other person or entity agrees to pay the Plan's attorneys' fees and costs, regardless of the action's outcome.

Further, Claimants and/or their Dependents, beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal representative, or assigns (Claimants) shall assign or be deemed to have assigned to the Plan their right to recover said payments made by the Plan, from any other party and/or recovery for which the Claimant(s) are entitled, for or in relation to facility-acquired condition(s), Provider error(s), or damages arising from another party's act or omission for which the Plan has not already been refunded.

The Plan reserves the right to deduct from any benefits properly payable under this Plan the amount of any payment which has been made for any of the following circumstances:

1. In error.
2. Pursuant to a misstatement contained in a proof of loss or a fraudulent act.
3. Pursuant to a misstatement made to obtain coverage under this Plan within two years after the date such coverage commences.
4. With respect to an ineligible person.
5. In anticipation of obtaining a recovery if a Claimant fails to comply with the Plan's Third Party Recovery, Subrogation and Reimbursement provisions.
6. Pursuant to a claim for which benefits are recoverable under any policy or act of law providing for coverage for occupational injury or disease to the extent that such benefits are recovered. This provision (6) shall not be deemed to require the Plan to pay benefits under this Plan in any such instance.

The deduction may be made against any claim for benefits under this Plan by a Claimant or by any of his covered Dependents if such payment is made with respect to the Claimant or any person covered or asserting coverage as a Dependent of the Claimant.

If the Plan seeks to recoup funds from a Provider, due to a claim being made in error, a claim being fraudulent on the part of the Provider, and/or the claim that is the result of the Provider's misstatement, said Provider shall, as part of its assignment to benefits from the Plan, abstain from billing the Claimant for any outstanding amount(s).

Medicaid Coverage

A Claimant's eligibility for any State Medicaid benefits will not be taken into account in determining or making any payments for benefits to or on behalf of such Claimant. Any such benefit payments will be subject to the State's right to reimbursement for benefits it has paid on behalf of the Claimant, as required by the State Medicaid program; and the Plan will honor any Subrogation rights the State may have with respect to benefits which are payable under the Plan.

Limitation of Action

A Claimant cannot bring any legal action against the Plan for a claim of benefits until 90 days after all appeal processes have been exhausted. After 90 days, if the Claimant wants to bring a legal action against the Plan, he or she must do so within 3 years of the date he or she is notified of the final decision on the final appeal or he or she will lose any rights to bring such an action against the Plan.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Coordination of the Benefit Plans

Coordination of benefits sets out rules for the order of payment of Covered Expenses when two or more plans, including Medicare, are paying. When a Participant is covered by this Plan and another plan, the plans will coordinate benefits when a claim is received.

Standard Coordination of Benefits

The plan that pays first according to the rules will pay as if there were no Other Plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance due up to 100% of the total allowable charges.

Excess Insurance

Except as outlined in the "Effect on Benefits" provision in regard to any Other Plan, if at the time of Injury, Illness or disability there is available, or potentially available any coverage (including but not limited to coverage resulting from a judgment at law or settlements), the benefits under this Plan shall apply only as an excess over such other sources of coverage.

The Plan's benefits shall be excess to any of the following:

1. The responsible party, its insurer, or any other guarantor on behalf of that party.
2. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, including any similar coverage under a different name in a particular state.
3. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a responsible third party, including but not limited to an employer's policy.
4. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
5. Any of the following:
 - Crime victim restitution funds
 - Civil restitution funds
 - No-fault restitution funds such as vaccine injury compensation funds
 - Any medical, applicable disability or other benefit payments
 - School insurance coverage

Vehicle Limitation

When medical payments are available under any vehicle insurance, the Plan shall pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for vehicle plan and/or policy deductibles. This Plan shall always be considered secondary to such plans and/or policies and will exclude benefits subject to the Exclusions in this Plan up to the maximum amount available to the Participant under applicable state law, regardless of a Participant's election of lesser coverage amount. This applies to all forms of medical payments under vehicle plans and/or policies regardless of their names, titles, or classifications.

Effect on Benefits

Application to Benefit Determinations

The plan that pays first according to the rules in the provision entitled "Order of Benefit Determination" will pay as if there were no Other Plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance due up to 100% of the total Covered Expenses. When there is a conflict in the rules, this Plan will never pay more than 50% of Covered Expenses when paying secondary. Benefits will be coordinated on the basis of a Claim Determination Period.

When medical payments are available under automobile insurance, this Plan will pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for automobile plan deductibles. This Plan will always be considered secondary regardless of the individual's election under personal injury protection (PIP) coverage with the automobile insurance carrier regarding priority of payment.

When some "Other Plan" provides benefits in the form of services (rather than cash payments), the Plan Administrator shall assess the value of said benefit(s) and determine the reasonable cash value of the service or services rendered, by determining the amount that would be payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

In certain instances, the benefits of the Other Plan will be ignored for the purposes of determining the benefits under this Plan. This is the case when all of the following occur:

1. The Other Plan would, according to its rules, determine its benefits after the benefits of this Plan have been determined.
2. The rules in the provision entitled "Order of Benefit Determination" would require this Plan to determine its benefits before the Other Plan.

Order of Benefit Determination

For the purposes of the provision entitled "Application to Benefit Determinations," the rules establishing the order of benefit determination between the Plan and an Other Plan are:

1. A plan without a coordinating provision will always be the primary plan.
2. The benefits of a plan which covers the person on whose expenses a claim is based other than as a dependent shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers such person as a dependent.
3. If the person for whom claim is made is a dependent child covered under both parents' plans, the plan covering the parent whose birthday (month and day of birth, not year) falls earlier in the year will be primary, except:
 - a. When the parents were never married, are separated, or are divorced, the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with custody will be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent without custody.
 - b. When the parents are divorced and the parent with custody of the child has remarried, the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with custody shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the stepparent, and the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the stepparent will be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the parent without custody.

Notwithstanding the above, if there is a court decree which would otherwise establish financial responsibility for the child's health care expenses, the benefits of the plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with such financial responsibility shall be determined before the benefits of any Other Plan which covers the child as a dependent child.

4. When the rules above do not establish an order of benefit determination, the benefits of a plan which has covered the person on whose expenses claim is based for the longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which has covered such person for the shorter period of time.
5. To the extent required by Federal and State regulations, this Plan will pay before any Medicare, Tricare, Medicaid, State child health benefits or other applicable State health benefits program.

Right to Receive and Release Necessary Information

The Plan Administrator may, without notice to or consent of any person, release to or obtain from any insurance company or other organization or individual any information regarding coverage, expenses, and benefits which the Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, considers necessary to determine, implement and apply the terms of this provision or any provision of similar purpose of any Other Plan. Any Participant claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as requested and as may be necessary to implement this provision.

Facility of Payment

A payment made under any Other Plan may include an amount that should have been paid under this Plan. The Plan Administrator may, in its sole discretion, pay any organizations making such other payments any

amounts it shall determine to be warranted in order to satisfy the intent of this provision. Any such amount paid under this provision shall be deemed to be benefits paid under this Plan. The Plan Administrator will not have to pay such amount again and this Plan shall be fully discharged from liability.

Right of Recovery

In accordance with the Recovery of Payments provision, whenever payments have been made by this Plan with respect to Covered Expenses in a total amount, at any time, in excess of the maximum amount of payment necessary at that time to satisfy the intent of this Coordination of Benefits section, the Plan shall have the right to recover such payments, to the extent of such excess, from any one or more of the following as this Plan shall determine: any person to or with respect to whom such payments were made, or such person's legal representative, any insurance companies, or any other individuals or organizations which the Plan determines are responsible for payment of such Covered Expenses, and any future benefits payable to the Participant or his or her Dependents. Please see the Recovery of Payments provision above for more details.

MEDICARE

Applicable to Active Employees and Their Spouses Ages 65 and Over

An Active Employee and his or her Spouse (ages 65 and over) may, at the option of such Employee, elect or reject coverage under this Plan. If such Employee elects coverage under this Plan, the benefits of this Plan shall be determined before any benefits provided by Medicare. If coverage under this Plan is rejected by such Employee, benefits listed herein will not be payable even as secondary coverage to Medicare.

Applicable to All Other Participants Eligible for Medicare Benefits

To the extent required by Federal regulations, this Plan will pay before any Medicare benefits. There are some circumstances under which Medicare would be required to pay its benefits first. In these cases, benefits under this Plan would be calculated as secondary payor (as described under the section entitled "Coordination of Benefits"). If the Provider accepts assignment with Medicare, Covered Expenses will not exceed the Medicare approved expenses.

Applicable to Medicare Services Furnished to End Stage Renal Disease ("ESRD") Participants Who Are Covered Under This Plan

If any Participant is enrolled in Medicare coverage because of ESRD, the benefits of the Plan will be determined before Medicare benefits for the first 30 months of the Participant's Medicare entitlement, regardless of the date of enrollment, unless applicable Federal law provides to the contrary, in which event the benefits of the Plan will be determined in accordance with such law.

THIRD PARTY RECOVERY, SUBROGATION AND REIMBURSEMENT

Payment Condition

The Plan, in its sole discretion, may elect to conditionally advance payment of benefits in those situations where an Injury, Illness or disability is caused in whole or in part by, or results from the acts or omissions of Participants, and/or their Dependents, beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal representative, or assigns (collectively referred to hereinafter in this section as "Participant(s)") or a third party, where any party besides the Plan may be responsible for expenses arising from an incident, and/or other funds are available, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, civil restitution funds, no-fault restitution funds (including vaccine injury compensation funds), uninsured motorist, underinsured motorist, medical payment provisions, third party assets, third party insurance, and/or guarantor(s) of a third party, any medical, applicable disability, or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage (collectively "Coverage").

Participant(s), his or her attorney, and/or legal guardian of a minor or incapacitated individual agrees that acceptance of the Plan's conditional payment of medical benefits is constructive notice of these provisions in their entirety and agrees to maintain 100% of the Plan's conditional payment of benefits or the full extent of payment from any one or combination of first and third party sources in trust, without disruption except for reimbursement to the Plan or the Plan's assignee. The Plan shall have an equitable lien on any funds received by the Participant(s) and/or their attorney from any source and said funds shall be held in trust until such time as the obligations under this provision are fully satisfied. The Participant(s) agrees to include the Plan's name as a co-payee on any and all settlement drafts. Further, by accepting benefits the Participant(s) understands that any recovery obtained pursuant to this section is an asset of the Plan to the extent of the amount of benefits paid by the Plan and that the Participant shall be a trustee over those Plan assets.

In the event a Participant(s) settles, recovers, or is reimbursed by any Coverage, the Participant(s) agrees to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of the Participant(s). When such a recovery does not include payment for future treatment, the Plan's right to reimbursement extends to all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of the Participant(s) for charges Incurred up to the date such Coverage or third party is fully released from liability, including any such charges not yet submitted to the Plan. If the Participant(s) fails to reimburse the Plan out of any judgment or settlement received, the Participant(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (fees and costs) associated with the Plan's attempt to recover such money. Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting the Plan from claiming reimbursement for charges Incurred after the date of settlement if such recovery provides for consideration of future medical expenses.

If there is more than one party responsible for charges paid by the Plan, or may be responsible for charges paid by the Plan, the Plan will not be required to select a particular party from whom reimbursement is due. Furthermore, unallocated settlement funds meant to compensate multiple injured parties of which the Participant(s) is/are only one or a few, that unallocated settlement fund is considered designated as an "identifiable" fund from which the plan may seek reimbursement.

Subrogation

As a condition to participating in and receiving benefits under this Plan, the Participant(s) agrees to assign to the Plan the right to subrogate and pursue any and all claims, causes of action or rights that may arise against any person, corporation and/or entity and to any Coverage to which the Participant(s) is entitled, regardless of how classified or characterized, at the Plan's discretion, if the Participant(s) fails to so pursue said rights and/or action.

If a Participant(s) receives or becomes entitled to receive benefits, an automatic equitable lien attaches in favor of the Plan to any claim, which any Participant(s) may have against any Coverage and/or party causing the Illness or Injury to the extent of such conditional payment by the Plan plus reasonable costs of collection. The Participant is obligated to notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds. The Participant

is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

The Plan may, at its discretion, in its own name or in the name of the Participant(s) commence a proceeding or pursue a claim against any party or Coverage for the recovery of all damages to the full extent of the value of any such benefits or conditional payments advanced by the Plan.

If the Participant(s) fails to file a claim or pursue damages against:

1. The responsible party, its insurer, or any other guarantor on behalf of that party.
2. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, including any similar coverage under a different name in a particular state.
3. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a responsible third party, including but not limited to an employer's policy.
4. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
5. Any of the following:
 - Crime victim restitution funds
 - Civil restitution funds
 - No-fault restitution funds such as vaccine injury compensation funds
 - Any medical, applicable disability or other benefit payments
 - School insurance coverage

The Participant(s) authorizes the Plan to pursue, sue, compromise and/or settle any such claims in the Participant's/Participants' and/or the Plan's name and agrees to fully cooperate with the Plan in the prosecution of any such claims. The Participant(s) assigns all rights to the Plan or its assignee to pursue a claim and the recovery of all expenses from any and all sources listed above.

Right of Reimbursement

The Plan shall be entitled to recover 100% of the benefits paid or payable benefits Incurred, that have been paid and/or will be paid by the Plan, or were otherwise Incurred by the Participant(s) prior to and until the release from liability of the liable entity, as applicable, without deduction for attorneys' fees and costs or application of the common fund doctrine, made whole doctrine, or any other similar legal or equitable theory, and without regard to whether the Participant(s) is fully compensated by his or her recovery from all sources. The Plan shall have an equitable lien which supersedes all common law or statutory rules, doctrines, and laws of any State prohibiting assignment of rights which interferes with or compromises in any way the Plan's equitable lien and right to reimbursement. The obligation to reimburse the Plan in full exists regardless of how the judgment or settlement is classified and whether or not the judgment or settlement specifically designates the recovery or a portion of it as including medical, disability, or other expenses and extends until the date upon which the liable party is released from liability. If the Participant's/Participants' recovery is less than the benefits paid, then the Plan is entitled to be paid all of the recovery achieved. Any funds received by the Participant are deemed held in constructive trust and should not be dissipated or disbursed until such time as the Participant's obligation to reimburse the Plan has been satisfied in accordance with these provisions. The Participant is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

No court costs, experts' fees, attorneys' fees, filing fees, or other costs or expenses of litigation may be deducted from the Plan's recovery without the prior, express written consent of the Plan. Additionally, the Participant shall indemnify the Plan against any of the Participant's attorney's fees, costs, or other expenses related to the Participant's recovery for which the Plan becomes responsible by any means other than the Plan's explicit written consent.

The Plan's right of subrogation and reimbursement will not be reduced or affected as a result of any fault or claim on the part of the Participant(s), whether under the doctrines of causation, comparative fault or

contributory negligence, or other similar doctrine in law. Accordingly, any lien reduction statutes, which attempt to apply such laws and reduce a subrogating Plan's recovery will not be applicable to the Plan and will not reduce the Plan's reimbursement rights.

These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to whether any separate written acknowledgment of these rights is required by the Plan and signed by the Participant(s).

This provision shall not limit any other remedies of the Plan provided by law. These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to the location of the event that led to or caused the applicable Illness, Injury, or disability.

Participant is a Trustee Over Plan Assets

Any Participant who receives benefits and is therefore subject to the terms of this section is hereby deemed a recipient and holder of Plan assets and is therefore deemed a trustee of the Plan solely as it relates to possession of any funds which may be owed to the Plan as a result of any settlement, judgment or recovery through any other means arising from any injury or accident. By virtue of this status, the Participant understands that he or she is required to:

1. Notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds.
2. Instruct his or her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on all settlement drafts.
3. In circumstances where the Participant is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Participant obtains a settlement, judgment or other source of Coverage to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft.
4. Hold any and all funds so received in trust, on the Plan's behalf, and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds, until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

To the extent the Participant disputes this obligation to the Plan under this section, the Participant or any of its agents or representatives is also required to hold any/all settlement funds, including the entire settlement if the settlement is less than the Plan's interests, and without reduction in consideration of attorneys' fees, for which he or she exercises control, in an account segregated from their general accounts or general assets until such time as the dispute is resolved.

No Participant, beneficiary, or the agents or representatives thereof, exercising control over plan assets and incurring trustee responsibility in accordance with this section will have any authority to accept any reduction of the Plan's interest on the Plan's behalf.

Release of Liability

The Plan's right to reimbursement extends to any incident related care that is received by the Participant(s) ("Incurred") prior to the liable party being released from liability. The Participant's/Participants' obligation to reimburse the Plan is therefore tethered to the date upon which the claims were Incurred, not the date upon which the payment is made by the Plan. In the case of a settlement, the Participant has an obligation to review the "lien" provided by the Plan and reflecting claims paid by the Plan for which it seeks reimbursement, prior to settlement and/or executing a release of any liable or potentially liable third party, and is also obligated to advise the Plan of any incident related care Incurred prior to the proposed date of settlement and/or release, which is not listed but has been or will be Incurred, and for which the Plan will be asked to pay.

Excess Insurance

Except as outlined in the "Effect on Benefits" provision in regard to any Other Plan, if at the time of Injury, Illness or disability there is available, or potentially available any Coverage (including but not limited to Coverage resulting from a judgment at law or settlements), the benefits under this Plan shall apply only as

an excess over such other sources of Coverage, except as otherwise provided for under the Plan's Coordination of Benefits section.

The Plan's benefits shall be excess to any of the following:

1. The responsible party, its insurer, or any other guarantor on behalf of that party.
2. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, including any similar coverage under a different name in a particular state.
3. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a responsible third party, including but not limited to an employer's policy.
4. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
5. Any of the following:
 - Crime victim restitution funds
 - Civil restitution funds
 - No-fault restitution funds such as vaccine injury compensation funds
 - Any medical, applicable disability or other benefit payments
 - School insurance coverage

Separation of Funds

Benefits paid by the Plan, funds recovered by the Participant(s), and funds held in trust over which the Plan has an equitable lien exist separately from the property and estate of the Participant(s), such that the death of the Participant(s), or filing of bankruptcy by the Participant(s), will not affect the Plan's equitable lien, the funds over which the Plan has a lien, or the Plan's right to subrogation and reimbursement.

Wrongful Death

In the event that the Participant(s) dies as a result of his or her Injuries and a wrongful death or survivor claim is asserted against a third party or any Coverage, the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights shall still apply, and the entity pursuing said claim shall honor and enforce these Plan rights and terms by which benefits are paid on behalf of the Participant(s) and all others that benefit from such payment.

Obligations

It is the Participant's/Participants' obligation at all times, both prior to and after payment of medical benefits by the Plan:

1. To cooperate with the Plan, or any representatives of the Plan, in protecting its rights, including discovery, attending depositions, and/or cooperating in trial to preserve the Plan's rights.
2. To provide the Plan with pertinent information regarding the Illness, disability, or Injury, including accident reports, settlement information and any other requested additional information.
3. To take such action and execute such documents as the Plan may require to facilitate enforcement of its subrogation and reimbursement rights.
4. To do nothing to prejudice the Plan's rights of subrogation and reimbursement.
5. To promptly reimburse the Plan when a recovery through settlement, judgment, award or other payment is received.
6. To notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any incident related claims or care which may be not identified within the lien (but has been Incurred) and/or reimbursement request submitted by or on behalf of the Plan.
7. To notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement.
8. To not settle or release, without the prior consent of the Plan, any claim to the extent that the Participant may have against any responsible party or Coverage.
9. To instruct his or her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on any settlement draft.

10. In circumstances where the Participant is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Participant obtains a settlement to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft.
11. To make good faith efforts to prevent disbursement of settlement funds until such time as any dispute between the Plan and Participant over settlement funds is resolved.

If the Participant(s) and/or his or her attorney fails to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid, to be paid, Incurred, or that will be Incurred, prior to the date of the release of liability from the relevant entity, as a result of said Injury or condition, out of any proceeds, judgment or settlement received, the Participant(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (whether fees or costs) associated with the Plan's attempt to recover such money from the Participant(s).

The Plan's rights to reimbursement and/or subrogation are in no way dependent upon the Participant's/Participants' cooperation or adherence to these terms.

Offset

If timely repayment is not made, or the Participant and/or his or her attorney fails to comply with any of the requirements of the Plan, the Plan has the right, in addition to any other lawful means of recovery, to deduct the value of the Participant's amount owed to the Plan. To do this, the Plan may refuse payment of any future medical benefits and any funds or payments due under this Plan on behalf of the Participant(s) in an amount equivalent to any outstanding amounts owed by the Participant to the Plan. This provision applies even if the Participant has disbursed settlement funds.

Minor Status

In the event the Participant(s) is a minor as that term is defined by applicable law, the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian shall cooperate in any and all actions by the Plan to seek and obtain requisite court approval to bind the minor and his or her estate insofar as these subrogation and reimbursement provisions are concerned.

If the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian fail to take such action, the Plan shall have no obligation to advance payment of medical benefits on behalf of the minor. Any court costs or legal fees associated with obtaining such approval shall be paid by the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian.

Language Interpretation

The Plan Administrator retains sole, full and final discretionary authority to construe and interpret the language of this provision, to determine all questions of fact and law arising under this provision, and to administer the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights with respect to this provision. The Plan Administrator may amend the Plan at any time without notice.

Severability

In the event that any section of this provision is considered invalid or illegal for any reason, said invalidity or illegality shall not affect the remaining sections of this provision and Plan. The section shall be fully severable. The Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid or illegal sections had never been inserted in the Plan.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Clerical Error/Delay

Any clerical error by the Plan Administrator or an agent of the Plan Administrator in keeping pertinent records or a delay in making any changes to such records will not invalidate coverage otherwise validly in force or continue coverage validly terminated. Contributions made in error by Participants due to such clerical error will be returned to the Participant; coverage will not be inappropriately extended. Contributions that were due but not made, in error and due to such clerical error will be owed immediately upon identification of said clerical error. Failure to remedy amounts owed may result in termination of coverage. Effective Dates, waiting periods, deadlines, rules, and other matters will be established based upon the terms of the Plan, as if no clerical error had occurred. An equitable adjustment of contributions will be made when the error or delay is discovered.

If, an overpayment occurs in a Plan reimbursement amount, the Plan retains a contractual right to the overpayment. The person or institution receiving the overpayment will be required to return the incorrect amount of money. In the case of a Participant, the amount of overpayment may be deducted from future benefits payable.

Conformity With Applicable Laws

Any provision of this Plan that is contrary to any applicable law, equitable principle, regulation or court order (if such a court is of competent jurisdiction) will be interpreted to comply with said law, or, if it cannot be so interpreted, shall be automatically amended to satisfy the law's minimum requirement, including, but not limited to, stated maximums, Exclusions, or statutes of limitations. It is intended that the Plan will conform to the requirements of ERISA, as it applies to Employee welfare plans, as well as any other applicable law.

Fraud

Under this Plan, coverage may be retroactively canceled or terminated (rescinded) if a Participant acts fraudulently or intentionally makes material misrepresentations of fact. It is a Participant's responsibility to provide accurate information and to make accurate and truthful statements, including information and statements regarding family status, age, relationships, etc. It is also a Participant's responsibility to update previously provided information and statements. Failure to do so may result in coverage of Participants being canceled, and such cancellation may be retroactive.

If a Participant, or any other entity, submits or attempts to submit a claim for or on behalf of a person who is not a Participant of the Plan; submits a claim for services or supplies not rendered; provides false or misleading information in connection with enrollment in the Plan; or provides any false or misleading information to the Plan as it relates to any element of its administration; that shall be deemed to be fraud. If a Participant is aware of any instance of fraud, and fails to bring that fraud to the Plan Administrator's attention, that shall also be deemed to be fraud. Fraud will result in immediate termination of all coverage under this Plan for the Participant and their entire Family Unit of which the Participant is a member.

A determination by the Plan that a rescission is warranted will be considered an Adverse Benefit Determination for purposes of review and appeal. A Participant whose coverage is being rescinded will be provided a 30 day notice period as described under the Affordable Care Act (ACA) and regulatory guidance. Claims Incurred after the retroactive date of termination shall not be further processed and/or paid under the Plan. Claims Incurred after the retroactive date of termination that were paid under the Plan will be treated as erroneously paid claims under this Plan.

Headings

The headings used in this Plan Document are used for convenience of reference only. Participants are advised not to rely on any provision because of the heading.

Pronouns

Unless the context otherwise demands, words importing any gender shall be interpreted to mean any or all genders.

Word Usage

Wherever any words are used herein in the singular or plural, they shall be construed as though they were in the plural or singular, as the case may be, in all cases where they would so apply.

No Waiver or Estoppel

All parts, portions, provisions, and conditions in the Plan, and/or other items addressed in this Plan shall be deemed to be in full force and effect, and not waived, absent an explicit written instrument expressing otherwise executed by the Plan Administrator. Absent such explicit waiver, there shall be no waiver of or estoppel against the enforcement of any provision of this Plan. Failure by any applicable entity to enforce any part of the Plan shall not constitute a waiver, either as it specifically applies to a particular circumstance, or as it applies to the Plan's general administration. If an explicit written waiver is executed, that waiver shall only apply to the matter addressed therein and shall be interpreted in the most narrow fashion possible.

Plan Contributions

From time to time the funding method of the Plan will be evaluated and the amount to be contributed by the Participating Employer and the amount to be contributed (if any) by each Participant will be determined.

The Plan Sponsor shall fund the Plan in a manner consistent with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, ERISA, and such other laws and regulations as shall be applicable to the end that the Plan shall be funded on a lawful and sound basis. The manner and means by which the Plan is funded shall be solely determined by the Plan Sponsor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, the Plan Administrator's obligation to pay claims otherwise allowable under the terms of the Plan shall be limited to its obligation to make contributions to the Plan as set forth in the preceding paragraph. Payment of said claims in accordance with these procedures shall discharge completely the Employer's obligation with respect to such payments.

In the event that the Employer terminates the Plan, then as of the effective date of termination, the Employer and eligible Employees shall have no further obligation to make additional contributions to the Plan and the Plan shall have no obligation to pay claims Incurred after the termination date of the Plan.

Right to Receive and Release Information

The Plan Administrator may, without notice to or consent of any person, release to or obtain from any insurance company or other organization or person any information regarding coverage, expenses, and benefits which the Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, considers necessary to determine and apply the provisions and benefits of this Plan. In so acting, the Plan Administrator shall be free from any liability that may arise with regard to such action. Any Participant claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as requested and as may be necessary to implement this provision.

Written Notice

Any written notice required under this Plan which, as of the Effective Date, is in conflict with the law of any governmental body or agency which has jurisdiction over this Plan shall be interpreted to conform to the minimum requirements of such law.

Right of Recovery

In accordance with the Recovery of Payments provision, whenever payments have been made by this Plan in a total amount, at any time, in excess of the maximum amount of benefits payable under this Plan, the Plan shall have the right to recover such payments, to the extent of such excess, from any one or more of the following as this Plan shall determine: any person to or with respect to whom such payments were made, or such person's legal representative, any insurance companies, or any other individuals or organizations which the Plan determines are responsible for payment of such amount, and any future benefits payable to the Participant or his or her Dependents. See the Recovery of Payments provision for full details.

Statements

All statements made by the Employer or by a Participant will, in the absence of fraud, be considered representations and not warranties, and no statements made for the purpose of obtaining benefits under this document will be used in any contest to avoid or reduce the benefits provided by the document unless contained in a written application for benefits and a copy of the instrument containing such representation is or has been furnished to the Participant.

Any Participant who knowingly and with intent to defraud the Plan, files a statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact, commits a fraudulent act. The Participant may be subject to prosecution by the United States Department of Labor. Fraudulently claiming benefits may be punishable by a substantial fine, imprisonment, or both.

Protection Against Creditors

To the extent this provision does not conflict with any applicable law, no benefit payment under this Plan shall be subject in any way to alienation, sale, transfer, pledge, attachment, garnishment, execution or encumbrance of any kind, and any attempt to accomplish the same shall be void. If the Plan Administrator shall find that such an attempt has been made with respect to any payment due or to become due to any Participant, the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion may terminate the interest of such Participant or former Participant in such payment. And in such case the Plan Administrator shall apply the amount of such payment to or for the benefit of such Participant or former Participant, his or her Spouse, parent, adult Child, guardian of a minor Child, brother or sister, or other relative of a Dependent of such Participant or former Participant, as the Plan Administrator may determine, and any such application shall be a complete discharge of all liability with respect to such benefit payment. However, at the discretion of the Plan Administrator, benefit payments may be assigned to health care Providers.

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS

General Limits

Payment for any of the expenses listed below is subject to all Plan Exclusions, limitations and provisions. All coverage figures, if applicable, are after the out-of-pocket Deductible has been satisfied.

See the Utilization Management section for more information regarding pre-certification and/or notification requirements.

Network and Non-Network Provider Arrangement

The Plan contracts with medical Provider Networks to access discounted fees for service for Participants. Hospitals, Physicians and other Providers who have contracted with the medical Provider Networks are called "Network Providers." Those who have not contracted with the Networks are referred to in this Plan as "Non-Network Providers." This arrangement results in the following benefits to Participants:

1. The Plan provides different levels of benefits based on whether the Participants use a Network or Non-Network Provider. Unless one of the exceptions shown below applies, if a Participant elects to receive medical care from the Non-Network Provider, the benefits payable are generally lower than those payable when a Network Provider is used. The following exceptions apply:
 - a. In the event a Network Provider refers a Participant to a Non-Network Provider for diagnostic testing, x-rays, laboratory services or anesthesia, then charges of the Non-Network Provider will be paid as though the services were provided by a Network Provider.
 - b. The Network Provider level of benefits is payable for any Participant who cannot access Network Providers because they reside outside the Network service area. The Network service area is defined as defined by the plan administrator.
 - c. The Network Provider level of benefits is payable when a Participant receives Emergency care either Out-of-Area or at a Non-Network Hospital for an Accidental Bodily Injury or Emergency.
2. Except as outlined in "No Surprises Act – Emergency Services and Surprise Bills" below, if the charge billed by a Non-Network Provider for any covered service is higher than the Maximum Allowable Charge determined by the Plan, Participants are responsible for the excess unless the Provider accepts assignment of benefits as consideration in full for services rendered. Since Network Providers have agreed to accept a negotiated discounted fee as full payment for their services, Participants are not responsible for any billed amount that exceeds that fee. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to revoke any previously-given assignment of benefits or to proactively prohibit assignment of benefits to anyone, including any Provider, at its discretion.
3. To receive benefit consideration, Participants may need to submit claims for services provided by Non-Network Providers to the Third Party Administrator. Network Providers have agreed to bill the Plan directly, so that Participants do not have to submit claims themselves.
4. Benefits available to Network Providers are limited such that if a Network Provider advances or submits charges which exceed amounts that are eligible for payment in accordance with the terms of the Plan, or are for services or supplies for which Plan coverage is not available, or are otherwise limited or excluded by the Plan, benefits will be paid in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Please note affirmation that a treatment, service, or supply is of a type compensable by the Plan is not a guarantee that the particular treatment, service, or supply in question, upon receipt of a Clean Claim and review by the Plan Administrator, will be eligible for payment.

If a Participant receives information with respect to an item or service from the Plan, its representative, or a database maintained by the Plan or its representative indicating that a particular Provider is an In-Network Provider and the Participant receives such item or service in reliance on that information, the Participant's Coinsurance, Copayment, Deductible, and Out-of-Pocket Maximum will be calculated as if the Provider had been In-Network despite that information proving inaccurate.

Balance Billing

In the event that a claim submitted by a Network or Non-Network Provider is subject to a medical bill review or medical chart audit and some or all of the charges in connection with such claim are repriced because of billing errors and/or overcharges, it is the Plan's position that the Participant should not be responsible for payment of any charges denied as a result of the medical bill review or medical chart audit, and should not be balance billed for the difference between the billed charges and the amount determined to be payable by the Plan Administrator, although the Plan has no control over any Provider's actions, including balance billing.

In addition, with respect to services rendered by a Network Provider being paid in accordance with a discounted rate, it is the Plan's position that the Participant should not be responsible for the difference between the amount charged by the Network Provider and the amount determined to be payable by the Plan Administrator, and should not be balance billed for such difference. Again, the Plan has no control over any Network Provider that engages in balance billing practices, except to the extent that such practices are contrary to the contract governing the relationship between the Plan and the Network Provider.

The Participant is responsible for any applicable payment of Coinsurances, Deductibles, and Out-of-Pocket Maximums and may be billed for any or all of these.

Choice of Providers

The Plan is not intended to disturb the Physician-patient relationship. Each Participant has a free choice of any Physician or surgeon, and the Physician-patient relationship shall be maintained. Physicians and other health care Providers are not agents or delegates of the Plan Sponsor, Plan Administrator, Employer or Third Party Administrator. The delivery of medical and other health care services on behalf of any Participant remains the sole prerogative and responsibility of the attending Physician or other health care Provider. The Participant, together with his or her Physician, is ultimately responsible for determining the appropriate course of medical treatment, regardless of whether the Plan will pay for all or a portion of the cost of such care.

Network Provider Information

The Network Providers are merely independent contractors; neither the Plan nor the Plan Administrator make any warranty as to the quality of care that may be rendered by any Network Provider.

A current list of Network Providers is available, without charge, through the Third Party Administrator's website located at www.boonchapman.com. If the Participant does not have access to a computer at his or her home, he or she may access this website at his or her place of employment. If he or she has any questions about how to do this, he or she should contact the Employer. The Network Provider list changes frequently; therefore, it is recommended that a Participant verify with the Provider that the Provider is still a Network Provider before receiving services. Please refer to the Participant identification card for the Network website address.

Claims Audit

In addition to the Plan's Medical Record Review process, the Plan Administrator may use its discretionary authority to utilize an independent bill review and/or claim audit program or service for a complete claim. While every claim may not be subject to a bill review or audit, the Plan Administrator has the sole discretionary authority for selection of claims subject to review or audit.

The analysis will be employed to identify charges billed in error and/or charges that exceed the Maximum Allowable Charge or services that are not Medically Necessary and may include a patient medical billing records review and/or audit of the patient's medical charts and records.

Upon completion of an analysis, a report will be submitted to the Plan Administrator or its agent to identify the charges deemed in excess of the Maximum Allowable Charge or other applicable provisions, as outlined in this Plan Document.

Despite the existence of any agreement to the contrary, the Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to reduce any charge to the Maximum Allowable Charge, in accord with the terms of this Plan Document.

No Surprises Act – Emergency Services and Surprise Bills

For Non-Network claims subject to the No Surprises Act (“NSA”), Participant cost-sharing will be the same amount as would be applied if the claim was provided by a Network Provider and will be calculated as if the Plan’s Covered Expense was the Recognized Amount, regardless of the Plan’s actual Maximum Allowable Charge. The NSA prohibits Providers from pursuing Participants for the difference between the Maximum Allowable Charge and the Provider’s billed charge for applicable services, with the exception of valid Plan-appointed cost-sharing as outlined above. Any such cost-sharing amounts will accrue toward Network Deductibles and Out-of-Pocket Maximums.

Benefits for claims subject to the NSA will be denied or paid within 30 days of receipt of an initial claim, and if approved will be paid directly to the Provider.

Claims subject to the NSA are those which are submitted for:

- Emergency Services;
- Non-emergency services rendered by a Non-Network Provider at a Participating Health Care Facility, provided the Participant has not validly waived the applicability of the NSA; and
- Covered Non-Network air ambulance services.

Please visit www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa/laws-and-regulations/laws/no-surprises-act for additional information regarding the No Surprises Act.

Continuity of Care

In the event a Participant is a continuing care patient receiving a course of treatment from a Provider which is In-Network or otherwise has a contractual relationship with the Plan governing such care and that contractual relationship is terminated, not renewed, or otherwise ends for any reason other than the Provider’s failure to meet applicable quality standards or for fraud, the Participant shall have the following rights to continuation of care.

The Plan shall notify the Participant in a timely manner that the Provider’s contractual relationship with the Plan has terminated, and that the Participant has rights to elect continued transitional care from the Provider. If the Participant elects in writing to receive continued transitional care, Plan benefits will apply under the same terms and conditions as would be applicable had the termination not occurred, beginning on the date the Plan’s notice of termination is provided and ending 90 days later or when the Participant ceases to be a continuing care patient, whichever is sooner.

For purposes of this provision, “continuing care patient” means an individual who:

1. is undergoing a course of treatment for a serious and complex condition from a specific Provider,
2. is undergoing a course of institutional or Inpatient care from a specific Provider,
3. is scheduled to undergo non-elective Surgery from a specific Provider, including receipt of postoperative care with respect to the Surgery,
4. is pregnant and undergoing a course of treatment for the Pregnancy from a specific Provider, or
5. is or was determined to be terminally ill and is receiving treatment for such Illness from a specific Provider.

Note that during continuation, although Plan benefits will be processed as if the termination had not occurred and the law requires the Provider to continue to accept the previously-contracted amount, the contract itself will have terminated, and thus the Plan may be unable to protect the Participant if the Provider pursues a balance bill.

Transition of Care

If a Participant is under the care of a Non-Network Provider at the time of joining the Plan, there are a limited number of medical conditions that may qualify for transition of care. If transitional care is appropriate, specific treatment by a Non-Network Provider may be covered at the Network level of benefits for a limited period of time. The Third Party Administrator will review and approve or deny such requests.

Self-Audit Billing Credit

The Plan offers an incentive credit to all covered Employees to encourage examination and self-auditing of eligible medical bills to ensure the amounts billed by the Provider or service accurately reflect the services and supplies received by the covered Employee or a covered Dependent.

The covered Employee is voluntarily asked to review all Hospital and doctor bills and verify that he or she has received each itemized service, and the bill does not represent either an overcharge, or a charge for services never received, regardless of the reason.

The Claims Administrator agrees to assist the covered Employee (at his or her request) in determination of errors, and recovery attempts.

Participants may receive a refund if they discover an overcharge on their medical bill that:

- 1) Was not detected by the Provider of services; and
- 2) Was not detected by the Plan; and
- 3) Was part of the charges for services which are covered under this Plan.

In the event a covered Employee's self-audit results in elimination or reduction of charges, up to 50% of the amount eliminated or reduced may be paid directly to the covered Employee provided the savings are accurately documented, and satisfactory evidence of a reduction in charges is submitted to the Claims Administrator (e.g., a copy of the incorrect bill and a copy of the corrected billing). The maximum credit available shall not exceed \$5,000.

- The credit could be up to a maximum \$1,000 refund based on an overcharge of \$2,000. The minimum overcharge eligible to qualify under the Self-Audit Program is a \$50 overcharge with a minimum refund of \$25.

If an overcharge is discovered by the Participant, they should ask the Provider to correct the overcharge and send the Participant a revised itemized bill. The Participant should clearly mark both itemized bills "Self-Audit Program" and send them to the Claims Administrator at:

Boon-Chapman Benefit Administrators, Inc.
P.O. Box 9201
Austin, TX 78766
Phone: 800-252-9653

This self-audit credit is in addition to the payment of all other applicable Plan benefits for legitimate medical expenses.

Participation in this self-auditing procedure is strictly voluntary; however, it is to the advantage of the Plan as well as the Participant, to avoid unnecessary payment of health care dollars and any subsequent remaining balance (the Participant's liability) on an incorrect billing.

This credit will not be payable for charges in excess of the Allowable Charge, regardless of whether the charge is or is not reduced and may not be payable for Covered Charges.

SAPPHIRE Plan Summary of Benefits - Medical

The following benefits are per Participant per Calendar Year. All benefits are subject to the Maximum Allowable Charge (unless otherwise indicated).

IMPORTANT NOTE: Claims must be received by the Claims Administrator within 365 days from the date charges for the services were Incurred. Benefits are based on the Plan's provisions in effect at the time the charges were Incurred. Claims received later than that date will be denied.	
Deductible, per Calendar Year	
Copayments do not apply toward Deductibles. Coinsurance does not apply to the Deductible and does not include Copayment amounts. Network and Non-Network Deductible amounts apply to the same Deductible.	
A Deductible is an amount of money that is paid once per Calendar Year per Plan Participant or Family Unit. Each January 1, a new Deductible is required.	
This Plan has an embedded (traditional) Deductible. If there are Dependents on the policy, no individual will meet more than the "per Plan Participant" amount before the Plan begins to pay toward that individual's expenses.	
Per Plan Participant	\$750
Per Family Unit	\$1,500
Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount, per Calendar Year	
This Plan includes Coinsurance, Copayment, and Deductibles for Essential Health Benefits, in the Out-of-Pocket Maximum. The Out-of-Pocket Maximum applies to Network and Non-Network services.	
This Plan has an embedded (traditional) Out-of-Pocket Maximum. Benefits are payable at 100% without any cost share for an individual once the individual maximum is met. Each time an individual within the family pays toward his or her individual Out-of-Pocket Maximum, that amount is also credited toward the family Out-of-Pocket Maximum. Once the family Out-of-Pocket Maximum is met, benefits are payable for all family members, even if their individual Deductibles are not met.	
Per Plan Participant	\$3,000
Per Family Unit	\$5,500
The Plan will pay the designated percentage of covered charges until the Maximum Out-of-Pocket amounts are reached, at which time the Plan will pay 100% of the remainder of Covered Charges for the rest of the Calendar Year, unless stated otherwise.	
Note: The following charges do not apply toward the Out-of-Pocket Maximum amount and are never paid at 100%: Charges Incurred due to failure to pre-certify; expenses incurred for non-covered services; prescription Maximum Out-of-Pocket amounts, Coinsurance or Copayment, discounts, coupons, pharmacy discount programs or similar arrangements provided by Drug manufacturers or pharmacies to assist in purchasing prescription drugs; Amounts in excess of the Maximum Allowable Charges.	

Wellness Program	
By engaging in the Wellness Program, Plan Participants age 18 years and older, can earn the incentives below. To receive payment, submit form to the MCUL Trust Director HR Benefits.	
Complete "It Starts With Me" Biometric Screening	\$50
Complete "Take Control" Biometric Screening Review Call	\$50
View 2-4 educational videos and complete associated quiz	\$50
For Employers who have 80% covered Employee completion of the three steps set forth above, each covered Employee and Dependent that completes the three steps will receive an additional \$50, for a total of \$200. Incentives will be disbursed in the fourth quarter of the effective year. Plan Participants must still be enrolled in coverage to receive the incentives.	

Care Navigation		
Covered Services	Plan Pays	Exclusions and Limitations
Surgical Services	100%, Deductible waived	Covered Services include all medical costs incurred while receiving treatment or services at an approved Surgery center. Refer to the Care Navigation Benefit section for details and limitations. Pre-certification and coordination through Prime Dx is required.
High Tech Radiology performed at Preferred Provider	100%, Deductible waived	Pre-certification and coordination through Prime Dx is required.
Travel Benefit	100%, Deductible waived	Pre-approval of all Travel Benefits is required. Includes transportation, lodging and incidental expenses. Refer to Care Navigation Benefit section for details and limitations.
Virtual Physical Therapy Services at Preferred Provider	100%, Deductible waived	Pre-certification is required.
All other approved Care Navigation Providers	100%, Deductible waived	Pre-certification is required.

COVERED SERVICES	NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	NON-NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	SPECIAL COMMENTS
General Percentage Payment Rule			Generally, most Covered Charges are subject to the benefit payment percentage contained in this row, unless otherwise noted. Claims for Non-Network Providers are paid toward the Maximum Allowable Charges. The Special Comments section provides additional information and limitations about the applicable Covered Charges, including the expenses that must be pre-certified, and those expenses to which the Out-of-Pocket Maximum does not apply.
Facility Fee	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	
Physician Fee	100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible	
COVERED CHARGES - NOTE: The maximums listed below are the total for Network and Non-Network expenses. For example, if a maximum of 60 days is listed under a service, the Calendar Year maximum is 60 days total, which may be split between Network and Non-Network Providers.			
Facility and Professional Services (i.e. Physician, radiologist, anesthesiology, etc) In addition to the benefit below, any services performed in a Hospital facility will also incur an Outpatient Hospital Facility claim, which are paid at the benefit level listed above in the Facility Services section of this chart.			

COVERED SERVICES	NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	NON-NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	SPECIAL COMMENTS
Alternative Care - Acupuncture, Acupressure, Massage Therapy, and Spinal Manipulation/Chiropractic Services	100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible	Calendar Year maximum: \$750 NOTE: Related diagnostic x-rays for Alternative Care services are payable as any other Diagnostic Test and does not apply to the \$750 Calendar Year maximum.
Ambulance Service	50% after Network Deductible		Allowable expenses will be based upon the Maximum Allowable Charge. Non-Network air ambulance services will be subject to the Network Provider cost-sharing (i.e. Deductible, Maximum Out- of-Pocket).
Chemotherapy or Radiation Treatment Facility Fee Physician Fee	50% after Deductible 100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible 40% after Deductible	Pre-certification is required, including medications.
Colonoscopies (diagnostic) Facility Fee Physician Fee	100%, Deductible waived up to \$1,200 per Calendar year. Thereafter: 50% after Deductible 100% after \$30 Copayment		All related services (preparation, etc) are covered.
Diagnostic Testing - X- rays and Labs (see High Tech Radiology for more information) Facility and Physician Fee	80%, Deductible waived	40% after Deductible	
Durable Medical Equipment, Orthotics, and Prosthetics	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	Pre-certification is required for items in excess of \$2,000.
Emergency Room (Facility and Physician)	100% after \$100 Copayment		Claims for Non-Network Providers are paid toward the Maximum Allowable Charges. Pre-certification is required for Inpatient admission from the Emergency room.
Habilitative Services: Physical, Occupational, Speech Therapy, ABA Therapy Facility Fee Physician Fee	50% after Deductible 100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible 40% after Deductible	Pre-certification is required. Applied Behavioral Analysis (ABA) Therapy is limited to treatment of diagnosis of Autism Spectrum Disorder.

COVERED SERVICES	NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	NON-NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	SPECIAL COMMENTS
High Tech Radiology - Outpatient (includes, but not limited to: CT, PET, MRI, MRA, Nuclear Medicine) Facility and Physician Fee	80%, Deductible waived	40% after Deductible	
Home Health Care	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	Limited to 180 visits per Calendar Year. Pre-certification is required.
Hospice Care	100%, Deductible waived		Includes bereavement services Limited to up to 6 months per 3 Calendar Years. Pre-certification is required.
Hospital Facility Services Room and Board Intensive Care Unit Outpatient Hospital Services Outpatient Surgical Center	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	Pre-certification is required for Inpatient admission and Inpatient/Outpatient Surgical Procedures.
Orthotic Appliances Facility Fee Physician Fee	50% after Deductible 100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible 40% after Deductible	Limited to 1 pair of prescribed custom foot orthotics per Calendar Year.
Physician Services Inpatient visits Office visits Surgery Allergy serum and injections	100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible	Includes telemedicine visits.
Rehabilitation Services - Inpatient Facility Fee Physician Fee	50% after Deductible 100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible 40% after Deductible	Limited to 30 days per Calendar Year. Pre-certification is required.
Rehabilitation Services - Outpatient: Cognitive, Physical, Occupational, Speech, Vision and Cardiac Therapy Facility Fee Physician Fee	50% after Deductible 100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible 40% after Deductible	Pre-certification is required.
Routine Newborn Care (while Hospital confined at birth) Facility Fee	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	Benefits apply to routine newborn care only. Applies to the plan of the newborn child.

COVERED SERVICES	NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	NON-NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	SPECIAL COMMENTS
Physician Fee	100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible	
Skilled Nursing Facility Extended Care/Convalescent Home	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	Limited to 60 days Calendar Year. Pre-certification is required for all Inpatient admissions.
Telehealth (Primary Care and Mental Health Visits)	100%, Deductible waived		Benefit applies only to services provided by preferred telehealth vendor - Teladoc
Urgent Care Facility and Physician Fee	100% after \$40 Copayment		
Wig	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	Limited to 1 wig per lifetime. Covered only following Chemotherapy or radiation therapy treatment.
Dialysis Services			
<p>The Plan does not use a preferred Provider organization (PPO) for Dialysis Services. The definition of "Maximum Allowable Charges" is different for Outpatient Dialysis Services than other services. Please review the definition of "Maximum Allowable Charges" contained in the section titled "Definitions" for details. Pre-certification is required.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">A covered person must: notify Prime Dx when dialysis begins; notify Prime Dx when Diagnosis is ESRD; enroll in Medicare Part A and B when Diagnosed with ESRD.</p>			
Dialysis Services	100%, Deductible waived		Pre-certification is required.
Maternity Care - Covered Employee, Retired Employee or Spouse			
Facility Fee	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	Pre-certification is required for routine maternity admission that exceeds 48 hours following a vaginal delivery or 96 hours following a cesarean section delivery.
Physician Fee	100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible	
Routine prenatal office visits	100%, Deductible waived		
Global Maternity Fee	40% of Covered Charges payable at 100%, Deductible waived; thereafter, 100% after \$30 Copayment	40% of Covered Charges payable at 100%, Deductible waived; thereafter, 40% after Deductible	
Maternity Care - Covered Dependent Child			
Routine prenatal office visits	100%, Deductible waived	Not Covered	

COVERED SERVICES	NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	NON-NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	SPECIAL COMMENTS
Global Maternity Fee	40% of Covered Charges payable at 100%, Deductible waived; thereafter, Not Covered.		
Mental Disorders and Substance Use Disorders			
Facility Fee	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	Pre-certification of Inpatient admission is required.
Physician Fee	100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible	
Preventive Care			
<p>Services include but are not limited to office visits, routine physical exam, related lab, x-ray and immunizations, well child care examinations, routine colonoscopy/flexible sigmoidoscopy, and prostate screening (PSA).</p> <p>Note: If applicable, this Plan may comply with a state vaccine assessment program.</p> <p>Women's Preventive Services will include, but not be limited to: office visits, mammogram (including tomosynthesis), gynecological exam, pap smear, counseling for sexually transmitted infections, human papillomavirus (HPV) testing, counseling and screening for human immune-deficiency virus (HIV), counseling and screening for interpersonal and domestic violence, contraceptive methods (including insertion and removal) and counseling as prescribed, sterilization procedures (see Covered Charges section for more information), patient education and counseling for all women with reproductive capacity (this does not include birthing classes), preconception, screening for gestational diabetes in pregnant women, breastfeeding support, supplies, and counseling in conjunction with each birth.</p> <p>The minimum routine mammography examinations are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1 baseline mammogram for women ages 35-39; - 1 mammogram every 2 years for women ages 40-49; or more frequently as recommended by a Physician; - 1 mammogram every year for women age 50 and older. <p>NOTE: Any subsequent Medically Necessary mammograms in addition to the above list, will be payable under the mammogram medical benefit.</p>			
Mammograms (Preventive or Diagnostic)	100%, Deductible waived		Includes tomosynthesis (3D mammogram) NOTE: Any subsequent Medically Necessary mammograms in addition to the above list, will be payable under the mammogram medical benefit.
Routine Wellness Care	100%, Deductible waived		Services will be subject to age and developmentally appropriate frequency limitations as determined by the US Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) unless otherwise specifically stated in this Schedule of Benefits.

COVERED SERVICES	NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	NON-NETWORK PROVIDER (Plan pays)	SPECIAL COMMENTS
			Information can be located at: www.healthcare.gov/center/regulations/prevention.html and www.healthcare.gov/preventive-care-women
Breast Pump	100%, Deductible waived		Limited to birthing or newborn Plan Participants. A new breast pump will be covered every 3 Calendar Years. A new set of breast pump supplies will be covered for each pregnancy. Over-the-counter purchases will be covered at the Network benefit level paid toward full purchase price. Submit documentation to Boon-Chapman.
Dental - Preventive	100%, Deductible waived		Up to age 19 - limited to 2 exams and cleanings per Calendar Year.
Dental - Preventive	100%, Deductible waived		Age 19 and older - \$100 Calendar Year maximum dental wellness benefit.
Diabetes Education	100%, Deductible waived		Limited to 3 visits per Calendar Year
Nutritional Education Counseling	100%, Deductible waived		Limited to 3 visits per Calendar Year
Tobacco/Nicotine Cessation Counseling	100%, Deductible waived		Limited to 3 visits per Calendar Year
Weight Management for Plan Participants age 18 or older	100%, Deductible waived		Limited to 26 visits per Calendar Year. Medically Necessary Diagnostic Testing (labs, x-rays) rendered in connection with Weight Management will be payable subject to the separate Diagnostic Testing benefits under this Plan.
Transplants			
Facility Fee	50% after Deductible	40% after Deductible	See Transplant Programs section of this document. Pre-certification is required.
Physician Fee	100% after \$30 Copayment	40% after Deductible	

MEDICAL BENEFITS

Medical Benefits

These medical benefits will be payable as shown in the Summary of Benefits or as otherwise outlined in this Plan. Subject to the Plan's provisions, limitations and Exclusions, the following are covered medical benefits:

Advanced Imaging (High Tech Radiology). Charges for advanced imaging including: Computed Tomographic (CT) studies, Coronary CT angiography, MRI/MRA, nuclear cardiology, nuclear medicine, and PET scans. Covered Expenses include the readings of these medical tests/scans.

Allergy Services. Charges related to the treatment of allergies including testing, injections, serum, and syringes.

Alternative Care. Alternative Care includes the following and will be payable up to the limits as shown in the Schedule of Benefits:

- Acupressure
- Acupuncture
- Massage Therapy
- Spinal Manipulation/Chiropractic Services

Ambulance. Covered Expenses for professional ambulance, including approved available land, air, water and rail transportation to the nearest Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility, or transfer to the nearest facility having the capability to treat the condition if the transportation is connected with an Inpatient confinement, unless the Plan Administrator finds a longer trip was Medically Necessary.

Ambulatory Surgical Center. Services of an Ambulatory Surgical Center for Medically Necessary care provided.

Anesthesia. Anesthesia, anesthesia supplies, and administration of anesthesia by facility staff.

Birthing Center. Services of a birthing center for Medically Necessary care provided within the scope of its license.

Blood/Blood Derivatives. Charges for blood and blood plasma (if not replaced by or for the patient), including blood processing and administration services. The Plan shall also cover processing, storage, and administrative services for autologous blood (a patient's own blood) when a Participant is scheduled for Surgery that can be reasonably expected to require blood.

Breast Pump, Breast Pump Supplies, Lactation Support Counseling.

A standard electric breast pump or a manual breast pump for initiation or continuation of breastfeeding may be bought rather than rented, with the cost to rent not to exceed the actual purchase price.

- Rental of heavy duty/hospital grade breast pump may be considered Medically Necessary only for the period of time that a newborn remains Inpatient in the Hospital. Purchase of a heavy duty/hospital grade breast pump is not considered Medically Necessary or a Covered Charge under this Plan.
- For Plan Participants using a breast pump from a prior Pregnancy, a new set of breast pump supplies will be covered with each subsequent Pregnancy.
- Replacement of either a standard electric breast pump or a manual breast pump, but not both, will be covered every three Calendar Years following a subsequent Pregnancy.

Covered Charges for the purchase or rental of a breast pump and supplies will be payable subject to the Preventive Care benefits as shown in the Schedule of Benefits section.

Note: Breast pumps and breast pump supplies when purchased through a retail store will be considered eligible only for the purposes of this benefit. The Claims Administrator will require a claim form with proof of purchase to include purchase price and item description.

Lactation support and counseling

Covered charges include Inpatient and Outpatient comprehensive prenatal and postnatal lactation support and counseling for Plan Participants during the duration of the breastfeeding. Services must be rendered by a Physician acting within the scope of their license or certification under applicable State law.

Note: Payment will be made for Covered Charges for lactation support and counseling under the Preventive Care benefits in the Schedule of Benefits section.

Cataracts. Cataract surgery and one set of lenses (contacts or frame-type) following the surgery.

Chemotherapy. Charges for chemotherapy, including materials and services of technicians.

Contraceptives. The charges for all Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved contraceptive methods, when prescribed by a Physician, including but not limited to intrauterine devices (IUDs) and implants (including insertion and removal when applicable) and any related Physician and Facility charges, including complications. **NOTE:** Refer to the separate Prescription Drug Benefits of this Plan regarding prescription coverage of oral contraceptives medications, devices, transdermals, vaginal contraceptives, implantables, and injectables, including Physician-prescribed over-the-counter (OTC) contraceptives.

Diabetic Education. Services and supplies used in Outpatient diabetes self-management programs are covered under this Plan when they are provided by a Physician.

Dialysis. Charges for outpatient dialysis shall include facility services, supplies, and medications provided during treatment. Laboratory testing and Physicians visits will be payable per normal Plan provisions.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Charges for Durable Medical Equipment and supplies necessary for the maintenance and operation of the Durable Medical Equipment that meet all of the following criteria:

1. Medically Necessary;
2. Prescribed by a Physician for outpatient use;
3. Is NOT primarily for the comfort and convenience of the Plan Participant;
4. Does NOT have significant non-medical uses (i.e., air conditioners, air filters, humidifiers, environmental control devices).

If more than one item of Durable Medical Equipment can meet a Plan Participant's needs, Plan benefits are only available for the least cost alternative as determined by the Claims Administrator. Benefits are not available for certain convenience or luxury features that are considered nonstandard. Rental of a Durable Medical Equipment item will be a Covered Charge up to a maximum of the lesser of 24 months or the warranty period of the item, commencing on the date the item is first delivered to the Plan Participant.

A Durable Medical Equipment item may be purchased, rather than rented, with the cost not to exceed the actual acquisition cost of the item to the Plan Participant if the Plan Participant were to purchase the item directly. The acquisition cost of the item may be prorated over a six month period, subject to prior approval by the Claims Administrator.

Replacement of a Durable Medical Equipment item, rented or purchased, will be a Covered Charge limited to once every four Calendar Years.

- Subject to prior approval of the Claims Administrator, replacement for a *purchased* Durable Medical Equipment item may be available for damage beyond repair with normal wear and tear, when repair costs exceed the acquisition cost, or when a change in the Plan Participant's medical condition occurs sooner than the four Calendar Year period.

- Subject to prior approval of the Claims Administrator, replacement for a *rented* Durable Medical Equipment item may be available when a change in the Plan Participant's medical condition occurs sooner than the four Calendar Year period.

Repair of a Durable Medical Equipment item including the replacement of essential accessories such as hoses, tubing, mouth pieces, etc., are Covered Charges only when necessary to make the item serviceable and the total estimated repair and replacement costs do not exceed the acquisition cost of the item. Rental charges for a temporary replacement Durable Medical Equipment item are Covered Charges up to a maximum of two consecutive months. Requests to repair a Durable Medical Equipment item are not subject to the four Calendar Year limit.

Note: Pre-certification of Durable Medical Equipment over \$2,000 is required prior to service. See the Utilization Management section for more information.

The Claims Administrator may require documentation, including but not limited to the make and model number of the Durable Medical Equipment item, the acquisition cost to the Provider, and documentation to support Medical Necessity.

Foot care. Treatment of weak, strained, flat, unstable or unbalanced feet; metatarsalgia or bunions; and treatment of corns, calluses, or toenails.

Gender Dysphoria/Gender Identity Disorder. Medically Necessary treatment, supplies, and services will be covered for the Diagnosis of gender dysphoria/gender identity disorder, unless otherwise excluded under this Plan.

Genetic Counseling or Testing. In addition to coverage specified under Preventive Care, benefits are available for prenatal genetic testing for inherited susceptibility to a medical condition and counseling related to family history or test results to determine the physical characteristics of an unborn child. Refer to the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA) subsection for information regarding the prohibition of discriminating on the basis of genetic information.

Glaucoma. Treatment of glaucoma.

Habilitative Services and Therapies. This includes the following Medically Necessary services:

1. **Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Therapy.** Charges for ABA therapy or other similar services when provided by an individual licensed by the behavioral analyst certification board or certified by the Department of Public Health and Human Services as a family support specialist with an autism endorsement.
2. **Occupational Therapy.** Treatment or services rendered by a registered occupational therapist, under the direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or at a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing Outpatient facility.
3. **Physical Therapy.** Treatment or services rendered by a physical therapist, under direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing duly licensed Outpatient therapy facility.
4. **Speech-Language Pathology.** Treatment for speech delays and disorders.

HealthJoy EAP. Plan Participants will have access to the HealthJoy EAP program 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays. Plan Participants will be provided with an intake assessment including, but not limited to:

1. Gathering psychosocial history including presenting problem;
2. Treatment history and Substance Use Disorder history;
3. Completing a risk assessment of the Plan Participants and their HealthJoy EAP eligible beneficiaries and Dependent(s) and determining the appropriate level of care.

If the presenting issue can be resolved within the framework of the HealthJoy EAP's short-term counseling model, HealthJoy will provide clinical consultation and individual case management to all Employees which will include:

1. Crisis counseling for Plan Participants and their HealthJoy EAP eligible beneficiaries and Dependent(s).
2. Assessment, short-term counseling and/or referrals. These counseling sessions may be delivered either in-person or via the HealthJoy EAP eConnect® platform.
3. Post-case referral to an appropriate professional or helping agency.
4. Follow-up on each case to determine success of the rehabilitation process or need for further assistance.

If the initial assessment reveals that treatment is required beyond the scope of the EAP, the case manager will provide the Plan Participants with the appropriate referrals for mental health or Substance Use Disorder Providers or Facilities that are in the Network.

HealthJoy EAP also offers the following work/life services to all Plan Participants: Legal Assist Services and Materials, Integrated Identity Recovery Program, Financial Assist Services, Child Care Resource and Referral Services, Elder Care Resource and Referral Services, and Convenience Resource and Referral Services.

For more information about these services contact HealthJoy at (888) 731-3EAP (3327) or visit the website at: www.eap.healthjoy.com; username: mcultrust.

Home Health Care. Charges for Home Health Care services and supplies are covered only for care and treatment of an illness or injury when Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility confinement would otherwise be required. The Diagnosis, care, and treatment must be certified by the attending Physician and be contained in a home health care plan. Charges by a Home Health Care Agency for any of the following:

1. Registered Nurses or Licensed Practical Nurses.
2. Certified home health aides under the direct supervision of a Registered Nurse.
3. Registered therapist performing physical, occupational or speech therapy.
4. Physician calls in the office, home, clinic or Outpatient department.
5. Services, Drugs and medical supplies which are Medically Necessary for the treatment of the Participant that would have been provided in the Hospital, but not including Custodial Care. **NOTE: Home infusion therapy does not apply to the home health care maximum.**
6. Rental of Durable Medical Equipment or the purchase of this equipment if economically justified, whichever is less.

NOTE: *Transportation services are not covered under this benefit.*

Home Infusion Therapy. The Plan will cover home infusion therapy services and supplies when provided by an accredited home infusion therapy agency, which is not a licensed Home Health Agency. These services must be Medically Necessary and are required for the administration of a home infusion therapy regimen when ordered by and are part of a formal written plan prescribed by a Physician. The benefit will include all Medically Necessary services and supplies including the nursing services associated with patient and/or alternative care giver training, visits to monitor intravenous therapy regimen, Emergency care, Prescription Drugs, administration of therapy and the collection, analysis and reporting of the results of laboratory testing services required to monitor a response to therapy.

Hospice Care. Charges for Hospice Care services and supplies are covered only when the attending Physician has diagnosed the Plan Participant's condition as being terminal, determined that the person is not expected to live more than six months and placed the person under a Hospice Care Plan.

Covered Charges for Hospice Care Services and Supplies are payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Bereavement counseling services by a healthcare Provider acting within the scope of his or her license for the Plan Participant's immediate family (covered Employee, covered Spouse and/or other covered Dependents). Bereavement services must be furnished within six months after the Plan Participant's death.

Note: Pre-certification of Hospice Care is required prior to service. See the Utilization Management section for more information.

Hospital. Charges made by a Hospital, Outpatient Surgical Center, or Birthing Center. After 23 observations hours, a confinement will be considered an inpatient confinement.

1. Inpatient Treatment:
 - a. Room and Board charges.
 - b. Intensive Care Unit (ICU) and Cardiac Care Unit (CCU) Room and Board charges.
 - c. General nursing services.
 - d. Medically Necessary services and supplies furnished by the Hospital, other than Room and Board.
2. Outpatient Treatment:
 - a. Emergency room.
 - b. Treatment for chronic conditions.
 - c. Physical therapy treatments.
 - d. Hemodialysis.
 - e. X-ray, laboratory and linear therapy.

Inborn Errors of Metabolism. Treatment under the supervision of a Physician for inborn errors of metabolism that involve amino acid, carbohydrate, and fat metabolism, and for which medically standards methods of diagnosis, treatment, and monitoring exist.

Benefits include expenses of diagnosing, monitoring, and controlling the disorders by nutritional and medical assessment, including but not limited to clinical services, biochemical analysis, medical supplies, prescription Drugs, corrective lenses for conditions related to the inborn error of metabolism, nutritional management, and nutritional supplements in any form that are used in treatment to compensate for the metabolic abnormality and to maintain adequate nutritional status.

Infertility Testing. Care, supplies and services for Diagnosis only. Infertility treatment and medications are not a covered charge under this Plan.

Jaw Joint Conditions, including Temporomandibular Joint Syndrome (TMJ). Medically Necessary Surgical services for care and treatment of jaw joint conditions, including Temporomandibular Joint Syndrome (TMJ).

Laboratory and Pathology Services. Charges for x-rays, diagnostic tests, labs, and pathology services.

Mastectomy. The Federal Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act, signed into law on October 21, 1998, contains coverage requirements for breast cancer patients who elect reconstruction in connection with a Mastectomy or Lumpectomy. The Federal law requires group health plans that provide Mastectomy or Lumpectomy coverage to also cover breast reconstruction Surgery and prostheses following Mastectomy or Lumpectomy.

As required by law, the Participant is being provided this notice to inform him or her about these provisions. The law mandates that individuals receiving benefits for a Medically Necessary Mastectomy will also receive coverage for:

1. Reconstruction of the breast on which the Mastectomy or Lumpectomy has been performed.
2. Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
3. Prostheses and physical complications from all stages of Mastectomy or Lumpectomy, including lymphedemas.

The reconstruction of the breast will be done in a manner determined in consultation with the attending Physician and the patient.

This coverage will be subject to the same annual Deductible and Coinsurance provisions that currently apply to Mastectomy coverage, and will be provided in consultation with the Participant and his or her attending Physician.

Medical Foods. Medical foods are considered a covered charge if intravenous therapy (IV) or tube feedings are Medically Necessary. Medical foods taken orally are not covered under the Plan, except for PKU formula when Medically Necessary.

Medical Supplies. The following supplies for use outside of a Hospital when prescribed by a Physician and deemed Medically Necessary to treat an Illness or Injury covered under this Plan:

- Syringes and related supplies for conditions such as diabetes.
- Injection aids, visual reading and urine test strips, glucagon emergency kits for treatment of diabetes. **Note:** Insulin pump and supplies will be payable under the separate Durable Medical Equipment benefit under this Plan. Omni-Pod insulin pumps are only covered through the pharmacy benefit plan.
- Sterile or surgical dressings.
- Catheters.
- Splints, casts, and other devices used in the reduction of fractures and dislocations.
- Colostomy bags and related supplies.
- Supplies for renal dialysis equipment or machines.

Mental Disorders and Substance Use Disorder Benefits. Benefits are available for Inpatient or Outpatient care for Mental Disorders and Substance Use Disorder conditions, including individual and group psychotherapy, psychiatric tests, and expenses related to the Diagnosis when rendered by a covered Provider.

Benefits are available for, but not limited to, Residential Treatment Facility, Partial Hospitalization, and Intensive Outpatient Services.

Midwife Services. Benefits for midwife services performed by a certified nurse midwife (CNM) who is licensed as such and acting within the scope of his/her license. This Plan will not provide benefits for lay midwives or other individuals who become midwives by virtue of their experience in performing deliveries.

Naturopathy. Care, treatment, and services that are described as a Covered Charge under this Plan.

Newborn Care. Routine well newborn nursery care is care while the newborn is Hospital-confined after birth and includes room, board, and other normal care, including circumcision, for which a Hospital makes a charge.

This coverage is only provided if the newborn Child is an eligible Dependent and a parent (1) is a Plan Participant who was covered under the Plan at the time of the birth, or (2) enrolls himself or herself (as well as the newborn Child if required) in accordance with the Special Enrollment provisions with coverage effective as of the date of birth.

The benefit is limited to the allowable charge for nursery care for the newborn child while Hospital confined as a result of the Child's birth.

Charges for covered routine nursery care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn Child. Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn Child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending Provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a Provider obtain authorization from the Plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Charges for Routine Physician Care. The benefit is limited to the allowable charge made by a Physician for normal newborn child, including circumcision, while Hospital confined as a result of the child's birth.

Charges for covered routine Physician care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn Child.

Nursing Services. Services of a Registered Nurse or Licensed Practical Nurse.

Nutritional Education Counseling. Care, treatment, and services when provided by a health care Provider acting within the scope of his or her license, will be payable up to the limits as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. *This benefit will **not** include weight loss medications or nutritional supplements whether or not prescribed by a Physician.*

Oral Surgery. Charges for Injury to or care of the mouth, teeth, gums, and alveolar processes will be Covered Charges under Medical Benefits only if that care is for the following oral surgical procedures:

- Excision of tumors and cysts of the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, roof and floor of the mouth.
- Emergency repair due to Injury to sound natural teeth.
- Surgery needed to correct accidental Injuries to the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, floor and roof of the mouth.
- Excision of benign bony growths of the jaw and hard palate.
- External incision and drainage of cellulitis.
- Incision of sensory sinuses, salivary glands, or ducts.

No charge will be covered under Medical Benefits for dental and oral surgical procedures involving orthodontic care of the teeth, periodontal disease, and preparing the mouth for the fitting of or continued use of dentures.

Services and supplies provided by a Hospital in conjunction with dental treatment will be covered only when a non-dental physical Illness or Injury exists which makes Hospital care Medically Necessary to safeguard the Plan Participant's health. Dental treatment provided in a Hospital unrelated to a non-dental physical Illness or Injury will not be a Covered Charge regardless of the complexity of dental treatment and length of anesthesia.

Palliative Care. Palliative Care focuses on providing relief from the symptoms, stress, and side effects associated with serious Illness. Patients receiving such care need not be terminal and Palliative Care can be provided outside the context of Hospice Care. Services include but are not limited to medication, physical therapy and rehabilitation services, and mental health services to relieve the symptoms and side effects associated with serious Illness.

Physician Services. Services of a Physician for Medically Necessary care, including office visits, home visits, Hospital Inpatient care, Hospital Outpatient visits and exams, clinic care and surgical opinion consultations.

Pregnancy Expenses. The Allowable Charge for the care and treatment of Pregnancy are covered the same as any other Illness for a covered Employee or covered Spouse and will be payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Note: Routine prenatal office visits will be payable as shown under the Pregnancy benefit in the Schedule of Benefits section.

The following services will continue to be payable per normal Plan provisions (but will not apply to the Pregnancy of a Dependent Child):

- Pregnancy-related ultrasounds, lab screenings (not otherwise specified),
- Complications of Pregnancy (as defined under this Plan), delivery, and post-partum care.

There is no coverage of Pregnancy for a Dependent child. However, the following services are available to all female Plan Participants and are payable as shown in the Medical Benefits Schedule, patient education and counseling for all women with reproductive capacity, preconception, screening for gestational diabetes in pregnant women, breastfeeding support, supplies, and counseling in conjunction with each birth, and any other service required to be covered as preventive for pregnant women under the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn Child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending Provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a Provider obtain authorization from the Plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Preventive Care.

Charges for Preventive Care services. This Plan intends to comply with the Affordable Care Act's (ACA) requirement to offer In-Network coverage for certain preventive services without cost-sharing.

Benefits mandated through the ACA legislation include Preventive Care such as immunizations, screenings, and other services that are listed as recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF), the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), and the Federal Centers for Disease Control (CDC).

See the following websites for more details:

<https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/>;
<https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspstf/recommendation-topics>;
<https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/index.html>;
<https://www.aap.org/periodicityschedule>;
<https://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/>.

NOTE: *The Preventive Care services identified through the above links are recommended services. It is up to the Provider and/or Physician of care to determine which services to provide; the Plan Administrator has the authority to determine which services will be covered. Preventive Care services will be covered at 100% for Non-Network Providers if there is no Network Provider who can provide a required preventive service. Benefits include gender-specific Preventive Care services, regardless of the sex the Participant was assigned at birth, his or her gender identity, or his or her recorded gender.*

Preventive and Wellness Services for Adults and Children - In compliance with section 2713 of the Affordable Care Act, benefits are available for evidence-based items or services that have in effect a rating of "A" or "B" in the current recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF).

Immunizations that have in effect a recommendation from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) with respect to the individual involved. With respect to infants, Children, and adolescents, evidence-informed Preventive Care and

screenings as provided for in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Women's Preventive Services - With respect to women, such additional Preventive Care and screenings as provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) not otherwise addressed by the recommendations of the United States Preventive Service Task Force (USPSTF), which will be commonly known as HRSA's Women's Preventive Services Required Health Plan Coverage Guidelines. The HRSA has added the following eight categories of women's services to the list of mandatory preventive services:

1. Well-woman visits.
2. Gestational diabetes screening.
3. Human papillomavirus (HPV) Deoxyribonucleic Acid (DNA) testing.
4. Sexually transmitted infection counseling.
5. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) screening and counseling.
6. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved, -granted, or -cleared contraception methods and contraceptive counseling.
7. Breastfeeding support, supplies and counseling.
8. Domestic violence screening and counseling.

A description of Women's Preventive Services can be found at: <http://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/> or at the websites listed above.

Prosthetics, Orthotics, Supplies and Surgical Dressings. If deemed Medically Necessary, the initial purchase, fitting, and repair of prosthetic devices (other than dental) to replace all or part of an absent body organ or part, including replacement due to natural growth or pathological change, but not including charges for repair or maintenance. Covered Charges for deluxe prosthetics and computerized limbs will be based on the allowable charge for a standard prosthesis. Computer-assisted communication devices and replacement of lost or stolen prosthesis *will not* be a Covered Charge.

The initial purchase, fitting, and repair of orthotic appliances such as braces, splints, or other appliances which are required for support for an injured or deformed part of the body as a result of a disabling congenital condition or an Injury or Illness.

Orthopedic devices, a rigid or semi rigid supportive device which restricts or eliminates motion of a weak or diseased body part, will be limited to braces, corsets, and trusses.

Foot orthotics, up to the limit shown in the Schedule of Benefits, including impression casting for orthotic appliances, padding, strapping and fabrication *will* be a Covered Charge.

Radiation Therapy. Charges for radiation therapy and treatment.

Rehabilitative Services and Therapies. Services for individual therapy are covered on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis. They are Medically Necessary services or supplies used for the treatment of an Illness or Injury and include:

1. **Applied Behavior Analysis Therapy (ABA)** Charges for treatment of Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD).
2. **Cardiac Therapy.** Charges for cardiac therapy.
3. **Cognitive Therapy.** Charges for cognitive therapy.
4. **Occupational Therapy.** Rehabilitation treatment or services rendered by a registered occupational therapist, under the direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or at a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing outpatient facility.
5. **Physical Therapy.** Rehabilitation treatment or services rendered by a physical therapist, under direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or a facility or Institution whose primary purpose

is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing duly licensed outpatient therapy facility.

6. **Respiration Therapy.** Respiration therapy services.
7. **Speech Therapy.** Charges for speech therapy ordered by a health care Provider acting within the scope of his or her license and follow either: (i) Surgery for correction of a congenital condition of the oral cavity, throat or nasal complex (other than frenectomy) of a person (ii) an Injury; (iii) an Illness. All treatment is subject to the benefit payment limits show in the Schedule of Benefits.
8. **Vision Therapy.** For patients with eye movement disorders, designed to modify different aspects of visual function.

See the Summary of Benefits for treatment and/or frequency limitations.

Inpatient Care. Services must be furnished in a specialized rehabilitative unit of a Hospital and billed by the Hospital or be furnished and billed by a rehabilitation facility approved by the Plan. This benefit only covers care the Plan Participant received within 24 months from the onset of the Injury or Illness or from the date of the Surgery that made rehabilitation necessary. The care must also be part of a written plan of multidisciplinary treatment prescribed and periodically reviewed by a physiatrist (a Physician specializing in rehabilitative medicine).

Routine Patient Costs for Participation in an Approved Clinical Trial. Charges for any Medically Necessary services, for which benefits are provided by the Plan, when a Participant is participating in a phase I, II, III or IV clinical trial, conducted in relation to the prevention, detection or treatment of a life-threatening disease or condition, as defined under the ACA, provided:

1. The clinical trial is approved by any of the following:
 - a. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
 - b. The National Institute of Health.
 - c. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
 - d. The U.S. Department of Defense.
 - e. The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs.
 - f. An institutional review board of an institution that has an agreement with the Office for Human Research Protections of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
2. The research institution conducting the Approved Clinical Trial and each health professional providing routine patient care through the institution, agree to accept reimbursement at the applicable Covered Expense, as payment in full for routine patient care provided in connection with the Approved Clinical Trial.

Routine Preventive Dental Care. Covered charges under Medical Benefits for Current Dental Terminology (CDT) are payable for limited routine Preventive Dental Care as described in the Schedule of Benefits for dental examinations (D0120, D0145, D0150, D0160, D0170, D0180) and oral prophylaxes (cleanings) D1110, D1120).

Second Surgical Opinions. Charges for second surgical opinions.

Skilled Nursing Facility. The room and board and nursing care furnished by a Skilled Nursing Facility will be payable if and when:

- a. The Plan Participant is confined as a bed patient in the Facility; and
- b. The attending Physician certifies that the confinement is needed for further care of the condition that caused the Hospital confinement; and
- c. The attending Physician completes a treatment plan which includes a Diagnosis, the proposed course of treatment and the projected date of discharge from the Skilled Nursing Facility.

Covered Charges for a Plan Participant's care in these Facilities are payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Sterilization Procedures. Sterilization procedures for female Plan Participants will be payable as shown under the Preventive Care benefits as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The following charges will be payable per normal Plan Provisions:

- Hysterectomies
- Sterilization procedures for male Plan Participants

Surgery. Surgical operations and procedures, unless otherwise specifically excluded under the Plan, and limited as follows:

1. Multiple Non-Network procedures adding significant time or complexity will be allowed at:
 - a. One hundred percent (100%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the first or major procedure.
 - b. Fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the secondary and subsequent procedures.
 - c. Bilateral procedures which add significant time or complexity, which are provided at the same operative session, will be allowed at one hundred percent (100%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the major procedure, and fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the secondary or lesser procedure.
2. The Maximum Allowable Charge for Non-Network services rendered by an assistant surgeon will be limited to twenty percent (20%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge identified for the surgeon's service.
3. No benefit will be payable for incidental procedures, such as appendectomy during an abdominal Surgery, performed during a single operative session.

Teladoc Telehealth services. Teladoc Telehealth services include unlimited telephone access to experienced board-certified licensed Physicians as an alternative to in-person health care for certain common medical and mental health issues.

Telemedicine. Charges for any Medically Necessary services, for which benefits are otherwise provided by the Plan, when those services are provided via audio or video communications.

Tobacco/Nicotine Cessation Counseling. Care and treatment for tobacco/nicotine cessation counseling, will be payable up to the limits as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Refer to the Prescription Drug Benefits section regarding coverage of tobacco/nicotine cessation medications and products.

Transplants. Medically Necessary charges incurred for the care and treatment due to an organ or tissue transplant, which are not considered Experimental or Investigational, are subject to the following criteria (and are subject to the limits as shown in the Schedule of Benefits):

- The transplant must be performed to replace an organ or tissue.
- **Organ transplant benefit period.** A period of 365 continuous days beginning five days immediately prior to an approved organ transplant procedure. In the case of a bone marrow transplant, the date the transplant begins will be defined as either the earlier of the date of the beginning of the preparatory regimen (marrow ablation therapy) or the date the marrow/stem cells is/are infused.
- **Organ procurement limits.** Charges for obtaining donor organs or tissues are covered charges under the Plan only when the recipient is a Plan Participant. When the donor has medical coverage, his or her plan will pay first. Charges incurred by the organ donor for a covered transplant will be eligible under this Plan if the charges are not covered by any other medical expense coverage.

The donor benefits under this Plan will be reduced by those payable under the donor's plan. Donor charges include those for:

1. Evaluating the organ or tissue;
2. Removing the organ or tissue from the donor; and
3. Transportation of the organ or tissue from within the United States or Canada to the facility where the transplant is to be performed.

Note: Expenses related to the purchase of any organ will not be covered.

Note: Pre-certification of Organ Transplant services, including travel, is required prior to service. See the Utilization Management section for more information.

- In the event a Network Provider transplant facility is utilized, benefits will be payable at the Network Provider benefit level.
- In the event a Network Provider transplant facility is unavailable and the providing transplant facility is a Center of Excellence Facility, benefits will be payable at the Network Provider benefit level.
- In the event a Non-Network Provider transplant facility is utilized and the providing transplant facility is not a Center of Excellence Facility, benefits will be payable at the Non-Network Provider benefit level.

There is no obligation to the Plan Participant to use either a Network Provider or a Center of Excellence Facility; however, benefits for the transplant and related expenses will vary depending upon whether services are provided by a Network Provider or a Non-Network Provider and whether or not a Center of Excellence Facility is utilized.

A **Center of Excellence** is a licensed healthcare facility that has entered into a participation agreement with a national transplant Network to provide approved transplant services, at a negotiated rate, to which the Plan has access. A Plan Participant may contact Prime Dx to determine whether or not a facility is considered a Center of Excellence.

Special Transplant Benefits

Under certain circumstances, there may be special transplant benefits available when the group health plan and/or a Plan Participant participates in a special transplant program and/or contracts with a specific transplant Network. Therefore, it is very important to Prime Dx as soon as reasonably possible so that the Plan can advise the Plan Participant or his or her Physician of the transplant benefits that may be available.

Transplant Exclusions

Coverage for the following procedures, when Medically Necessary, will be provided under the regular medical benefits provision under this Plan, subject to any Plan provisions and applicable benefits limitations as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

1. Cornea transplantation.
2. Skin grafts.
3. Artery.
4. Vein.
5. Valve.
6. Transplantation of blood or blood derivatives (except for bone marrow or stem cells).

Weight Management. This benefit is being provided consistent with the Affordable Care Act preventive services requirement. Covered Charges include nutritionist or dietician led programs, along with Physician-directed intensive, multicomponent behavioral interventions, including weight loss clinics, for weight management for Plan Participants age 18 and older. Intensive, multicomponent behavioral interventions for weight management will include group and individual sessions of high intensity (up to 26 visits per Calendar Year) encompassing the following:

- Behavioral management activities such as setting weight loss goals.
- Improving diet or nutrition and increasing physical activity.

- Addressing barriers to change.
- Self-monitoring.
- Strategizing how to maintain lifestyle changes.

The Plan may require a documented Plan of Care that describes the services being provided and any applicable short term and long-term goals, specific treatment techniques, anticipated frequency, and duration of treatment and/or treatment protocol for the Plan Participant's specific condition.

Medically Necessary Diagnostic Testing (x-ray & lab services) rendered in connection with Weight Management will be payable subject to the separate Diagnostic Testing benefit under this Plan. Surgical care and treatment and Physician prescribed weight loss medications **will not** be a covered benefit.

This Plan **will not** cover weight loss meals, food programs, nutritional supplements, gym memberships, or dues for participation in weight loss programs (e.g., Weight Watchers, Jenny Craig, etc.) whether or not prescribed by a Physician.

Wellness Program. Incentives based on participation in Wellness Program for Plan Participants age 18 years and older. See Schedule of Benefits for details and limitations.

Wigs. Charges associated with the initial purchase of a wig after chemotherapy or radiation therapy will be payable up to the limits as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Care Navigation Benefit

If covered services have been recommended, please contact Prime Dx at (800) 477-4625 or email: nurseadvocate@boonchapman.com.

Participants have access to Providers offering transparent pricing to receive Surgical treatments, high tech radiology, or other services when a treating Physician(s) recommends certain eligible, Medically Necessary treatment or services covered by this Plan (Covered Services) and the Participant elects to receive treatment or services at that facility. Participants are not required to access a Provider coordinated through the Care Navigation program; however, the Plan encourages Participants to consider all options available when planning for an upcoming Surgical procedure.

The Covered Services performed at these Providers will be paid according to the Medical Schedule of Benefits.

Covered Services include all medical costs incurred while receiving treatment or services at the Provider, as well as a travel benefit (See Care Navigation Schedule of Benefits for details). Travel benefits are only covered by the Plan if the travel and lodging is reserved, scheduled and approved by the Plan in advance. If these conditions are met, the Plan covers expenses for travel and lodging for the Participant and one adult companion for the following expenses:

1. Transportation for the Participant and one adult companion who is traveling to and/or from the site of treatment for a Surgical episode of care which typically includes a preoperative evaluation, the Surgical procedure and necessary post-operative follow-up. Reasonable transportation expenses may include:
 - a) Parking expenses at or transportation to and from the Participant's airport of origin.
 - b) Airfare.
 - c) Ground transportation from airport to hotel, between hotel and doctor's office for consultation, between hotel and Surgery center, and from hotel to airport.
 - d) Mileage reimbursement at the IRS rate for the most direct route between the Participant's home and the Approved Provider's facility (in lieu of airfare and ground transportation).
 - e) Lodging: One-room accommodation at a Plan-approved hotel. Room and taxes only. Incidentals (Wi-Fi, etc. not included).
 - f) Meals and Incidentals Expense Benefit.
 - g) Provides per diem to cover expenses for the Participant while not admitted to the Hospital and per diem for one adult companion.

Certain examinations, tests, treatment or other medical services may be required prior to or following travel. Any Covered Services performed for pre and post care shall be subject to the coverage limits and other terms of the Plan. Subsequent services connected to the initial procedure will also be subject to the coverage limits and other terms of the Plan.

The determination of Medical Necessity will be performed by the Provider's Physician(s) upon receipt and review of all applicable medical records, unless stated otherwise.

Pre-Notification Requirement:

Except in an urgent care situation, the Participant must call the Care Navigation Program at (800) 477-4625. at least seven (7) business days before any/all procedures scheduled in advance including, but not limited to the following:

- Inpatient procedures;
- Outpatient procedures; and
- Imaging services

Medical Exclusions

Some health care services are not covered by the Plan. In addition to the General Exclusions set forth in the General Limitations and Exclusions section, these include, but are not limited to, any charge for care, supplies, or services, which are:

Abortion. For or related to an abortion, except where the life of the mother is endangered by the continuation of the pregnancy, or if the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest. In addition, this plan will not cover abortions where they are prohibited by applicable law.

Adoption Expenses. Charges in connection with adoption, including surrogate Pregnancy expenses (whether or not the mother is a Plan Participant under this Plan) will not be a covered charge.

Biofeedback. For biofeedback.

Blood. For blood that is available without charge. For Outpatient blood storage services.

Cosmetic Components of Gender Dysphoria. Charges for treatment, services or supplies performed as a component of gender transition that are considered cosmetic.

Dental Care. For normal dental care benefits, including any dental, gum treatments, or oral surgery, except as otherwise specifically provided herein.

Educational or Vocational Testing or Training Program. Services for educational or vocational testing or training, except as specifically provided herein.

Errors. Charges based on billing mistakes, improprieties, or illegitimate billing entries, including, but not limited to, up-coding, duplicate or unbundled charges, charges for care, supplies, treatment, and/or services not actually rendered or performed, or charges otherwise determined to be invalid, impermissible, not Medically Necessary or improper based on any applicable law, regulation, rule or professional standard; it is in the Plan Administrator's sole discretion to determine what constitutes an error under the terms of this Plan.

Examinations. Any health examination required by any law of a government to secure insurance or school admissions or professional or other licenses, except as required under applicable federal law.

Hair Pieces. For wigs, artificial hair pieces, human or artificial hair transplants, or any Drug, prescription or otherwise, used to eliminate baldness. **NOTE:** *This Exclusion does not apply to hair pieces and wigs that are covered under the Plan for patients who are undergoing chemotherapy or radiation therapy.*

Hearing Aids. For hearing aids or examinations for the prescription, fitting, and/or repair of hearing aids.

Hypnosis. Related to the use of hypnosis.

Impotence. Care, treatment, services, supplies or medications in connection with treatment for impotence.

Impregnation and Infertility Treatment. Care, supplies, services and treatment for Infertility, artificial insemination, or in vitro fertilization.

Maintenance. Treatment or services for maintenance or supportive level of care, or when maximum therapeutic benefit (no further objective improvement) has been attained.

Not Specified as Covered. Non-traditional medical services, treatments, and supplies which are not specified as covered under this Plan.

Nutritional Supplements. For nutritional supplements, except as specified under Preventive Care.

Obesity. Surgical and non-surgical care and treatment of obesity, including morbid obesity, weight loss, or not it is in any case, a part of the treatment plan for another Illness. This Exclusion does not apply to obesity screening and counseling that are covered under the Preventive Care benefit.

Oral Surgery. For oral surgery or dental treatment, except as specifically provided in the Plan.

Organ Transplants. Related to the donation of a human organ or tissue, except as specifically provided.

Orthopedic Shoes. For orthopedic shoes, unless they are an integral part of a leg brace and the cost is included in the orthotist's charge, and other supportive devices for the feet. Custom molded foot orthotics are covered up to the limits shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Osseous Surgery. For osseous surgery.

Personal Convenience Items. For equipment that does not meet the definition of Durable Medical Equipment, including air conditioners, humidifiers and exercise equipment, whether or not recommended by a Physician.

Pregnancy of Non-Spouse Dependent. Care and treatment of Pregnancy and Complications of Pregnancy for a Dependent other than a Spouse, unless required by applicable law. **NOTE:** *Preventive Care charges for Pregnancy are covered under the Preventive Care benefit in the Medical Benefits section.*

Private Duty Nursing. Private duty nursing is excluded, unless care is Medically Necessary or not Custodial in nature and the Hospital's Intensive Care Unit is filled or the Hospital has no Intensive Care Unit.

Repair of Purchased Equipment. For maintenance and repairs needed due to misuse or abuse of purchased equipment.

Replacement Braces. For replacement of braces of the leg, arm, back, neck, or artificial arms or legs, unless there is sufficient change in the Participant's physical condition to make the original device no longer functional.

Routine Patient Costs for Participation in an Approved Clinical Trial.

For costs for participation in an Approved Clinical Trial. The following items are excluded from approved clinical trial coverage under this Plan:

1. The cost of an Investigational new drug or device that is not approved for any indication by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, including a drug or device that is the subject of the Approved Clinical Trial.
2. The cost of a service that is not a health care service, regardless of whether the service is required in connection with participation in an Approved Clinical Trial.
3. The cost of a service that is clearly inconsistent with widely accepted and established standards of care for a particular Diagnosis.
4. A cost associated with managing an Approved Clinical Trial.
5. The cost of a health care service that is specifically excluded by the Plan.
6. Services that are part of the subject matter of the Approved Clinical Trial and that are customarily paid for by the research institution conducting the Approved Clinical Trial.

If one or more participating Providers do participate in the Approved Clinical Trial, the qualified Plan Participant must participate in the Approved Clinical Trial through a participating, Network Provider, if the Provider will accept the Participant into the trial.

The Plan does not cover routine patient care services that are provided outside of this Plan's health care Provider Network unless Non-Network benefits are otherwise provided under this Plan.

Routine Physical Examinations. For routine or periodic physical examinations, related x-ray and laboratory expenses, and nutritional supplements, except as provided in the Summary of Benefits.

Sterilization Reversal. For sterilization procedure reversal.

Travel. For travel, whether or not recommended by a Physician, except as specifically provided herein.

Vision Care. Expenses for the following:

1. For eye refractions, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or the vision examination for prescribing or fitting eyeglasses or contact lenses (except for aphakic patients, and soft lenses or sclera shells intended for use in the treatment of Illness or Injury).
2. For refractive procedures or other plastic surgeries to correct vision in lieu of eyeglasses.
3. Orthokeratology lenses for reshaping the cornea of the eye to improve vision.

Vision benefits may be covered under the vision plan offered through VSP. A preventive vision eye exam benefit is available through VSP once every 12 months. Tell the VSP provider that coverage is provided through VSP Exam Plus. Contact VSP at www.vsp.com or (800) 877-7195. This benefit is designed to cover an eye examination only.

Vitamins. For vitamins, except as specified under Preventive Care.

UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT

“Utilization Management” consists of several components to assist Participants in staying well: providing optimal management of chronic conditions, support, and service coordination during times of acute or new onset of a medical condition. The scope of the program includes Hospital admission pre-certification, continued stay review, length of stay determination, and discharge planning, and case management. These programs are designed to ensure that Medically Necessary, high quality patient care is provided and enables maximum benefits under the Plan. In order to maximize Plan reimbursements, please read the following provisions carefully.

Services that Require Pre-Certification

The following services will require Pre-Certification (or reimbursement from the Plan may be reduced):

1. Inpatient admissions to a Hospital, Skilled Nursing Facility, or free-standing Mental Disorder/Substance Use Facility.
 - a. Pre-certification is required for routine maternity admission that exceeds 48 hours following a vaginal delivery or 96 hours following a cesarean section delivery;
 - b. Pre-certification of an inpatient admission from the Emergency Room is required.
2. Inpatient or Outpatient Surgical Procedures.
3. Chemotherapy and radiation treatment, including medications.
4. Durable Medical Equipment (DME) over \$2,000.
5. Genetic testing.
6. Home Health Care.
7. Hospice.
8. Injectables.
9. Physical Therapy, Occupational Therapy, and Speech Therapy.
10. Renal Dialysis.
11. Transplants.
12. Travel expenses.

The pre-certification process is limited to determining the Medical Necessity of the procedure. This does not verify eligibility for benefits nor guarantee benefit payments under the Plan. It is the Participant's responsibility to verify that the above services have been pre-certified as outlined below.

Pre-certification Procedures and Contact Information

The Utilization Management Service is simple and easy for Participants to use. Whenever a Participant is advised that services requiring pre-certification are needed, it is the Participant's responsibility to call the pre-certification department at its toll-free number, which is (800)-477-4625. The review process will continue, as outlined below, until the completion of the treatment plan and/or the Participant's discharge from the Hospital.

Urgent Care or Emergency Admissions:

If a Participant needs medical care for a condition which could seriously jeopardize his or her life, he or she should obtain such care without delay, and communicate with the Plan as soon as reasonably possible.

If a Participant must be admitted on an Emergency basis, the Participant, or an individual acting on behalf of the Participant, should follow the Physician's instructions carefully and contact the pre-certification department as follows:

1. For Emergency admissions after business hours on Friday, on a weekend or over a holiday weekend, a call to the pre-certification department must be made within 72 hours after the admission date, but no later than the first business day following the Emergency admission, by or on behalf of the covered patient.
2. For Emergency admissions on a weekday, a call to the pre-certification department must be made within 24 hours after the admission date, by or on behalf of the covered patient.

If a medical service is provided in response to an Emergency situation or urgent care scenario, prior approval from the Plan is not required. The Plan will require notice within 72 hours after the admission date, but no later than the first business day following the Emergency admission, by or on behalf of the covered patient. Such a claim shall then be deemed to be a Post-service Claim.

Non-Emergency Admissions:

For Hospital stays that are scheduled in advance, a call to the pre-certification department should be completed as soon as possible before actual services are rendered. Once the pre-certification call is received, it will be routed to an appropriate review specialist who will create an online patient file. The review specialist will contact the Participant's attending Physician to obtain information and to discuss the specifics of the admission request. If appropriate, alternative care will be explored with the Physician.

If, after assessing procedure necessity, the need for an Inpatient confinement is confirmed, the review specialist will determine the intensity of management required and will remain in contact with the Physician or Hospital during the confinement.

If, at any time during the review process, Medical Necessity cannot be validated, the review specialist will refer the episode to a board-certified Physician advisor who will immediately contact the attending Physician to negotiate an appropriate treatment plan. At the end of the Hospital confinement, the review specialist is also available to assist with discharge planning and will work closely with the attending Physician and Hospital to ensure that medically appropriate arrangements are made.

Outpatient Services:

A Participant is required to contact the pre-certification department when the Physician requests certain Outpatient procedures and services. The Summary of Benefits indicates which Outpatient procedures and services require pre-certification.

Pre-Certification Penalty

The program requires the support and cooperation of each Participant. If a Participant follows the instructions and procedures, he or she will receive the normal Plan benefits for the services. However, if a Participant fails to notify the pre-certification department of any services listed in the provision entitled "Services that Require Pre-Certification," allowed charges may be reduced and the Participant will be responsible for payment of the part of the charge that is not paid by the Plan.

NOTE: *If a Participant's admission or service is determined to not be Medically Necessary, he or she may pursue an appeal by following the provisions described in the Claims Procedures; Payment of Claims section of this document. The Participant and Provider will be informed of any denial or non-certification in writing.*

Retrospective Review

The Plan allows a review of the Medical Necessity of the health care services provided on an Emergency basis, after they have been provided. Retroactive pre-certification is allowed for medical non-Emergency care situations up to 90 days after the date of service without a penalty.

Second Surgical Opinion

If a Physician recommends Surgery for a Participant, the Participant may request a second opinion as to whether or not the Surgery is Medically Necessary.

When a second opinion is obtained, the Plan will pay the Maximum Allowable Charge Incurred for that opinion along with laboratory, x-ray and other Medically Necessary services ordered by the second Physician after application of the Deductible.

Case Management

Case management is a preemptive coordination of a Participant's care in cases where the medical condition is or is expected to be serious, chronic, or when the cost of treatment is expected to be significant. This program provides for a case manager who monitors Participants and explores, discusses and recommends

coordinated and/or alternate types of appropriate Medically Necessary care. Case management is a voluntary service. There are no reductions of benefits or penalties if the patient and family choose not to participate. Each treatment plan is individually tailored to a specific patient and should not be seen as appropriate or recommended for any other patient, even one with the same Diagnosis.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

As Administered by SmithRx

Agate Plan Schedule of Prescription Drug Benefits	
Prescription Drug Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amounts (per Calendar Year):	
Per Plan Participant \$1,350	Per Family Unit \$2,700
Covered Prescription Drug Expenses:	
Participating Pharmacy	
Plan pays 100% after Copayment	
1-30 day supply	
Tier 1 Drugs (generic and some lower cost brand products)	\$10 Copayment after medical Deductible
Tier 2 Drugs (preferred brand products)	\$25 Copayment after medical Deductible
Tier 3 Drugs (non-preferred brand products)	\$50 Copayment after medical Deductible
31-90 day supply - also available through Mail Order Pharmacy	
Tier 1 Drugs (generic and some lower cost brand products)	\$20 Copayment after medical Deductible
Tier 2 Drugs (preferred brand products)	\$50 Copayment after medical deductible
Tier 3 Drugs (non-preferred brand products)	\$100 Copayment after medical Deductible
Specialty Drug Program:	
Available through US Bioservices, Senderra Rx. For information regarding the Specialty Pharmacy Program, please contact SmithRx at (844)-454-5201	
First fill only (through retail Pharmacy)	\$100 Copayment after medical Deductible - Limited to a 30-day supply
Subsequent fills (through Specialty Pharmacy)	\$100 Copayment after medical Deductible - Limited to a 30-day supply
Non-Participating Pharmacy Covered Drug Expenses - 30 day supply	
Tier 1, 2, and 3 Drugs	50% Coinsurance after medical Deductible
Preventive Drugs - Available at any Participating Pharmacy Retail location - available up to a 90-day supply per prescription or certain preventive Drugs (contact SmithRx at (844) 454-5201 for a list).	
\$0 Copayment, medical Deductible waived	

If applicable, this Plan will make a retroactive adjustment to a claim based on a discount, coupon, pharmacy discount program or similar arrangement provided by Drug manufacturers or pharmacies to assist in purchasing prescription Drugs.

The Coordination of Benefits provision will not apply to prescriptions purchased at a Participating Pharmacy.

Participating Pharmacy

Prescription Drug coverage for Plan Participants is administered by **SmithRx**, which is a pharmacy benefits manager. **SmithRx** provides a nationwide Network of Participating Pharmacies and a Drug formulary. The presence of a Drug on this formulary does not guarantee coverage and the Drugs listed on the formulary

are subject to change. To find out if a medication you are prescribed is covered under the Plan, visit the member portal at <https://portal.mysmithrx.com/login> or call (844) 454-5201 for the most current formulary information.

Prescription Drug Copayments and Prescription Drug Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount

The prescription Drug Copayment amounts for the Retail, Specialty and Mail Order pharmacies listed above **will apply** to the separate prescription Drug Maximum Out-of-Pocket amount until this amount shown above has been met; thereafter, covered prescription Drugs will continue to be payable subject to 100% (not including ineligible charges, such as prescription Drug dispense as written (DAW) penalties) for the remainder of the Calendar Year. **The prescription Drug Maximum Out-of-Pocket amount will not apply to the medical Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.**

If a Drug is purchased from a non-Participating Pharmacy, or a Participating Pharmacy when the Plan Participant's ID card is not used, the Plan Participant will be required to pay 100% of the total cost at the point of sale, no discount will be given, and the Plan Participant will be required to submit the prescription receipt to **SmithRx** for reimbursement (less applicable Copayments as shown in the Schedule of Benefits section).

Mandatory Specialty Pharmacy Program

The Specialty Pharmacy Program is a program that has been determined by the administrator of the pharmacy drug Plan to **require reimbursement only through an approved Specialty Pharmacy vendor(s)** for medications determined to be part of the Specialty Pharmacy Program. The pharmacy benefit administrator will review and modify the list of products included in the Specialty Pharmacy Program periodically as new information becomes available.

All specialty medications **must** be filled through the Specialty Pharmacy Program.

Prescriptions under the Specialty Pharmacy Program will be limited to a 30-day fill and will be payable at the Specialty Pharmacy Program Copayment level and will be payable up to the maximum as shown in the Prescription Drug Benefit Schedule.

Note: Some specialty medications may be subject to split-fills at 15 days for up to the first three months. Contact **SmithRx** for more information regarding split-fills.

For more information regarding the Specialty Pharmacy Program, please contact **SmithRx** toll-free at (844) 454-5201 or visit www.mysmithrx.com.

Mail Order Pharmacy

The Mail Order Pharmacy benefit is available for maintenance medications (those that are taken for long periods of time, such as Drugs sometimes prescribed for heart disease, high blood pressure, asthma, etc.). For more information regarding the mail order drug benefit option contact **SmithRx** toll-free at (844) 454-5201.

Retail Pharmacy – Available at any Participating Pharmacy Retail location – available up to a 90-day supply per prescription or

Mail Order Pharmacy – Available through Serve Your Rx – available up to a 90-day supply per prescription

Dispense As Written (DAW) penalty:

If a Plan Participant requests a Brand Name drug instead of a Generic drug (and a Generic drug is available), then the Plan Participant will be responsible for the difference in cost between a Generic drug and applicable Brand Name drug in addition to the applicable Copayment amount as stated above. The difference in cost **will not** apply to the prescription Drug Maximum Out-of-Pocket amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits above.

Covered Prescription Drugs

Note: Some quantity limitations and/or prior approval may apply.

1. All drugs prescribed by a Physician that require a prescription either by federal or state law, excluding any Drugs stated as not covered under this Plan.
2. All compounded prescriptions containing at least one prescription ingredient in a therapeutic quantity. *A prior authorization is required for compounds costing \$100 or greater.*
3. Insulin and other injectable diabetic medications and the following diabetic supplies, when prescribed by a Physician: Omni-Pod insulin pumps, insulin infusion pumps, pump supplies and accessories, lancets, lancet devices, alcohol swabs, blood glucose meters, blood glucose and test strips, blood test strips, and insulin syringes and needles.
4. Topical and oral acne medications, when prescribed by a Physician. A prior authorization is required for
5. Plan Participants ages 40 years and over.
6. Injectables.
7. Certain over the counter (OTC) medications are available when prescribed by a Physician and only when purchased through a Participating Pharmacy. Contact **SmithRx** for more information regarding a list of medications.
8. Certain over the counter (OTC) COVID-19 diagnostic tests authorized by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), as required by federal law.

The following will be covered at 100%, no Copayment required for Generic or Formulary drugs.

Benefits may be subject to prescription Generic or Formulary and/or quantity limitations.

1. Physician-prescribed tobacco/nicotine cessation products. Physician-prescribed tobacco/nicotine replacement products (nicotine patch, gum, lozenges) and Physician-prescribed medications (Zyban, Chantix).
2. Physician-prescribed contraceptive methods (Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved) including but not limited to oral contraceptive medications, transdermals, devices (diaphragms, cervical caps, and intrauterine devices (IUDs)), vaginal contraceptives, implantables, injectables, female condoms, spermicides, and sponges for all female Plan Participants with reproductive capacity. *Refer to the Medical Benefits section of this Plan regarding additional coverage for intrauterine devices (IUDs), implantables, and injectables.*
3. Certain vaccinations/immunizations as recommended by applicable federal law will be covered only when rendered through a Participating Pharmacy. **Note:** Not all Participating Pharmacies may be providing vaccinations/immunizations or may vary in what they offer. It is important to check with the Participating Pharmacy to determine availability, age restrictions, any prescription requirements, or hours of service. Please contact **SmithRx** toll-free at (844) 454-5201 for more information regarding this benefit.
4. Additional Physician-prescribed medications as recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) grades A and B recommendations will be covered at 100%, no prescription Copayment, Coinsurance or Deductible will be required, and will only be available when utilizing a Participating Pharmacy.

Please note, the USPSTF grades A and B recommendations are subject to change as new medications become available and other recommendations may change. Coverage of new recommended medications will be available following the one-year anniversary date of the adoption of the USPSTF grade A and B recommendation.

Refer to the following link for more information regarding USPSTF grade A and B recommendations or contact **SmithRx** toll-free at (844) 454-5201 for more information regarding which medications are available. **Note:** Age and/or quantity limitations may apply:

<http://www.healthcare.gov/center/regulations/prevention.html>.

Limits To This Benefit

This benefit applies only when a Plan Participant incurs a covered prescription Drug charge. The covered Drug charge for any one prescription will be limited to:

1. Refills only up to the number of times specified by a Physician.
2. Refills up to one year from the date of order by a Physician.

Expenses Not Covered

This benefit will not cover a charge for any of the following:

1. **Administration.** Any charge for the administration of a covered prescription Drug.
2. **Appetite suppressants.** A charge for appetite suppressants, dietary supplements, or vitamin supplements, except for prenatal vitamins requiring a prescription or prescription vitamin supplements containing fluoride.
3. **Consumed on premises.** Any Drug or medicine that is consumed or administered at the place where it is dispensed.
4. **Devices.** Devices of any type, even though such devices may require a prescription. These include (but are not limited to) therapeutic devices, artificial appliances, braces, support garments, or any similar device. *These may be considered Covered Charges under the Medical Benefits section of this Plan.*
5. **Drugs used for cosmetic purposes.** Charges for Drugs used for cosmetic purposes, such as anabolic steroids, Retin A or medications for hair growth or removal.
6. **Experimental.** Experimental Drugs and medicines, even though a charge is made to the Plan Participant. This exclusion shall not apply to the extent that charges are for routine patient care associated with an Approved Clinical Trial. (See "Clinical Trials" within the Covered Charges section of this Plan.)
7. **FDA.** Any Drug not approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
8. **Immunization.** Immunization agents or biological sera.
9. **Infertility.** A charge for infertility medication.
10. **Impotence.** A charge for impotence medication.
11. **Inpatient medication.** A Drug or medicine that is to be taken by the Plan Participant, in whole or in part, while Hospital confined. This includes being confined in any institution that has a facility for the dispensing of Drugs and medicines on its premises.
12. **Investigational.** A Drug or medicine labeled: "Caution - limited by federal law to Investigational use."
13. **Medical exclusions.** A charge excluded under Medical Plan Exclusions.
14. **No charge.** A charge for prescription Drugs which may be properly received without charge under local, State, or Federal programs. In addition, discounts, coupons, pharmacy discount programs or similar
15. arrangements provided by Drug manufacturers or pharmacies to assist in purchasing prescription Drugs will not be a covered charge under this Plan.
16. **No prescription.** A Drug or medicine that can legally be bought without a written prescription. This does not apply to injectable insulin or to over-the-counter Drugs that are prescribed by a Physician as required for standard Preventive Care.
17. **Refills.** Any refill that is requested more than one year after the prescription was written or any refill that is more than the number of refills ordered by the Physician.

HOW TO SUBMIT PHARMACY CLAIMS

For prescription claim questions or to obtain a claim form please call:

SmithRx toll-free (844) 454-5201

or access their website at: www.mysmithrx.com.

HIPAA PRIVACY

Commitment to Protecting Health Information

The Plan will comply with the Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information (i.e., the "Privacy Rule") set forth by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS") pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"). Such standards control the dissemination of "protected health information" ("PHI") of Participants. Privacy Standards will be implemented and enforced in the offices of the Employer and Plan Sponsor and any other entity that may assist in the operation of the Plan.

The Plan is required by law to take reasonable steps to ensure the privacy of the Participant's PHI, and inform him/her about:

1. The Plan's disclosures and uses of PHI.
2. The Participant's privacy rights with respect to his or her PHI.
3. The Plan's duties with respect to his or her PHI.
4. The Participant's right to file a complaint with the Plan and with the Secretary of HHS.
5. The person or office to contact for further information about the Plan's privacy practices.

The Plan provides each Participant with a separate Notice of Privacy Practices. This Notice describes how the Plan uses and discloses a Participant's personal health information. It also describes certain rights the Participant has regarding this information. Additional copies of the Plan's Notice of Privacy Practices are available by calling 406-442-9081.

Within this provision capitalized terms may be used, but not otherwise defined. These terms shall have the same meaning as those terms set forth in 45 CFR Sections 160.103 and 164.501. Any HIPAA regulation modifications altering a defined HIPAA term or regulatory citation shall be deemed incorporated into this provision.

Definitions

- **Breach** means an unauthorized acquisition, access, use or disclosure of Protected Health Information ("PHI") or Electronic Protected Health Information ("ePHI") that violates the HIPAA Privacy Rule and that compromises the security or privacy of the information.
- **Protected Health Information ("PHI")** means individually identifiable health information, as defined by HIPAA, that is created or received by the Plan and that relates to the past, present, or future physical or mental health or condition of an individual; the provision of health care to an individual; or the past, present, or future payment for the provision of health care to an individual; and that identifies the individual or for which there is a reasonable basis to believe the information can be used to identify the individual. PHI includes information of persons living or deceased.

How Health Information May Be Used and Disclosed

In general, the Privacy Rules permit the Plan to use and disclose an individual's PHI without individual authorization in the minimum necessary amount only if the use or disclosure is for a Treatment, Payment, or Health Care Operations purpose as defined by HIPAA. For example, the Plan may use or disclose your PHI in the following ways:

1. To help manage the health care treatment you receive: We can use your PHI and share it with professionals who are treating you. **Example:** A doctor sends us information about your diagnosis and treatment plan so we can arrange additional services.
2. To run our organization: We can use and disclose your PHI to run our organization and contact you when necessary. **Example:** We use PHI about you to develop better services for you.
3. To carry out payment of benefits. **Example:** We disclose PHI to other payers to coordinate benefits.

4. To administer the Plan. **Example:** The Plan discloses PHI to the Plan Sponsor to perform administrative functions and make coverage decisions.
5. If the use or disclosure falls within one of the other limited circumstances described in the rules. **Example:** The Plan makes a disclosure which is required by law or for public health activities.

Reproductive Health Information

Pursuant to federal law (29 FR 32976), unless required by law, the Plan will **not** use or disclose PHI which is requested to investigate or impose liability on any person for the mere act of seeking, obtaining, providing, or facilitating reproductive health care, or to identify any person for either purpose.

If the Plan receives a request for PHI which is potentially related to reproductive health care for one of these impermissible purposes, the Plan will not use or disclose PHI without first obtaining a signed attestation from the requesting party that the request is not for an impermissible purpose.

Primary Uses and Disclosures of PHI

1. Treatment, Payment and Health Care Operations: The Plan has the right to use and disclose a Participant's PHI for all activities as included within the definitions of Treatment, Payment, and Health Care Operations and pursuant to the HIPAA Privacy Rule.
2. Business Associates: The Plan contracts with individuals and entities (Business Associates) to perform various functions on its behalf. In performance of these functions or to provide services, Business Associates will receive, create, maintain, use, or disclose PHI, but only after the Plan and the Business Associate agree in writing to contract terms requiring the Business Associate to appropriately safeguard the Participant's information.
3. Other Covered Entities: The Plan may also disclose or share PHI with other insurance carriers (such as Medicare, etc.) in order to coordinate benefits, if a Participant has coverage through another carrier.

Disclosure of PHI to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Purposes

In order that the Plan Sponsor may receive and use PHI for plan administration purposes, the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

1. Not use or further disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by the plan documents or as required by law (as defined in the Privacy Standards).
2. Ensure that any agents, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides PHI received from the Plan, agree to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to the Plan Sponsor with respect to such PHI.
3. Maintain the confidentiality of all PHI, unless an individual gives specific consent or authorization to disclose such data or unless the data is used for health care payment or Plan operations.
4. Receive PHI, in the absence of an individual's express authorization, only to carry out Plan administration functions.
5. Not use or disclose genetic information for underwriting purposes.
6. Report to the Plan any PHI use or disclosure that is inconsistent with the uses or disclosures provided for of which the Plan Sponsor becomes aware.
7. Make available PHI in accordance with section 164.524 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.524).
8. Make available PHI for amendment and incorporate any amendments to PHI in accordance with section 164.526 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.526).
9. Make its internal practices, books and records relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from the Plan available to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS"), or any other officer or Employee of HHS to whom the authority involved has been delegated, for purposes of determining compliance by the Plan with part 164, subpart E, of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.500 et seq).
10. If feasible, return or destroy all PHI received from the Plan that the Plan Sponsor still maintains in any form and retain no copies of such PHI when no longer needed for the purpose for which disclosure was made, except that, if such return or destruction is not feasible, limit further uses and disclosures to those purposes that make the return or destruction of the PHI infeasible.

Required Disclosures of PHI

1. Disclosures to Participants: The Plan is required to disclose to a Participant most of the PHI in a Designated Record Set when the Participant requests access to this information. The Plan will disclose a Participant's PHI to an individual who has been assigned as his or her representative and who has qualified for such designation in accordance with the relevant State law. Before disclosure to an individual qualified as a personal representative, the Plan must be given written supporting documentation establishing the basis of the personal representation.

The Plan may elect not to treat the person as the Participant's personal representative if it has a reasonable belief that the Participant has been, or may be, subjected to domestic violence, abuse, or neglect by such person, it is not in the Participant's best interest to treat the person as his or her personal representative, or treating such person as his or her personal representative could endanger the Participant.

2. Disclosures to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: The Plan is required to disclose the Participant's PHI to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources when the Secretary is investigating or determining the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

Participant's Rights

The Participant has the following rights regarding PHI about him/her:

1. Request Restrictions: The Participant has the right to request additional restrictions on the use or disclosure of PHI for treatment, payment, or health care operations. The Participant may request that the Plan restrict disclosures to family members, relatives, friends or other persons identified by him/her who are involved in his or her care or payment for his or her care. The Plan is not required to agree to these requested restrictions.
2. Right to Receive Confidential Communication: The Participant has the right to request that he or she receive communications regarding PHI in a certain manner or at a certain location. The request must be made in writing and include how the Participant would like to be contacted. The Plan will accommodate all reasonable requests.
3. Right to Receive Notice of Privacy Practices: The Participant is entitled to receive a paper copy of the plan's Notice of Privacy Practices at any time. To obtain a paper copy, contact the Privacy Officer.
4. Accounting of Disclosures: The Participant has the right to request an accounting of disclosures the Plan has made of his or her PHI. The request must be made in writing and does not apply to disclosures for treatment, payment, health care operations, and certain other purposes. The Participant is entitled to such an accounting for the six years prior to his or her request. Except as provided below, for each disclosure, the accounting will include: (a) the date of the disclosure, (b) the name of the entity or person who received the PHI and, if known, the address of such entity or person; (c) a description of the PHI disclosed, (d) a statement of the purpose of the disclosure that reasonably informs the Participant of the basis of the disclosure, and certain other information. If the Participant wishes to make a request, please contact the Privacy Officer.
5. Access: The Participant has the right to request the opportunity to look at or get copies of PHI maintained by the Plan about him/her in certain records maintained by the Plan. If the Participant requests copies, he or she may be charged a fee to cover the costs of copying, mailing, and other supplies. If a Participant wants to inspect or copy PHI, or to have a copy of his or her PHI transmitted directly to another designated person, he or she should contact the Privacy Officer. A request to transmit PHI directly to another designated person must be in writing, signed by the Participant and the recipient must be clearly identified. The Plan must respond to the Participant's request within 30 days (in some cases, the Plan can request a 30 day extension). In very limited circumstances, the Plan may deny the Participant's request. If the Plan denies the request, the Participant may be entitled to a review of that denial.
6. Amendment: The Participant has the right to request that the Plan change or amend his or her PHI. The Plan reserves the right to require this request be in writing. Submit the request to the Privacy

Officer. The Plan may deny the Participant's request in certain cases, including if it is not in writing or if he or she does not provide a reason for the request.

7. Other uses and disclosures not described in this section can only be made with authorization from the Participant. The Participant may revoke this authorization at any time.

Questions or Complaints

If the Participant wants more information about the Plan's privacy practices, has questions or concerns, or believes that the Plan may have violated his or her privacy rights, please contact the Plan using the following information. The Participant may submit a written complaint to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or with the Plan. The Plan will provide the Participant with the address to file his or her complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services upon request.

The Plan will not retaliate against the Participant for filing a complaint with the Plan or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Contact Information

Privacy Officer Contact Information:

Privacy Officer
Montana Credit Union League Group Benefits Trust
101 N. Rodney St.
Helena, MT 59601
Phone: 406-442-9081
Fax: 406-442-9085
Website: www.mcun.coop

HIPAA SECURITY

Disclosure of Electronic Protected Health Information (“Electronic PHI”) to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Functions

STANDARDS FOR SECURITY OF INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE HEALTH INFORMATION (“SECURITY RULE”)

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and other applicable law shall override the following wherever there is a conflict, or a term or terms is/are not hereby defined.

The Security Rule imposes regulations for maintaining the integrity, confidentiality and availability of protected health information that it creates, receives, maintains, or maintains electronically that is kept in electronic format (ePHI) as required under HIPAA.

Definitions

- **Electronic Protected Health Information (ePHI)**, as defined in Section 160.103 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 160.103), means individually identifiable health information transmitted or maintained in any electronic media.
- **Security Incidents**, as defined within Section 164.304 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 164.304), means the attempted or successful unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of information or interference with systems operation in an information system.

Plan Sponsor Obligations

To enable the Plan Sponsor to receive and use Electronic PHI for Plan Administration Functions (as defined in 45 CFR §164.504(a)), the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

1. Implement administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the Electronic PHI that it creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Plan.
2. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in 45 CFR § 164.504(f)(2)(iii), is supported by reasonable and appropriate Security Measures.
3. Ensure that any agent, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides Electronic PHI created, received, maintained, or transmitted on behalf of the Plan, agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate administrative, physical, and technical safeguards to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the Electronic PHI and report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.
4. Report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.
5. Establish safeguards for information, including security systems for data processing and storage.
6. Not use or disclose PHI for employment-related actions and decisions or in connection with any other benefit or Employee benefit plan of the Plan Sponsor, except pursuant to an authorization which meets the requirements of the Privacy Standards.
7. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in section 164.504(f)(2)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(2)(iii)), is established as follows:
 - a. The following Employees, or classes of Employees, or other persons under control of the Plan Sponsor, shall be given access to the PHI to be disclosed:
 - i. Privacy Officer.
 - ii. Director of Employee Benefits.
 - iii. Employee Benefits Department employees.
 - iv. Information Technology Department.
 - b. The access to and use of PHI by the individuals identified above shall be restricted to the plan administration functions that the Plan Sponsor performs for the Plan.

Disclosure of Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor

The Plan may disclose PHI to the Plan Sponsor of the group health plan for purposes of plan administration or pursuant to an authorization request signed by the Participant. The Plan may use or disclose “summary health information” to the Plan Sponsor for obtaining premium bids or modifying, amending, or terminating the group health plan. “Summary health information” may be individually identifiable health information and it summarizes the claims history, claims expenses or the type of claims experienced by individuals in the plan, but it excludes all identifiers that must be removed for the information to be de-identified, except that it may contain geographic information to the extent that it is aggregated by five-digit zip code.

Disclosure of Certain Enrollment Information to the Plan Sponsor

Pursuant to section 164.504(f)(1)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(1)(iii)), the Plan may disclose to the Plan Sponsor information on whether an individual is participating in the Plan or is enrolled in or has un-enrolled from a health insurance issuer or health maintenance organization offered by the Plan to the Plan Sponsor.

Disclosure of PHI to Obtain Stop-loss or Excess Loss Coverage

The Plan Sponsor may hereby authorize and direct the Plan, through the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrator, to disclose PHI to stop-loss carriers, excess loss carriers or managing general underwriters (“MGUs”) for underwriting and other purposes in order to obtain and maintain stop-loss or excess loss coverage related to benefit claims under the Plan. Such disclosures shall be made in accordance with the Privacy Standards.

Resolution of Noncompliance

In the event that any authorized individual of the Employer's workforce uses or discloses Protected Health Information other than as permitted by the Privacy Standards, the incident shall be reported to the Privacy Officer. The Privacy Officer shall take appropriate action, including:

1. Investigation of the incident to determine whether the breach occurred inadvertently, through negligence, or deliberately; whether there is a pattern of breaches; and the degree of harm caused by the breach.
2. Applying appropriate sanctions against the persons causing the breach, which, depending upon the nature of the breach, may include oral or written reprimand, additional training, or termination of employment.
3. Mitigating any harm caused by the breach, to the extent practicable.
4. Documentation of the incident and all actions taken to resolve the issue and mitigate any damages.
5. Training Employees in privacy protection requirements and appoint a Privacy Officer responsible for such protections.
6. Disclosing the Participant's PHI to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources when the Secretary is investigating or determining the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

PARTICIPANT'S RIGHTS

As a Participant in the Plan, the Participant is entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA. ERISA provides that all Participants are entitled to:

Receive Information About the Plan and Benefits

Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls (if any), all documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements (if any), and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements (if any), and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each Participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage

Continue health care coverage for the Employee and eligible Dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the Plan as a result of a Qualifying Event. The Employee or eligible Dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review this Plan Document and the documents governing the Plan on the rules governing the Participant's COBRA Continuation Coverage rights.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for Participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of the Participants and beneficiaries. No one, including the Employer, the union (if any), or any other person, may fire the Employee or otherwise discriminate against the Employee in any way to prevent the Employee from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising the Participant's rights under ERISA.

Enforce the Participant's Rights

If a Participant's claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the Participant has a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules. Under ERISA, there are steps the Participant can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if the Participant requests a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, the Participant may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay the Participant up to \$110 a day until the Participant receives the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If the Participant has a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the Participant may file suit in a State or Federal court. In addition, if the Participant disagrees with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or a Medical Child Support Order, the Participant may file suit in Federal court. If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if the Participant is discriminated against for asserting his or her rights, the Participant may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or the Participant may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who would pay court costs and legal fees. If the Participant is successful, the court may order the person the Participant sued to pay these costs and fees. If the Participant loses, the court may order the Participant to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds the Participant's claim is frivolous.

Assistance with the Participant's Questions

If the Participant has any questions about the Plan, the Participant should contact the Plan Administrator. If the Participant has any questions about this statement or about rights under ERISA, or needs assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, the Participant should contact the nearest Office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in the telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C., 20210. The Participant may also obtain certain publications about his or her rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.